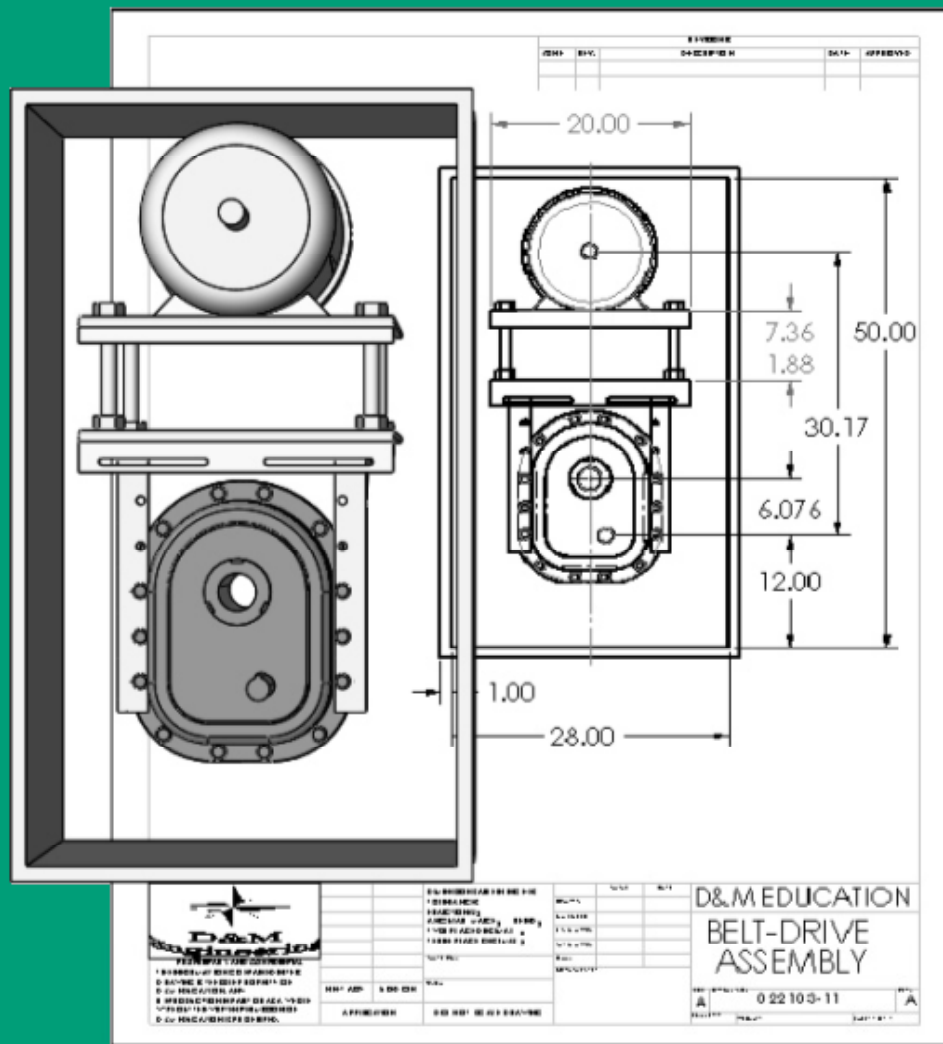


Drawing and Detailing with SolidWorks 2004

Referencing the ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and
Related Documentation Practices

By David C. Planchard and Marie P. Planchard



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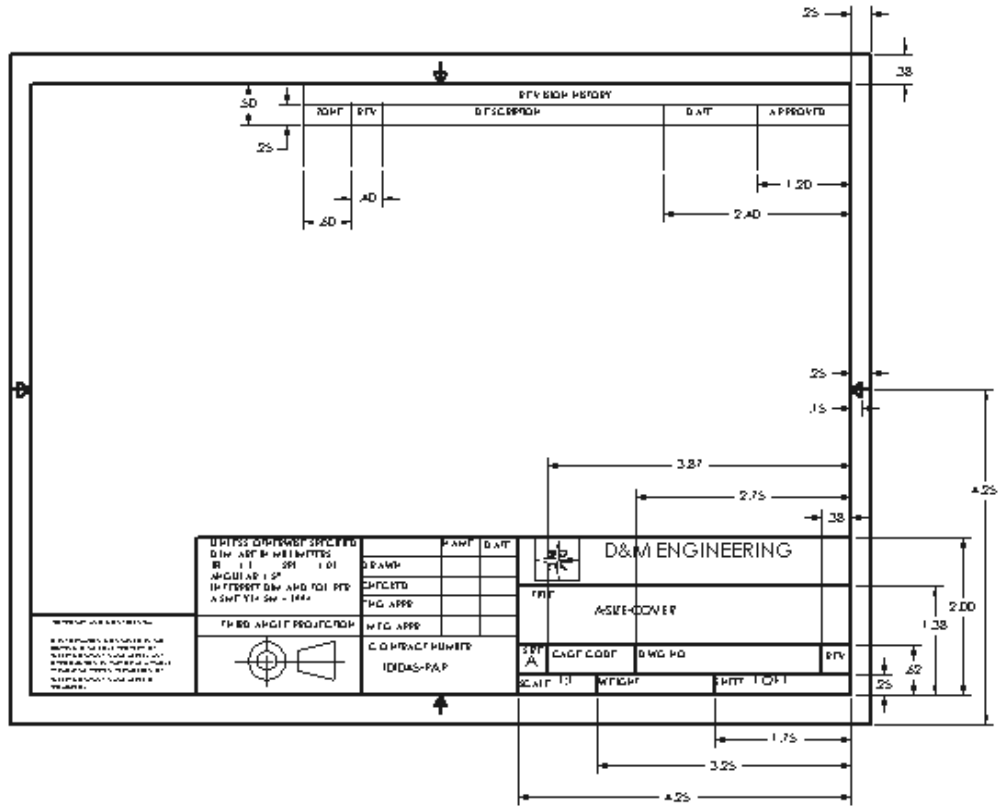
Schroff Development Corporation

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www.schroff-europe.com

Project 1

Drawing Template and Sheet Format



Below are the desired outcomes and usage competencies based on the completion of this Project. Note: The foundation of a SolidWorks drawing is the Drawing Template.

Project Desired Outcomes:	Usage Competencies:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C-Size Drawing Template. • A-Size Drawing Template. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply Document Properties to reflect the ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Drawing Practices. • Understand the System Options and Document Properties that affect the drawing and Drawing Template.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C-Size Sheet Format. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Import an AutoCAD file as a Sheet Format. • Insert SolidWorks System Properties and Custom Properties.

Notes:



Project 1 – Drawing Template and Sheet Format

Project Objective

Develop a C-size Drawing Template and C-size Sheet Format. Create an A-size Drawing Template.

On the completion of this project, you will be able to:

- Utilize the Command Manager, Toolbars, menus and user interface as they relate to the drawings.
- Understand the System Options and Document Properties as they relate to the drawings and templates.
- Modify the File Locations reference for the Templates.
- Comprehend the Document Properties referenced in the Drawing Template.
- Create an empty C-size Drawing Template. Propagate the settings to the drawing sizes.
- Import an AutoCAD drawing as a SolidWorks C-size Sheet Format.
- Combine the empty Drawing Template and Sheet Format to create a C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.
- Develop Linked Notes to SolidWorks Properties and Custom Properties in the Sheet Format.
- Insert an OLE picture file into the Title block as a company logo.
- Create an A-ANSI-MM Drawing Template by combining information from the C-size Template and A-size Sheet Format.

In Project 1, utilize the following SolidWorks tools and commands.

SolidWorks Tools and Commands:				
User Interface: Command Manager Control Area Drawing Toolbar Sketch Toolbar Annotations Toolbar Line Formats Toolbar Main menu Keyboard Shortcuts Online help	Tools, Options System Options: Drawings Display Style Tangent Edge File Locations Sheet Properties: Sheet Name Scale Paper Size	Tools, Options Document Properties: Detailing Grid/Snap Units Line Font Dimensioning Standard Edit Sheet/Edit Sheet Format	Document Properties, Detailing: Dimensions Notes Arrows Virtual Sharps Annotation Display Annotation Font Tables View Labels	Properties: System Properties Custom User defined Linked Notes View Properties DXF/DWG Import OLE Picture File File, Save As, Drawing Template File, Save Sheet Format

Project Overview

Your responsibilities as the designer include developing drawings that adhere to the ASME Y14 American National Standard for Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices.

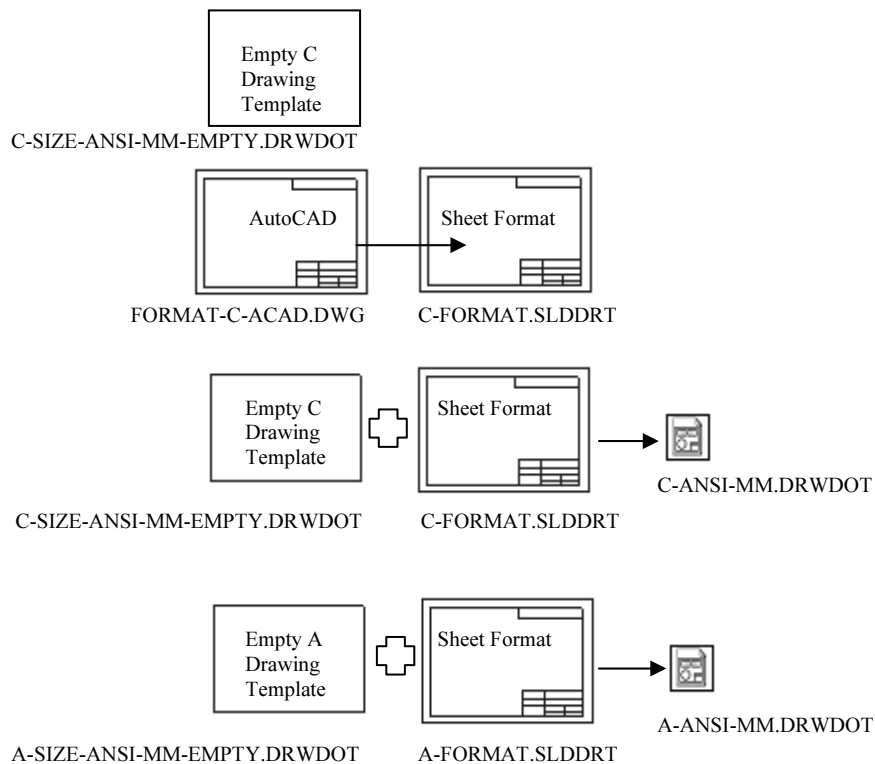
The foundation for a SolidWorks drawing is the Drawing Template. Drawing size, drawing standards, units and other properties are defined in the Drawing Template.

Sheet Formats contain the following: border, title block, revision block, company name, logo, SolidWorks Properties and Custom Properties.

You are under time constraints to complete the project. Conserve drawing time. Create a custom Drawing Template and Sheet Format.

Perform the following tasks in this Project:

- Modify Document Properties and create an empty C-size Drawing Template.
- Import an AutoCAD drawing and save the drawing as a C-size Sheet Format.
- Add System Properties and Custom Properties to the Sheet Format.
- Combine the empty Drawing Template and imported the Sheet Format to create the C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.
- Generate an empty A-size Drawing Template.
- Modify an existing SolidWorks A-size Sheet Format.
- Create an A-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.



Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices

Drawing Templates in this section are based on the American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME Y14 American National Standard for Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices.

These standards represent the drawing practices used by U.S. industry. The ASME Y14 practices supersede the American National Standards Institute ANSI standards.

The ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices are published by The American Society of Mechanical Engineers, New York, NY.

References to the current ASME Y14 standards are used with permission.

ASME Y14 Standard Name:	American National Standard Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation:	Revision of the Standard:
ASME Y14.100M-1998	Engineering Drawing Practices	DOD-STD-100
ASME Y14.1-1995	Decimal Inch Drawing Sheet Size and Format	ANSI Y14.1
ASME Y14.1M-1995	Metric Drawing Sheet Size and Format	ANSI Y14.1M
ASME Y14.24M	Types and Applications of Engineering Drawings	ANSI Y14.24M
ASME Y14.2M(Reaffirmed 1998)	Line Conventions and Lettering	ANSI Y14.2M
ASME Y14.3M-1994	Multiview and Sectional View Drawings	ANSI Y14.3
ASME Y14.41-2003	Digital Product Definition Data Practices	N/A
ASME Y14.5M –1994 (Reaffirmed 1999)	Dimensioning and Tolerancing	ANSI Y14.5-1982 (R1988)

The book presents a portion of the ASME Y14 American National Standard for Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices.

Information presented in Projects 1 - 5 represents sample illustrations of a drawing, view and or dimension type.

The ASME Y14 Standards Committee develops and maintains additional Drawing Standards. Members of these committees are from Industry, Department of Defense and Academia.

Companies create their own drawing standards based on one or more of the following:

- ASME Y14.
- ISO or other International drawing standards.
- Older ANSI standards.
- Military standards.

Note: There is also the “We’ve always done it this way” drawing standard or “Go ask the Drafting Supervisor” drawing standard.

File Management

File management organizes parts, assemblies and drawings. File management is utilized to organize Drawing Templates and Sheet Formats.

Why do you require file management? Answer: Organize documents. A top level assembly necessitates hundreds or even thousands of drawings to document its parts and sub-assemblies. Drawings utilize various Drawing Templates and Sheet Formats.

Parts, assemblies and drawings are distributed between team members to conserve development time. Design changes occur frequently in the development process. How do you manage and control changes? Answer: Through file management. File management is a very important tool in the development process.

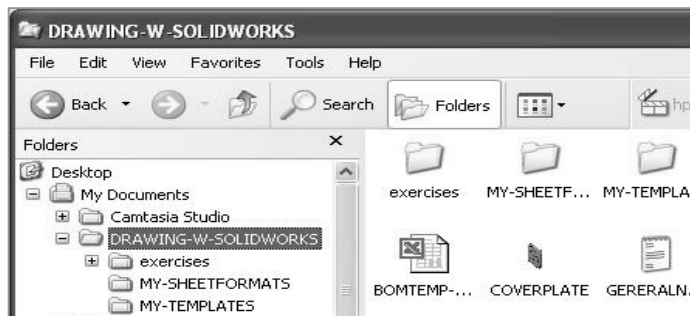
Utilize file folders to organize projects, vendor components, templates and libraries.

The documents required to complete the projects in Drawing and Detailing with SolidWorks 2004 are **only available** Online at www.schroff1.com.

Activity: File Management

Download the 2004drwparts zip folder from www.schroff1.com.

- 1) Enter **www.schroff1.com** from your web browser.
- 2) Click the hypertext: **Drawing and Detailing with SolidWorks 2004**. Follow the instructions on the web page. The zip file, 2004drwparts is downloaded.
- 3) Double-click **2004drwparts.zip** to unzip the file.
- 4) Extract the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS** folder to My Documents.
- 5) Right-click **My Documents\DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS** folder.
- 6) Click **Properties**.
- 7) Uncheck **Read Only**.
- 8) Click **Apply Changes to folders, subfolders and files**.
- 9) Click **OK** two times.



The DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS folder contains multiple folders.

Store project Drawing Templates in the MY-TEMPLATES file folder. Store project Sheet Formats in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder.

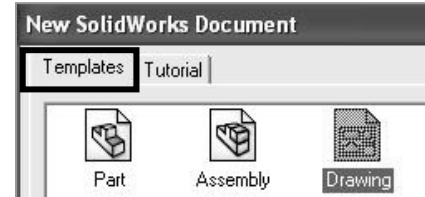
Default Drawing Template, Sheet Format and Sheet Size

The foundation of a SolidWorks drawing is the Drawing Template.

Drawing sheet size, drawing standards, company information, manufacturing and or assembly requirements; units, layers, line styles and other properties are defined in the Drawing Template.

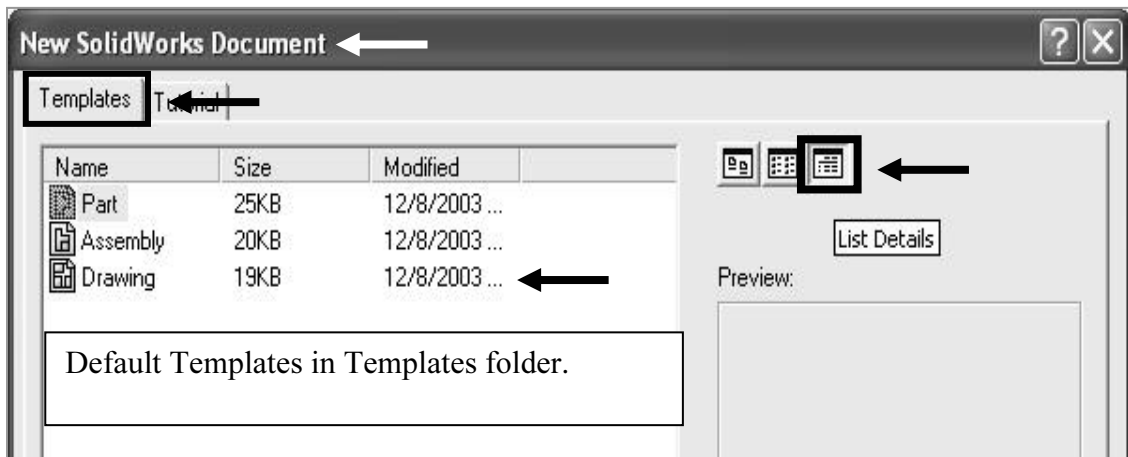
The Sheet Format is incorporated into the Drawing Template. The Sheet Format contains the following; sheet border, title block and revision block information, company name and or logo information, Custom Properties and SolidWorks Properties.

SolidWorks starts with a default Drawing Template, Drawing.drwdot. The default Drawing Template is located in the \SolidWorks\Data\Templates folder. SolidWorks is the name of the installation folder.



New SolidWorks Document

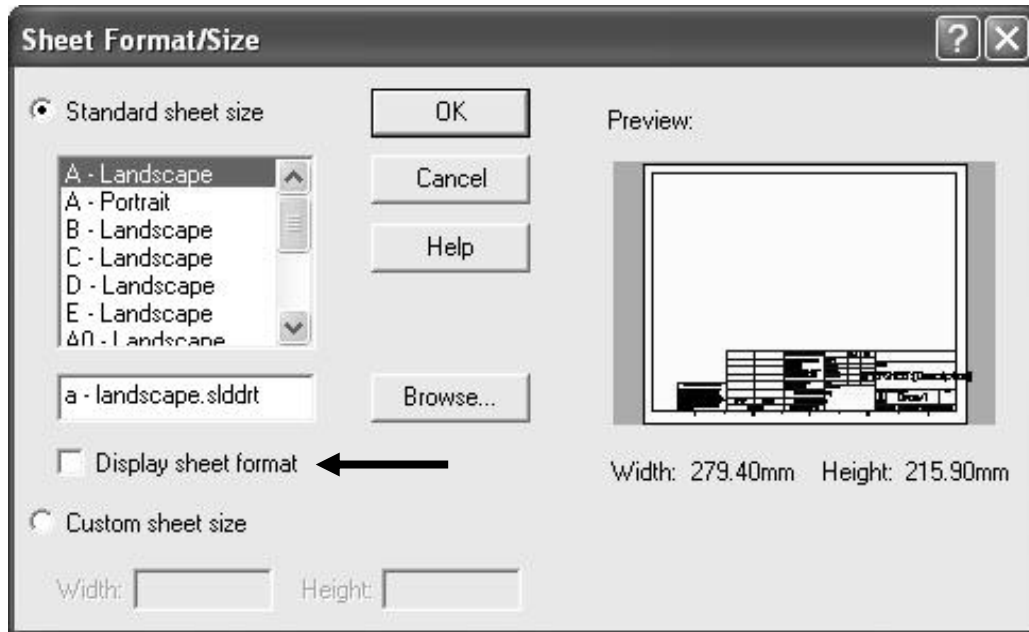
The Templates folder corresponds to the Templates tab displayed in the New SolidWorks Document dialog box. The List Details option displays the full Name, Size and Modified date.



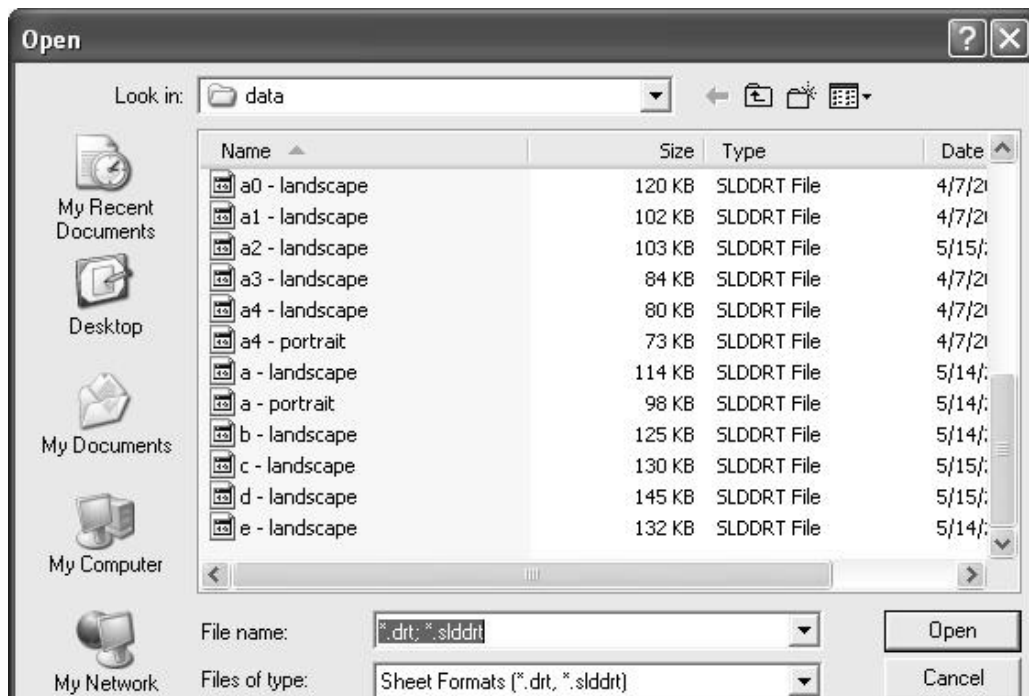
Sheet Format/Size

The Sheet Format/Size dialog box defines the Sheet Format and the paper size. The U.S. default Standard Sheet Format is A-Landscape.slddrt.

The Display sheet format option toggles the sheet format display on/off.



The Standard Sheet Formats are located in the \SolidWorks\Data folder.



ASME Y14.1 Drawing Sheet Size and Format

There are two ASME standards that define sheet size and format. They are: ASME Y14.1-1995 Decimal Inch Drawing Sheet Size and Format and the ASME Y14.1M-1995 Metric Drawing Sheet Size.

Drawing Size refers to the physical paper size used to create the drawing. The most common paper size in the U.S. is the A size: (8.5in. x 11in.).

The most common paper size internationally is the A4 size: (210mm x 297mm).

The ASME Y14.1-1995 and ASME Y14.1M-1995 standards contain both a horizontal and vertical format for A and A4 size respectively.

The corresponding SolidWorks format is Landscape for horizontal and Portrait for vertical.

SolidWorks predefines U.S. drawing sizes A through E.

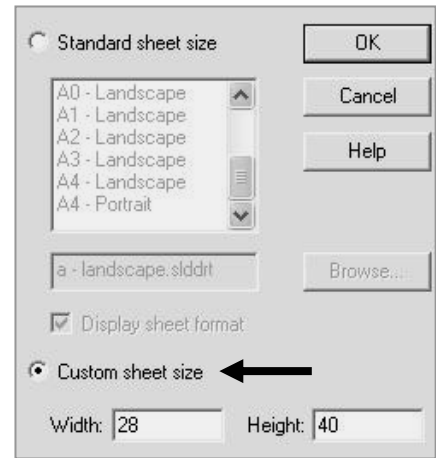
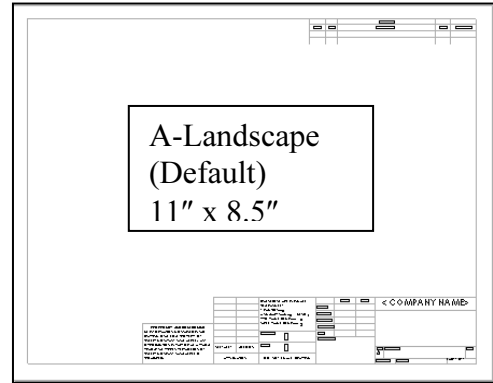
Drawing sizes F, G, H, J & K utilize the Custom sheet size option. Enter values for Width and Height.

SolidWorks predefines metric drawing sizes A4 through A0.

Metric roll paper sizes utilize the Custom sheet size option.

The ASME Y14.1-1995 Inch Drawing and Decimal ASME Y14.1M-1995 Metric Sheet Size standard are as follows:

Drawing Size: "Physical Paper"	Size in inches:		Drawing Size: "Physical Paper"	Size in Millimeters:	
	Vertical	Horizontal		Vertical	Horizontal
A horizontal (landscape)	8.5	11.0	A0	841	1189
A vertical (portrait)	11.0	8.5	A1	594	841
B	11.0	17.0	A2	420	594
C	17.0	22.0	A3	297	420
D	22.0	34.0	A4 horizontal (landscape)	210	297
E	34.0	44.0	A4 vertical (portrait)	297	210
F	28	40			
G, H, J and K apply to roll sizes, User Defined					



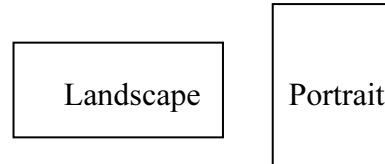
Caution should be used when sending electronic drawings between U.S. and international colleagues. Drawing paper sizes will vary.

Example: An A-size (11in. x 8.5in.) drawing (280mm x 216mm) does not fit a A4 metric drawing (297mm x 210mm). Use a larger paper size or scale the drawing using the printer setup options.

Start a new session of SolidWorks. Create a new drawing with the default Drawing Template. Utilize C paper size with no sheet format displayed.

The sheet border defines the C drawing size: 22in. x 17in, (558.80mm x 431.80mm). A new Graphics window displays the C-Landscape Drawing, named Draw1.

Landscape indicates that the larger dimension is along the horizontal. A-Portrait and A4-Portrait indicates that the larger dimension is along the vertical.




Activity: Default Drawing Template

Start a SolidWorks session.

- 10) Click **Start** .
- 11) Click **Programs**.
- 12) Click the **SolidWorks**  folder.
- 13) Click the **SolidWorks**  application.

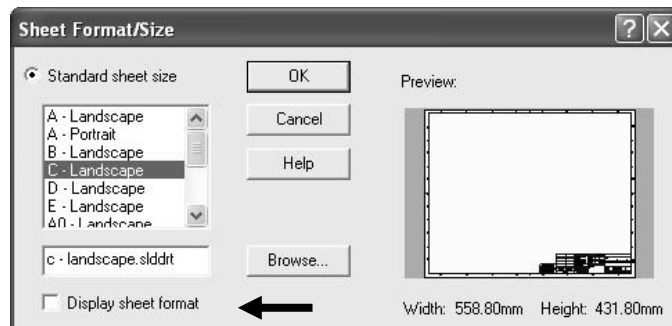
Select the Default Drawing Template.

- 14) Click **New** . Double-click the **Drawing** icon.




Select an empty C-Landscape sheet size.

- 15) Select **C-Landscape** from the Standard sheet size drop down list.
- 16) Uncheck **Display sheet format**.
- 17) Click **OK**.



Exit the Model View.

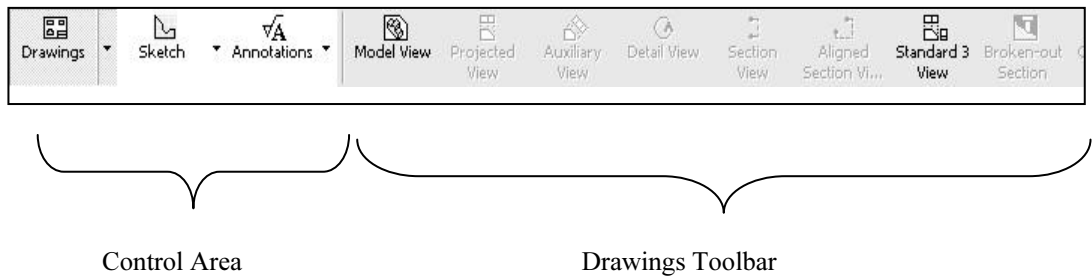
- 18) Click **Cancel**  from the ModelView PropertyManager.

User Interface

The User Interface combines the CommandManager, toolbars, menu options, commands, Online help, cursor feedback and keyboard shortcuts. Review the default options in the CommandManager.

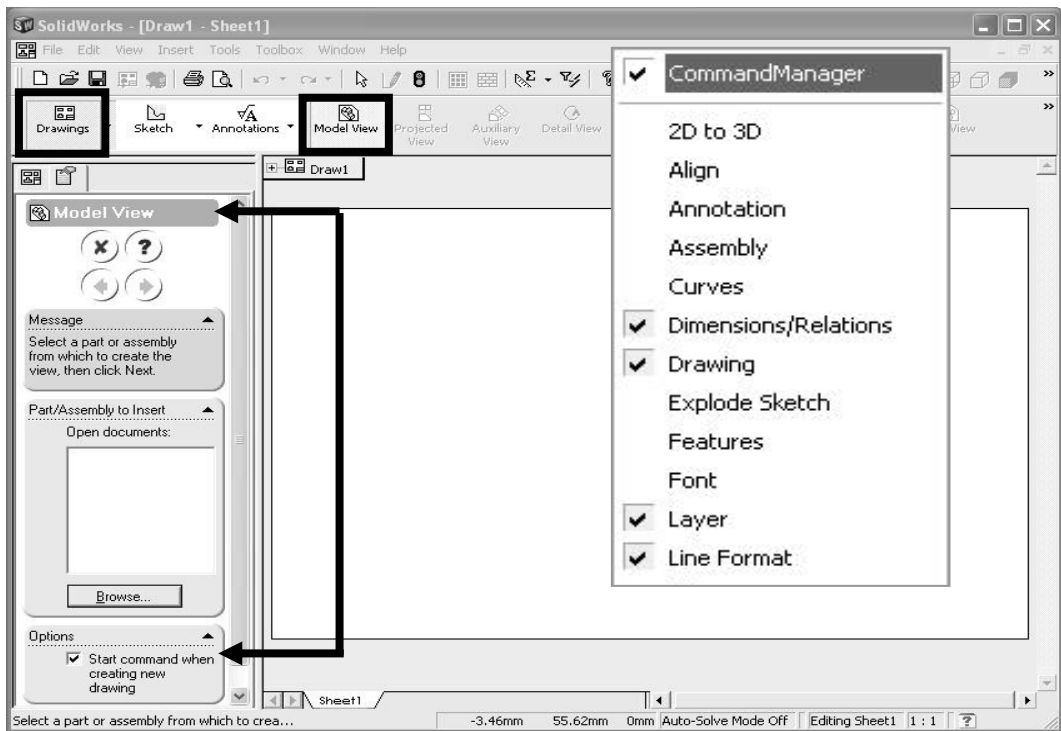
CommandManager and Control Area

The Control Area of the CommandManager displays the Drawings, Sketch and Annotations toolbars. The Drawings toolbar is enabled by default.



The Model View PropertyManager is displayed when the Start command when creating new drawing option is checked.

Note: If the CommandManager is not displayed, right-click in the gray area of the Main menu and check the CommandManager option.



Activity: CommandManager and Control Area

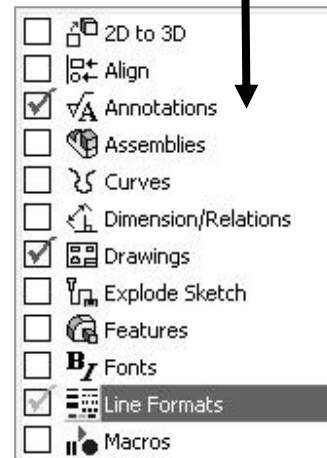
Review the CommandManager options.

- 19) Right-click in the **Control Area** of the CommandManager.
- 20) Check **Show Description** to display tool tips.
- 21) Click **Customize CommandManager**.
- 22) Check **Line Formats**.
- 23) Click a **position** in the Graphics window to close the Customize CommandManager list.



Review the Line Formats toolbar.

- 24) Click **Line Formats**  from the Control Area. The Line Formats toolbar displays on the right side of the Control Area.



Line Formats Toolbar

The Line Formats toolbar controls the following: Layer Properties, Line Color, Line Thickness and Style. Utilize the Line Formats toolbar when creating the Drawing Template.


Select the tools and menu options that are displayed in bold icons and black text.

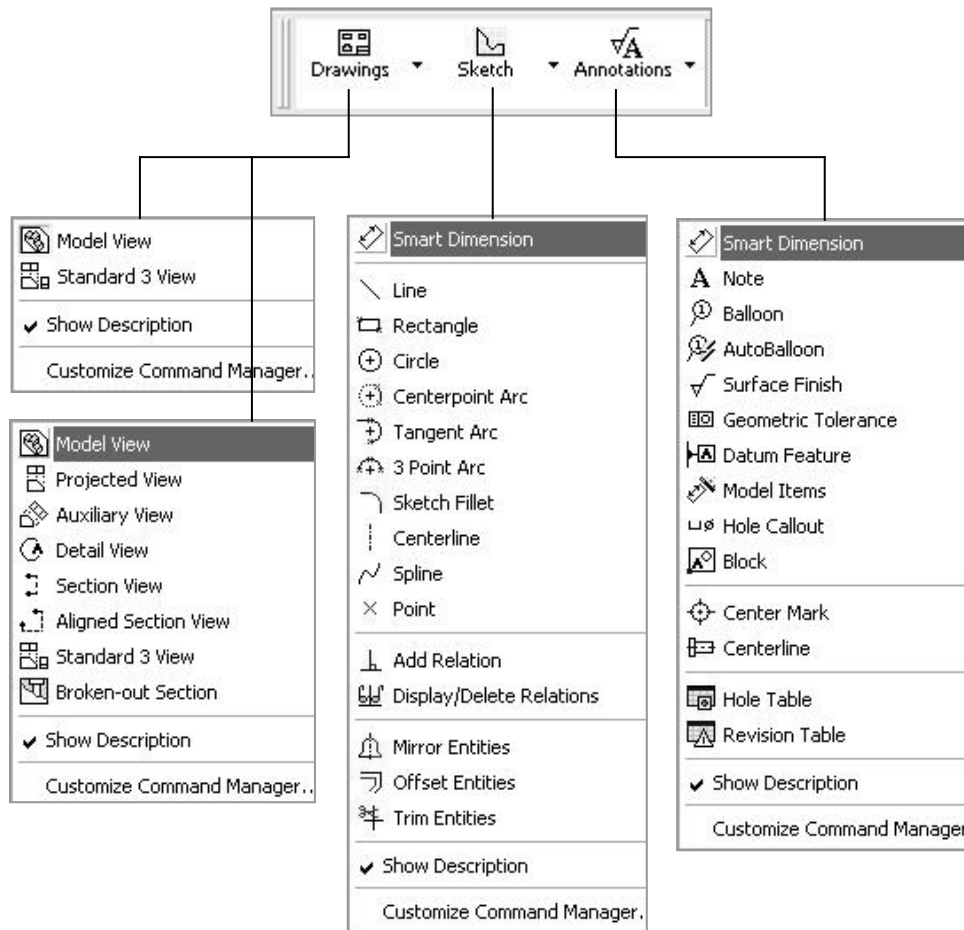
The Tools and menu options that are displayed in gray are called grayed-out. The gray icon or text cannot be selected. Additional information is required for these options.

Drawings, Sketch and Annotations

The three default options in the Control Area are: Drawings, Sketch and Annotations.


The Drawings toolbar displays view tools. The Sketch toolbar contains sketch entities and sketch tools. The Annotations toolbar contains: Notes, Model Items, Hole Callouts, Balloons and other annotations.

The small black arrow  indicates additional options are available. The Drawings options depend on the views displayed in the drawing sheet.

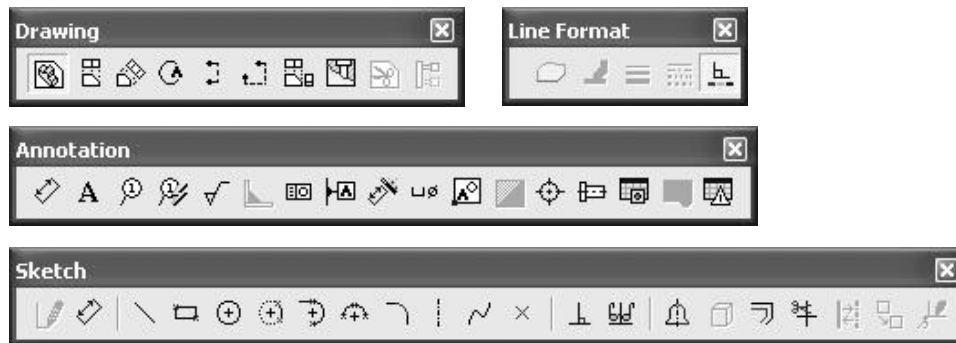



Individual Toolbars

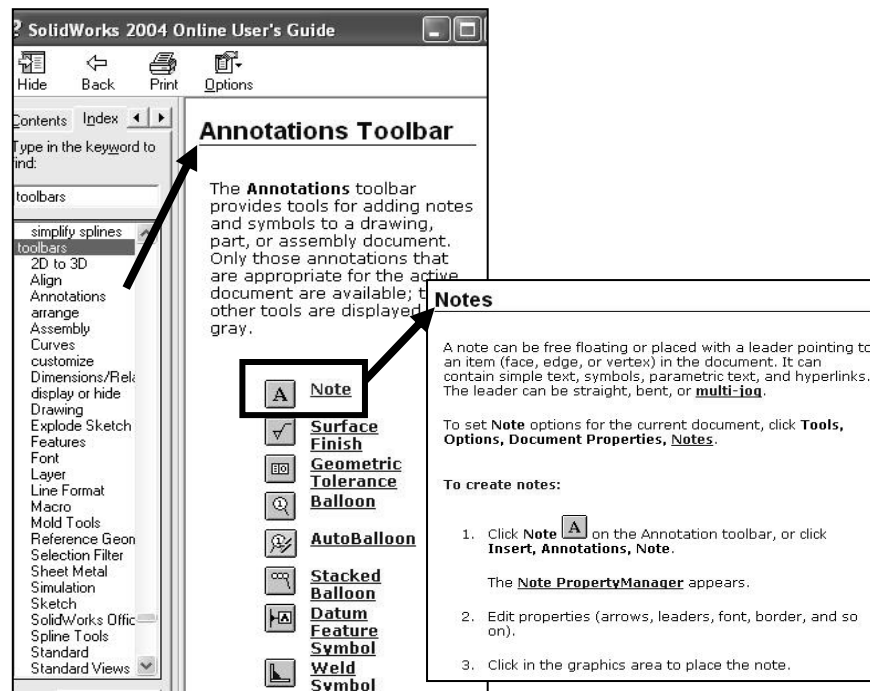
Display Toolbars with the CommandManager. Toolbars can also be displayed by selecting View, Toolbars and checking the individual toolbar.

 Display Toolbars quickly. Right-click in the gray area of the Main menu and check individual toolbars.

Drag the top blue heading toolbar name to the left, right, bottom or top sides of the Graphics window to reposition toolbars.

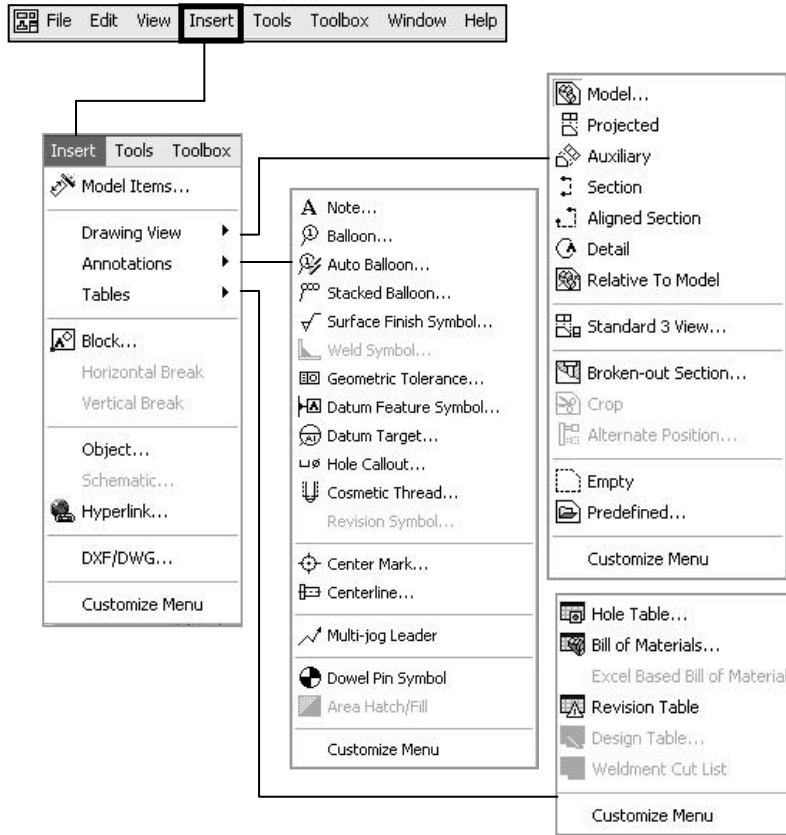


 For additional information on each icon in a toolbar, enter Toolbars for the keyword in the Online User's Guide Index. Select the individual toolbar. Select each icon to display the function and options.



Main Menu

Access commands through the Main menu. The small black arrow indicates additional information is available.



SolidWorks Online User's Guide – Online Help

The SolidWorks Online User's Guide is divided into multiple sections. Utilize the Drawings and Detailing section in the Help, SolidWorks Help Topics, Contents.

The Additional information icon indicates that On-line help is available.



Additional User Interface Options

The right mouse button displays additional options and commands in the Graphics window.

The CommandManager, Toolbars, Pull-down menus, pop-up menus and keyboard commands are customizable.

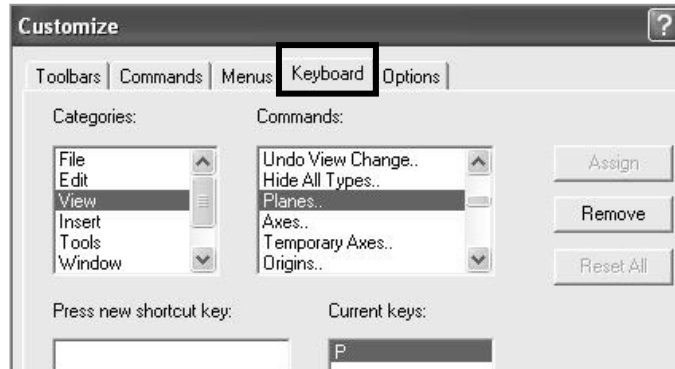
Keyboard Shortcuts

Customize the keyboard to create Shortcut Keys for the Planes, Temporary Axis and Origins. Shortcut Keys conserve design time.

Activity: Keyboard Shortcuts

Customize the keyboard.

- 25) Click **Tools, Customize**.
- 26) Click the **Keyboard** tab.
- 27) Select **View** for Categories.
- 28) Select **Planes** for Commands.
- 29) Click a **position** inside the Press new shortcut key box.
- 30) Enter **P** for new shortcut key.
- 31) Click **Assign**.
- 32) Click **OK**.



The Shortcut Key, P is displayed next to the Planes option in the View menu. Create Short Cut Keys for Temporary Axes and the Origins as an exercise. The T and O Short Cut keys are utilized throughout the text.



Cursor Feedback

The cursor has an important role in the SolidWorks User Interface. The cursor provides feedback for the Sheet and View entities.



The cursor feedback displays the Sheet **Sheet1** icon and lists the Sheet Name when the mouse pointer is located inside the sheet boundary.

The right mouse button displays command options based on the selected entity in the Graphics window.

**More Information**

Additional details on Drawing Templates, Sheet Formats and the Drawing User Interface are available in Online help.

Keywords: Filename extensions (sheet formats), files(locations), files (new), new(drawing document), sheet formats, sheet properties, paper(size), CommandManager, Drawings, Toolbars (drawings, sketch, annotations, line formats) and keyboard (shortcuts).

Utilize the Appendix to review cursor feedback symbols in the drawing sheet and view.

**Review**

The project you are working on will produce hundreds of drawings. You are required to create Drawing Templates and Sheet Formats.

File management organizes SolidWorks documents into folders. Drawing Templates were stored in the MY-TEMPLATES folder. Sheet Formats were stored in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder.

You reviewed the options for the Sheet format/size dialog box for the default Drawing Template. You created a new drawing with no Sheet Format. The empty drawing will become your Drawing Template.

The CommandManager, toolbars, menus and keyboard shortcuts are part of the SolidWorks User Interface. You reviewed the tools in the Drawings, Sketch, Annotations and Line Formats toolbars.

Sheet Properties

Sheet Properties display properties of the selected sheet. Sheet Properties define the following: Name of the Sheet, Sheet Scale, Type of Projection (First angle or Third angle), Sheet Format, Sheet Size, View label and Datum label.

The Sheet Format and Sheet Size are set in the default Drawing Template. Review the Sheet Properties. The Standard sheet size option is grayed out.

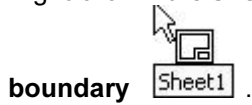
The Sheet Format file extension is .drt. The Sheet Format option is grayed out.

The C Paper size, width and height dimensions are listed under the Custom sheet size option.

Activity: Sheet Properties

Display the Sheet Properties.

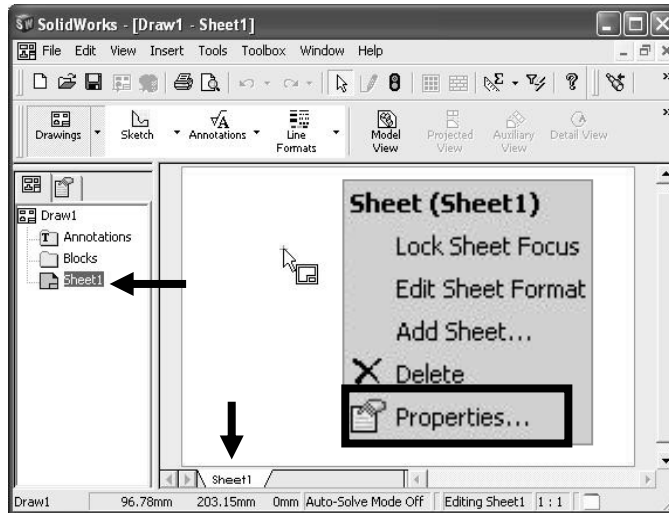
33) Right-click in the sheet



34) Click **Properties**. The Sheet Setup Properties are displayed.

Review the Sheet Properties.

35) Click **OK**.



The Sheet Name is Sheet1. The FeatureManager and Sheet tab display the Sheet Name.

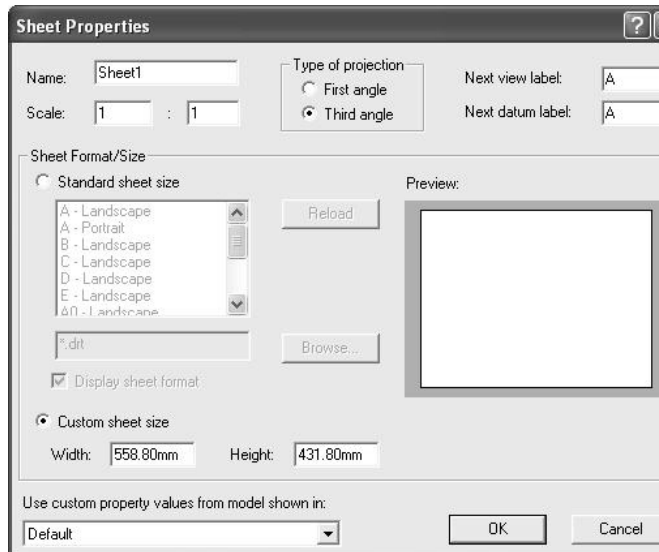
The Sheet Scale is 1:1.

The Sheet Format box displays *.drt.

The Preview box contains no Sheet Format.

Custom sheet size is 22in x 17in (558.80mm x 431.80mm).

Third Angle and First Angle projection schemes are developed in Project 2. Third Angle projection is primarily used in the United States.



System Options

System Options are stored in the registry of the computer. System Options are not part of the document. Changes to the System Options affect all current and future documents.

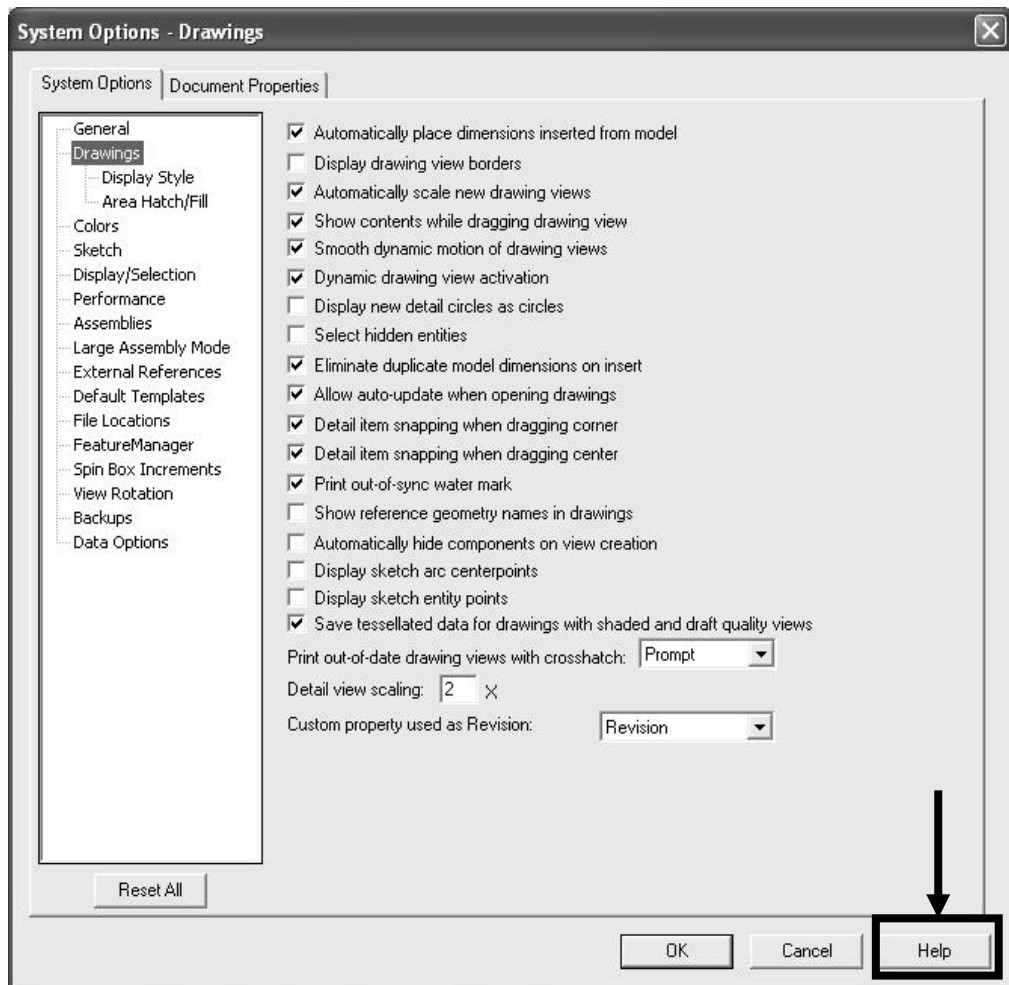
There are hundreds of Systems Options. Review a few of the options in this exercise. Check the option to activate. Uncheck the option to deactivate.

Utilize Online help to review other System Options.

Activity: System Options

Set System Options.

36) Click **Tools, Options, System Options, Drawings**.

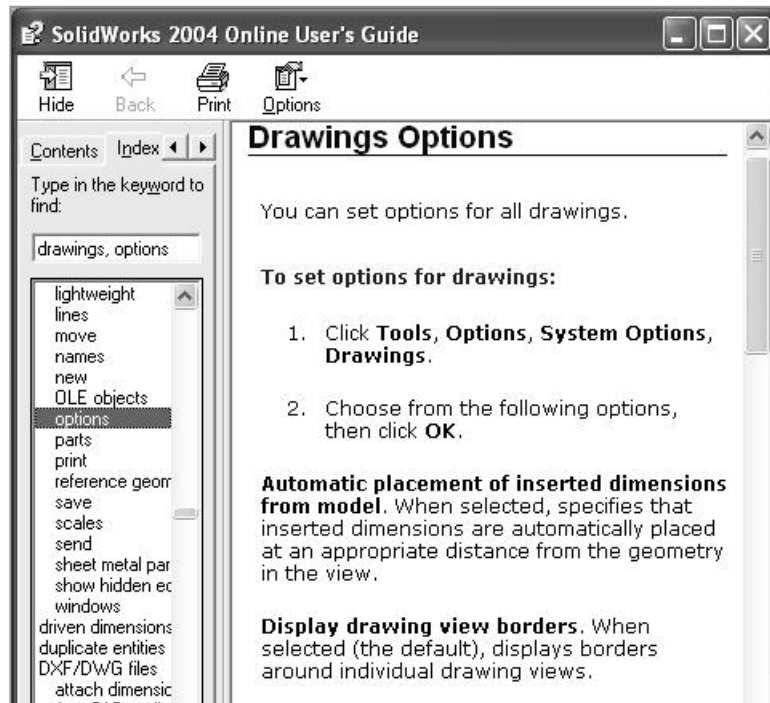


Display Online help.



37) Click the **Help** button from the System Options-Drawings dialog box.

Review each Drawing option.



- 38)** Drag the **Scroll bar** downward.
- 39)** **Minimize** the Help window.



Help is accessible through the following:

- Help  button.
- F1 key.
- Main menu.
-  icon.

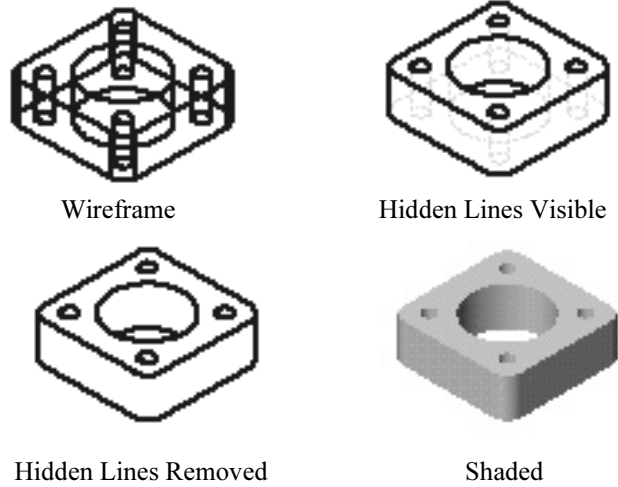


The quickest way to access Online help is to use the Help button  from a dialog box or  from the PropertyManager. You do not have to spell or search for the topic when using these icons.

Drawings, Display Style

Control the model display. SolidWorks has two Systems Options that control display. They are:

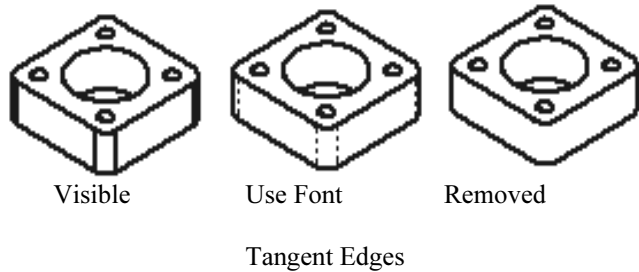
1. Display Style.
2. Tangent edge.



Review the Display Style options for a new drawing.

Review the Tangent edge options for a new view.

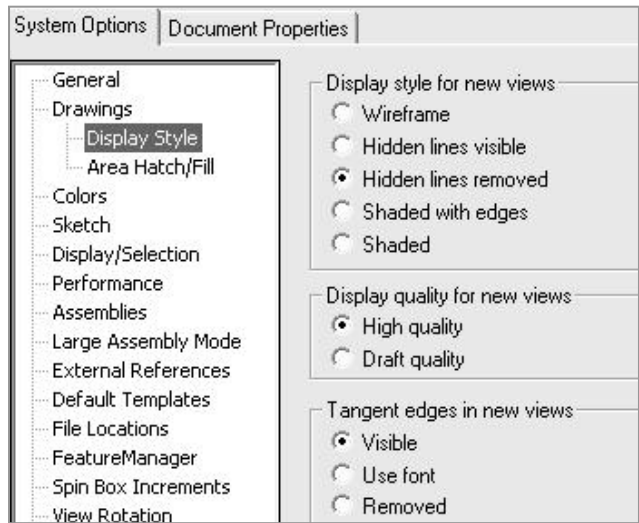
Control the options through the default settings or the individual drawing view.



Activity: Display Style

Set the Default Display Style.

- 40)** Click **Display Style** below the Drawings text.
- 41)** Click **Hidden lines removed** for the Display style for the new views option.
- 42)** Click **Visible** for the Default Tangent edges in the new views option.



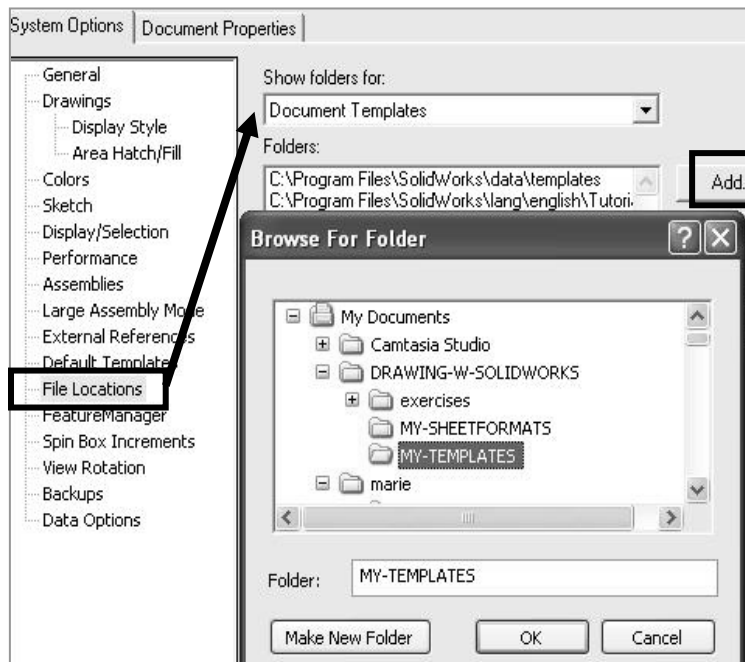
File Locations

System Options, File Locations and the Document Templates option determines the path to locate a custom Drawing Templates. Add the MY-TEMPLATES folder to the File Locations. The folder listed in the Document Templates option determines the tabs displayed in the New SolidWorks Document dialog box.

Activity: File Locations

Set File Locations for Drawing Templates.

- 43) Click **File Locations** from the System Options tab.
- 44) Select **Document Templates** from the Show Folders for Drop down list.
- 45) Click the **Add** button.
- 46) Click **Browse**.
- 47) Select the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS\MY-TEMPLATES** folder.
- 48) Click **OK** two times.

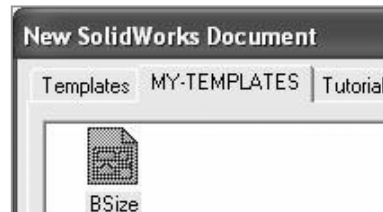


Note: The MY-TEMPLATES tab appears in the New SolidWorks Drawing dialog box.

The MY-TEMPLATES tab is not displayed if the folder is empty.

The System Option, File Locations list determines the order of the tabs.

Save the Drawing Templates to the MY-TEMPLATES folder.



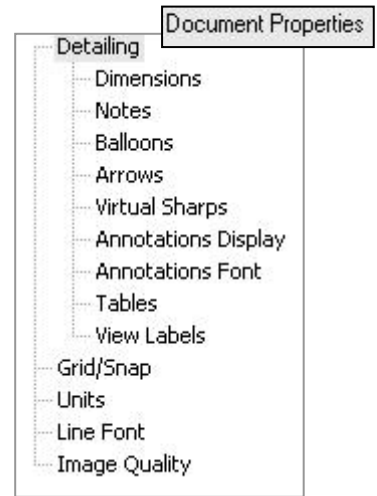
Document Properties

Document Properties apply to the current document. Set the following: Detailing options, Grid/Snap, Units, Line Fonts and Image Quality in Document Properties.

When the current document is saved as a template, the current parameters are stored with the template.

New documents that utilize the same template contain the stored parameters.

Conserve drawing time. Set the Document Properties in the Drawing Template.



Document Properties options contain hundreds of parameters. Examples are addressed in this section. Explore other parameters through Online help.

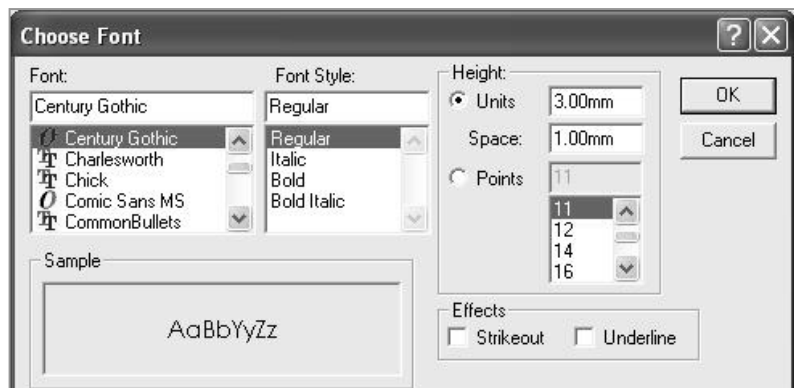
There are numerous text styles and sizes available in SolidWorks. Companies develop drawing format standards and use specific text height for Metric and English drawings.

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard lists the following: lettering, arrowhead, line conventions and lettering conventions for engineering drawings and related documentation practices.

Font

Century Gothic is the default SolidWorks font.

Create an assessment page to test that your Printer/Plotter drivers support the default SolidWorks font.



Minimum Drawing Letter Height based on ASME Y14.2.				
Annotation	Inch drawing sizes: A, B, C Metric drawing sizes: A2, A3, A4		Inch drawing sizes: D, E Metric drawing sizes: A0, A1	
	Inch	Millimeter	Inch	Millimeter
Drawing Title, Drawing Size, Cage Code, Drawing Number and Revision letter positioned inside the Title block.	.12in	3mm	.24in	6mm
Section views, Zone letter and numerals.	.24in	6mm	.24in	6mm
Drawing block headings in Title block.	.10in	2.5mm	.10mm	2.5mm
All other characters inside the Sheet boundary. Corresponds to the SW Dimension and Note font.	.12in.	3mm	.12in	3mm.

Arrowheads

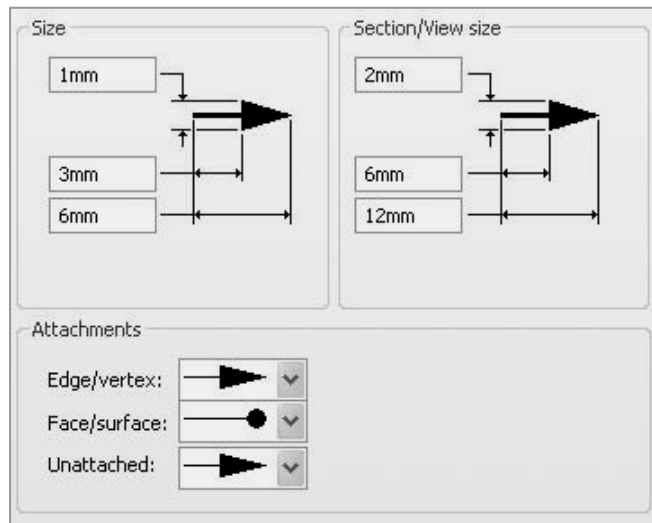
Control arrowheads through the Detailing Documents Properties. Utilize a solid filled arrowhead with a 3:1 ratio.

The arrowhead width is proportionate to the line thickness. The Dimension line thickness is 0.3mm.

The Dimension arrow is based on the Dimension line.

SolidWorks defines arrow size with three options:

- Height.
- Width.
- Length.



Height corresponds to the arrow width. Width corresponds to the arrow tail length. Length corresponds to the distance from the tip of the arrow to the end of the tail.

The Section line thickness is 0.6mm. The Section arrow is based on the Section line. The Section arrow length is 6mm. The Section arrow width is 2mm.

Line Widths

The ASME Y14.2M-1992 (R1998) standard recommends two line widths with a 2:1 ratio. The minimum width of a thin line is 0.3mm. The minimum width of a thick, “normal” line is 0.6mm.

Note: A single width line is acceptable on CAD drawings. Two line widths are used in this Project: Thin: 0.3mm and Normal: 0.6mm.

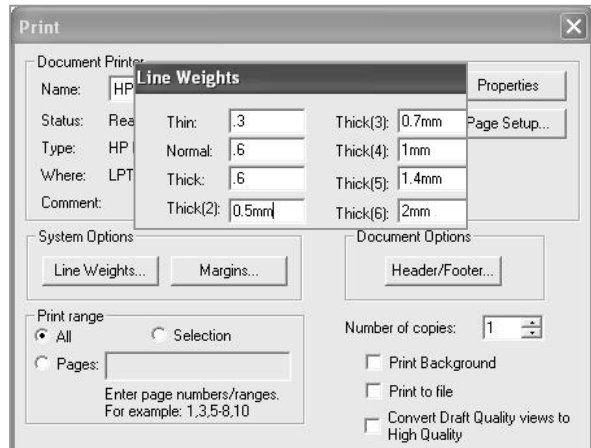
Apply Line Styles in the Line Font Document Properties. Line Font determines the appearance of a line in the Graphics window. SolidWorks styles utilized in this Project are as follows:

SolidWorks Line Style:	Thin: (0.3mm)	Normal: (0.6mm)
Solid		
Dashed		
Phantom		
Chain		
Center		
Stitch		
Thin/Thick Chain		

Various printers/plotters provide variable Line Weight settings.

Example: Thin (0.3mm), Normal (0.6mm) and Thick (0.6mm).

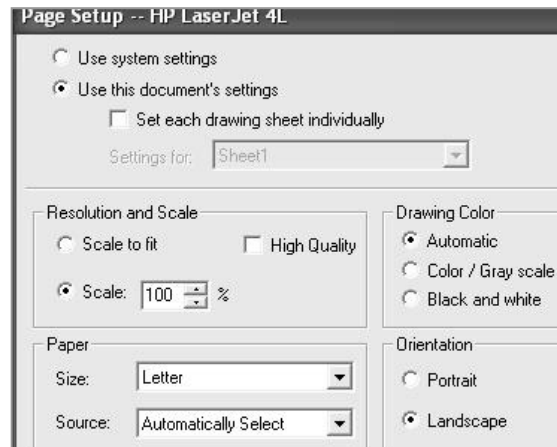
Refer to the printer/plotter owner’s manual for Line weight setting.



Scale large drawing sheets with the Resolution and Scale option located in the File, Page Setup menu.






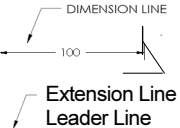

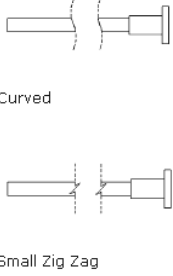



Use the Scale to fit option to resize the drawing sheet to the physical paper size.

Use Scale to resize the drawing sheet by a percentage to the physical paper size.



Line Font

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard addresses the type and style of lines used in engineering drawings. Combine different Line Styles and use drawing layers to achieve the following types of ASME lines:

ASME Y14.2-1992(R1998) TYPE of LINE & example:	SolidWorks Line Font Type of Edge:	Style:	Thickness:
Visible line displays the visible edges or contours of a part.	Visible Edge 	Solid	Thick "Normal"
Hidden line displays the hidden edges or contours of a part.	Hidden Edge 	Dashed	Thin
Section lining displays the cut surface of a part assembly in a section view.	Crosshatch 	Solid	Thin Different Hatch patterns relate to different materials
Center line displays the axes of center planes of symmetrical parts/features.	Construction Curves 	Center	Thin
Symmetry line displays an axis of symmetry for a partial view.			Sketch Thin Center Line and Thick Visible lines on drawing layer.
Dimension lines/Extension lines/Leader lines combine to dimension drawings.	Dimensions 	Solid	Thin
Cutting plane line or Viewing plane line display the location of a cutting plane for sectional views and the viewing position for removed views.	Section Line View Arrows 	Phantom Solid	Thick Thick, "Normal"
Break line displays an incomplete view. Short Breaks Long Breaks			Broken view Use Curved for Short Breaks Use Small Zig Zag for Long Breaks
Phantom line displays alternative position of moving parts.			Sketch Thin Phantom Line on drawing layer
Stitch line displays a sewing or stitching process.			Sketch Thin Stitch Line on drawing layer
Chain line displays a surface that requires more consideration or the location of a projected tolerance zone.			Sketch Thick Chain Line on drawing layer

The following line types are not pre-defined in SolidWorks:

- Symmetry line.
- Phantom line.
- Stitch line.
- Chain line.

Define these line types on a separate drawing layer.

Document Properties, Detailing

Control Detailing options through Document Properties.

The Dimensioning standard determines the display on the drawing.

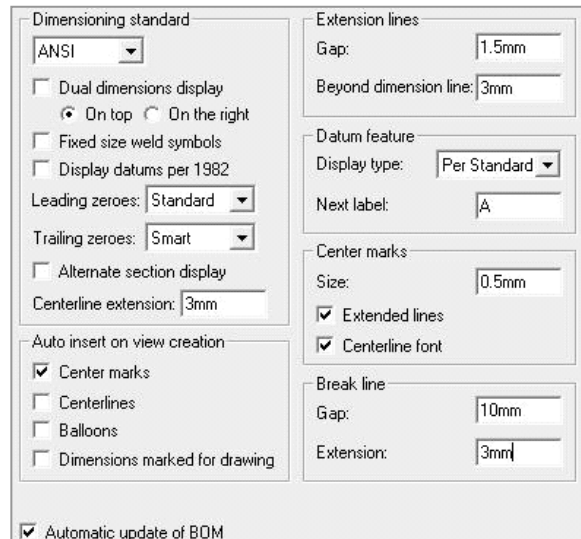
Millimeter dimensioning and decimal inch dimensioning are the two key types of units specified on engineering drawings.

There are other dimension types specified for commercial commodities such as pipe sizes and lumber sizes.

Develop separate drawing templates for decimal inch units.

ASME Y14.2-1992(R1998) and the ASME Y14.2M Line Conventions and Lettering standard define text height, arrows and line styles for inch and metric values.

Review the Detailing Document Properties options function before entering their values.



Dimensioning Standard

The Dimensioning standard options are: ANSI, ISO, DIN, JIS, BSI, GOST and GB.

Dimensioning standard options	Abbreviation	Description
	ANSI	American National Standards Institute.
	ISO	International Standards Organization
	DIN	Deutsche Institute für Normung (German)
	JIS	Japanese Industry Standard
	BSI	British Standards Institution
	GOST	Gosndarstuennye State Standard (Russian)
	GB	Guo Biao (Chinese)

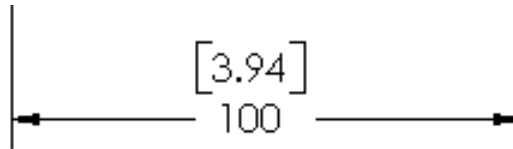
Dual dimensions display option

The Dual dimensions display check box shows dimensions in two types of units on the drawing.

Select Dual dimensions display. Select the On top option.

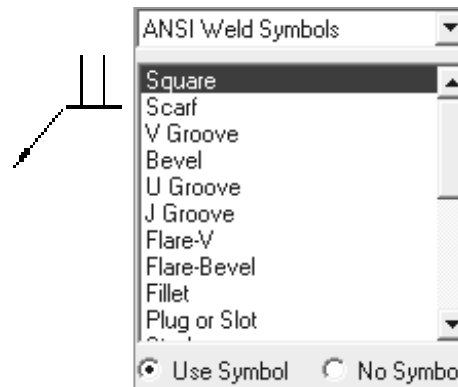
The primary units display is 100mm.

The secondary units display is [3.94]in.



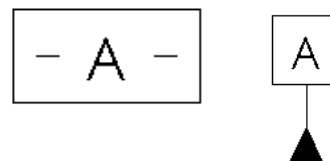
Fixed size weld symbols option

The Fixed size weld symbols checkbox displays the size of the weld symbol. Scale the symbols according to the dimension font size.



Display datums per 1982 option

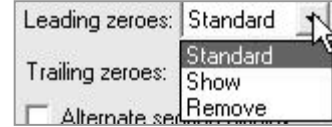
The Display datums per 1982 checkbox displays the ANSI Y14.5M-1982 datums. Use the ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) datums in this text.



Leading Zeroes and Trailing Zeroes option

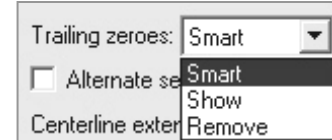
The Leading zeroes list box contains three options:

- Standard.
- Show.
- Remove.



The Trailing zeroes list box contains three options:

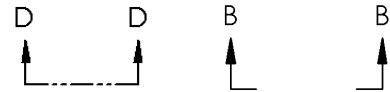
- Smart.
- Show.
- Remove.



The default Smart option removes trailing zeroes based on the ASME Y14 rules for trailing zeroes for dimension values.

Alternative Section Display option

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard supports two display styles. The default section line displays a continuous Phantom line type (D-D).



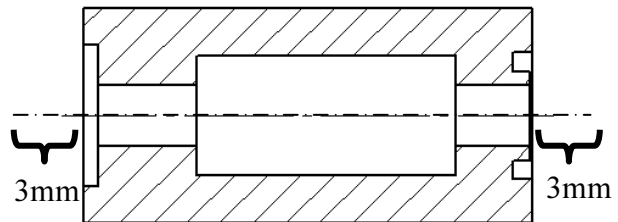
Check the Alternate section display checkbox to allow for a gap in the section line (B-B).

Centerline Extension and Center marks option

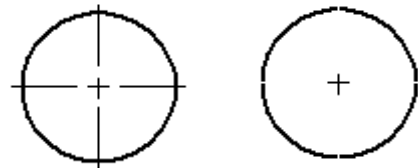
The Centerline extension value controls the extension length beyond the section geometry.

Set the extension length to 3mm.

Center marks specify the default center mark size used with arcs and circles. Center marks are displayed with or without Center mark lines.



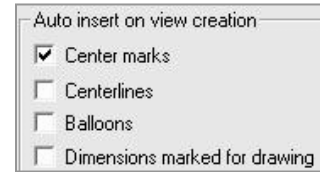
The center mark lines extend pass the circumference of the selected circle. Set the default Center mark size to 0.5mm. Select the Center mark size based on the drawing size and scale.



Auto insert on view creation option

Auto insert on view creation locates Center marks on the appropriate entities when a new view is inserted into a drawing.

By default Centerlines, Balloons and Dimensions marked for drawing options are not checked.

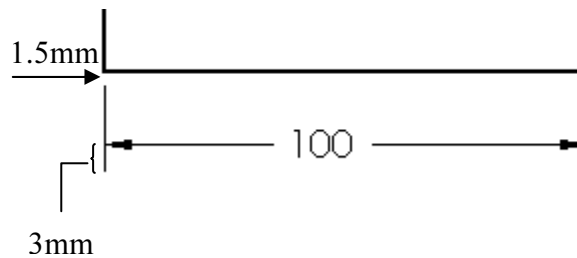


Extension lines option

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) and ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) standard defines extension line length and gap.

A visible gap exists between the extension line and the visible line.

The extension line extends 3mm past the dimension line.



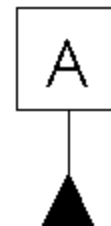
Set the Gap option to 1.5mm. Set the Beyond dimension line option to 3mm. Note: The values 1.5mm and 3mm are a guide. Base the gap and extension line on the drawing size and scale.

Datum Feature option

The Next label specifies the subsequent upper case letter used for the Datum Feature Symbol.

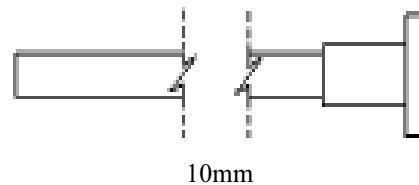
The default value is A. Successive labels are in alphabetical order.

The Datum Display type Per Standard option displays a filled triangular symbol on the Datum Feature.



Break line option

The Break line gap specifies the size of the gap between the Broken view break lines. Set the Gap to 10mm. Set the Extension to 3mm.



Automatic Update on BOM option

The Automatic Update on BOM option updates the Bill of Material in a drawing if related model custom properties change.

Set the values in SolidWorks to meet the ASME standard.

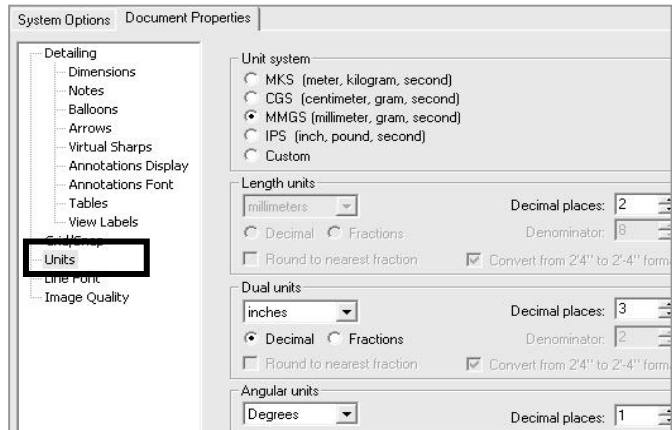
ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	MATERIAL
1	1	10-0408	ALUMINUM
2	1	10-0409	STEEL

Note: Set units before entering values for Detailing options. Units for the Default Templates are determined from initial SolidWorks installation options.

Activity: Document Properties, Detailing

Set Units.

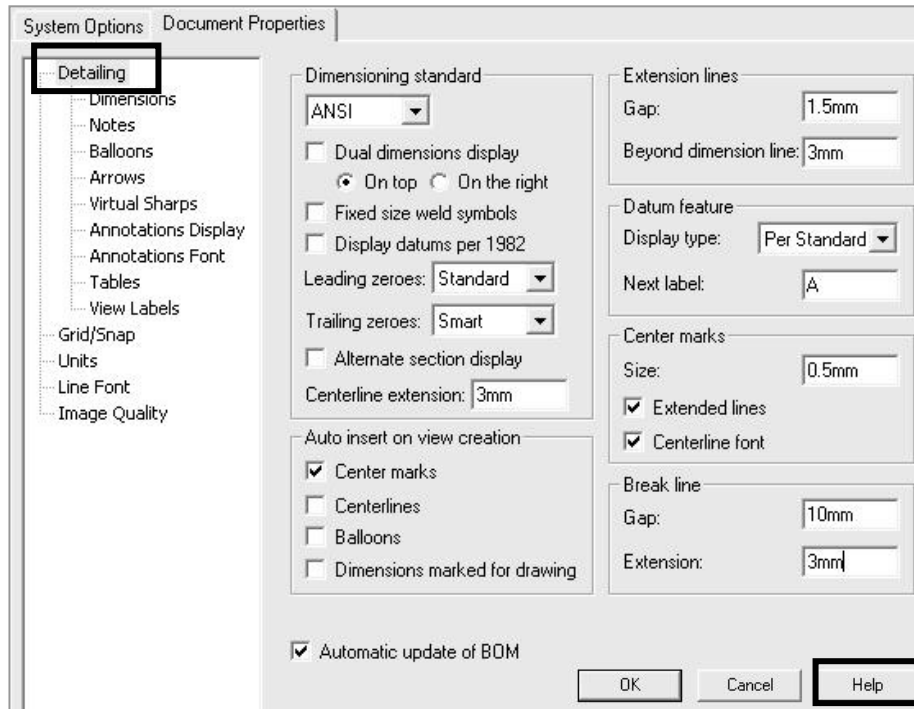
- 49) Click **Tools, Options**.
- 50) Click **Document Properties** tab.
- 51) Select **Units** from the left text box.
- 52) Click **MMGS** for the Unit system.
- 53) Enter **2** for Decimal places for Length units millimeters.
- 54) Select **inches** for Dual units. Enter **3** for inch Decimal places.
- 55) Enter **1** for Decimal places for Angular units.



Set Detailing options.

- 56) Click **Detailing**.
- 57) Select **ANSI** from the Dimensioning standard drop down list. Detailing options are available depending on the selected standard.
- 58) Enter **3mm** for the Centerline extension.
- 59) Enter **0.5mm** for the Center marks.
- 60) Modify the Witness lines (Extension line) values. Enter **1.5mm** for Gap.
- 61) Enter **3mm** for Beyond dimension line.
- 62) Enter **10mm** for the Break line gap.

63) Enter 3mm for Extension for the Break line.



Note: There is no set value for the Break line gap. Increase the value to accommodate a revolved section.



64) Click the **Help** button located at the bottom right corner of the Detailing Properties box to view additional information on the Detailing Options.

65) Click **OK**.

Detailing Options

Set options for detailing in the active document. You can also set the detailing options in **Document Templates**.

To set detailing properties:

1. Click **Tools, Options, Document Properties, Detailing**.
2. Change the detailing options to meet your standard detailing style, and click **OK**.

Dimensioning Standard

Select a dimensioning standard from the list: **ISO, ANSI, DIN, JIS, BSI, GOST, or GB**. The standard affects some detailing styles, such as weld symbols, surface finish symbols, and dimension arrows.

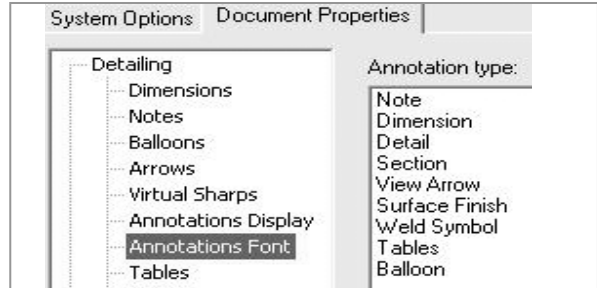
Dual dimensions display. When selected, dimensions are displayed in two kinds of units. Choose whether the second dimension is displayed **On top** or **On the right**.

Fixed size weld symbols.

Document Properties, Annotations Font

The Annotations Font controls the text height in the Drawing Template for the following Annotations types:

- Note.
- Dimension.
- Detail.
- Section.
- View Arrow.
- Surface Finish.
- Weld Symbol.
- Tables.
- Balloons.



Note font

The Note option specifies the font type and size for notes and view labels.

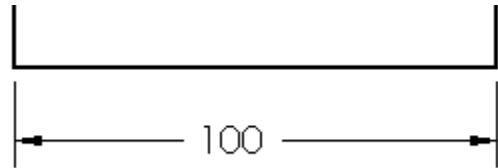


Set the Note font to Century Gothic. Set the size to 3mm.

Dimension font

The Dimension option specifies the font type and size for the dimension text.

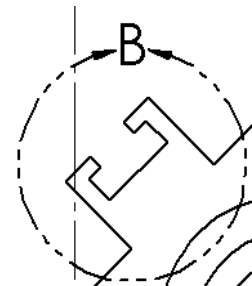
Set the Dimension font to Century Gothic. Set the size to 3mm.



Detail font

The Detail font specifies the font type and size used for the letter labels on the detail circles.

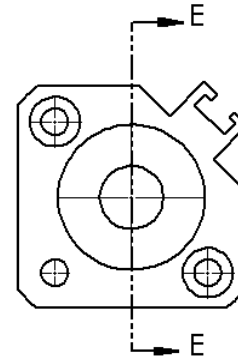
Set the Detail font to Century Gothic. Set the size to 6mm.



Section font

Section font specifies the font type and size used for the letter labels on the section lines.

Set the Section font to Century Gothic. Set the size to 6mm.



View font

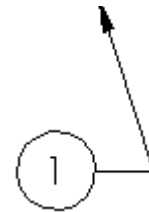
The View Arrow font specifies the font type and size used for the letter labels on the view arrows.

Set the View Arrow font to Century Gothic. Set the size to 6mm.

Surface Finish, Weld Symbol and Balloon font

The Surface Finish, Weld Symbol and Balloon fonts specify the font type and size used for the letter labels for Surface Finish, Weld Symbols and Balloons.

Set the Surface Finish, Weld Symbol and Balloon font to Century Gothic. Set the size to 3mm.



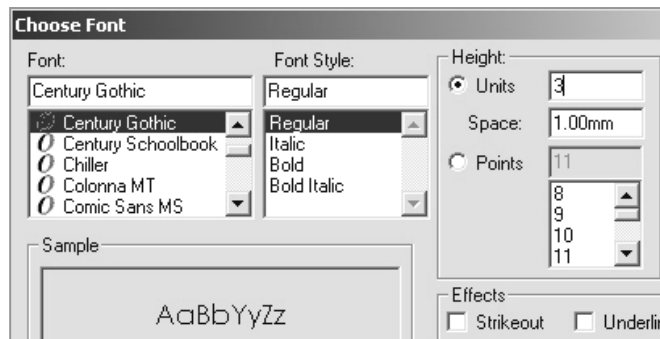
Tables font

The Tables font varies from company to company. Tables font controls the Bill of Materials, Revision Table, Weldment Cut List and Hole Table. Set the size to 3mm.

Activity: Document Properties, Annotations font

Set the font.

- 66) Click the **Note** option button.
- 67) Enter **3mm** for text.
- 68) Repeat for the **Dimension font**.
- 69) Repeat for the **Surface Finish, Weld Symbols, Balloon and Table font**.



Set the font.

70) Click the **Detail font** button.

71) Enter **6mm** for text.

72) Repeat for the **Section font**.

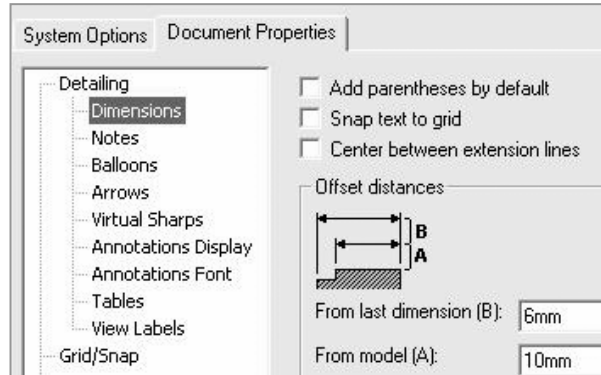
73) Repeat for the **View Arrow font**.



Note: Companies vary the size of their default font. ASME Y14.2 lists the annotation values as minimum letter heights.

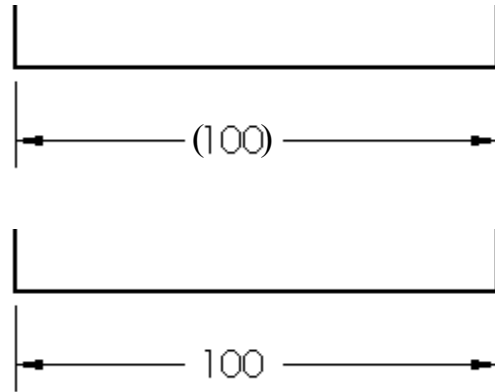
Document Properties, Dimensions options


The Document Properties, Detailing, Dimensions options determine the display of dimensions.



The Dimension options determine the display and position of the text and extension lines.

Reference dimensions require parentheses. Symmetric feature dimensions in the part require a redefined dimensioning scheme in the drawing.



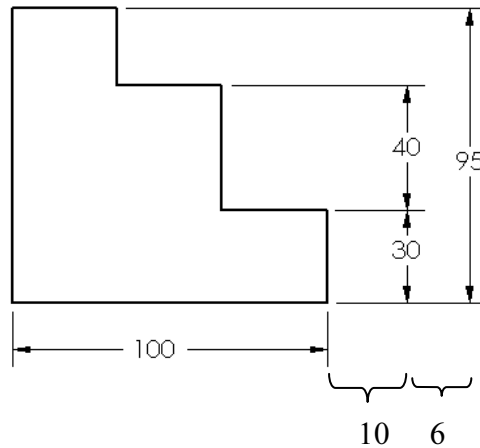
 Uncheck the Add parentheses by default to conserve design time. Add Parenthesis to a dimension in the drawing. Right-click on the dimension text. Click Properties. Check Display with parentheses.

Offset Distances option

The ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) standard sets guidelines for dimension spacing. The space between the first dimension line and the part profile is 10mm or greater.

The space between subsequent parallel dimension lines is 6mm or greater.

Spacing differs depending on drawing size and scale. Set the From last dimension option to 6mm. Set the From model option to 10mm.



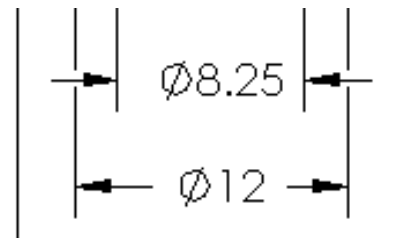
Arrows option

The Arrows option controls the display of the Arrowheads. The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard recommends a solid filled arrow head.

Break Dimension/Extension option

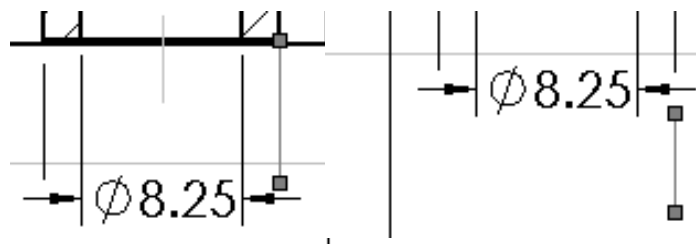
The ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) standard states do not cross dimension lines.

Break the extension line when the dimension line crosses close to an arrowhead.



Drag the extension line above the arrowhead. Sketch a new line collinear with the extension line below the arrowhead.

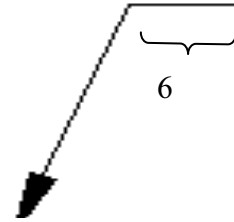
Set the Gap to 1.5mm.



Uncheck the Break around dimension arrows only option. Control individual breaks in the drawing for this project.

Bent leader length option

Create ASME leader lines with a small horizontal segment. This is called the Bent leader length. Set the Bent leader length to 6mm.



Activity: Document Properties, Dimensions

Set the Dimensions options.

74) Click **Dimensions** from the left side of the Detailing text box.

75) Uncheck the **Add Parentheses by Default**.

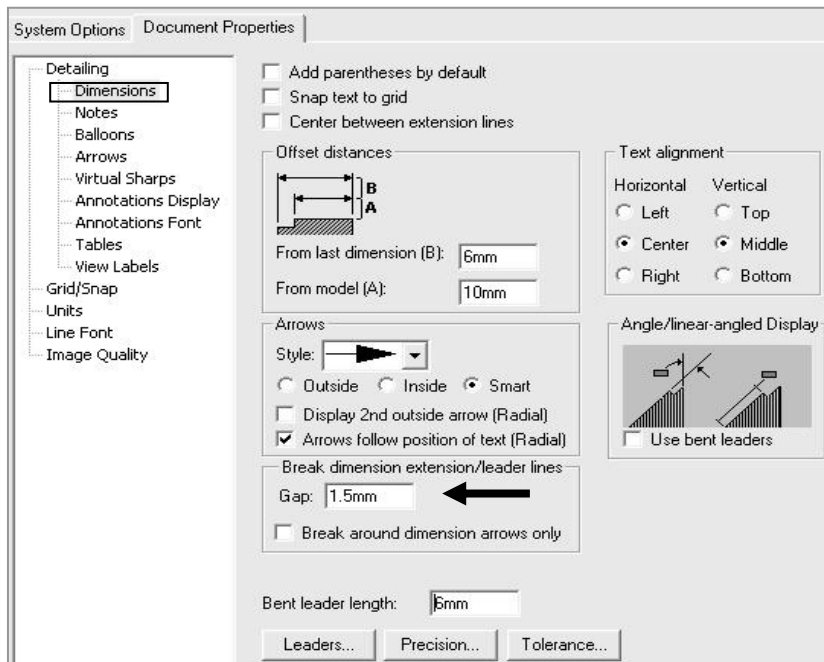
76) Set the Offset distances to **6mm** and **10mm**.

77) Set the Arrow style to **Solid**.

78) Enter **1.5mm** for the Gap in the Break dimension extension lines box.

79) Uncheck the **Break around dimension arrows only**.

80) Enter **6mm** for the Bent leader length (ASME only).



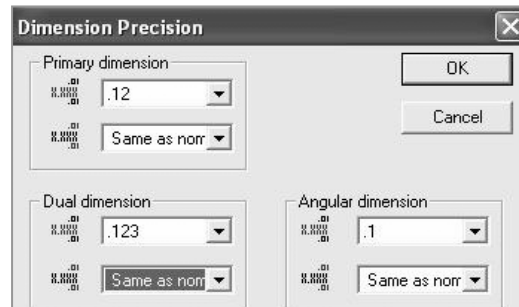
Set the Dimension Precision.

81) Click the **Precision** button. The Primary Units are millimeters.

82) Enter **.12** for two place decimal precision for Primary dimension.

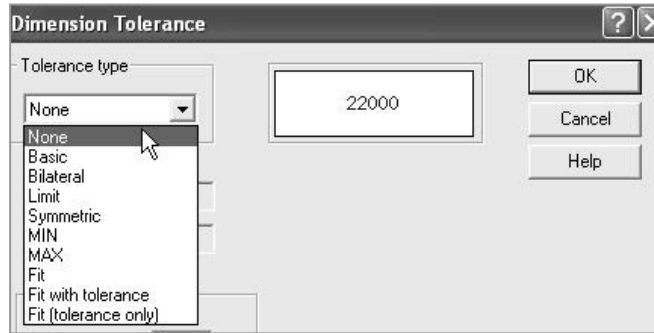
83) Enter **.123** for three place decimal precision for Dual dimension.

84) Click **OK**.



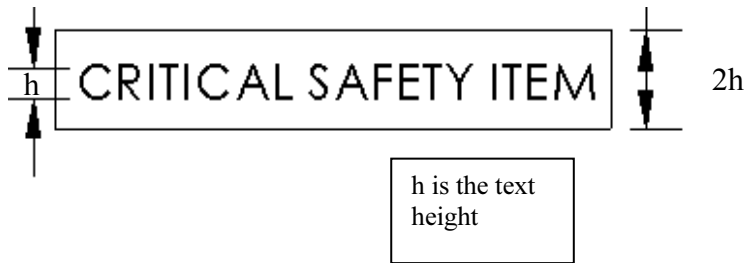
The Dimension Precision Value and Tolerance entries depend on drawing units and manufacturing requirements.

The Tolerance button displays the Dimension Tolerance options. The Tolerance type is None by default. Control Tolerance type on individual dimensions.



Document Properties, Notes and Balloons option

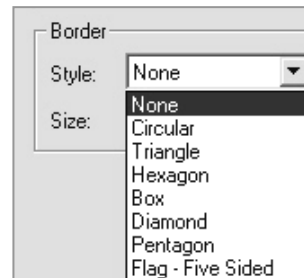
Note text positioned on the drawing, outside the Title block use the same font type and height size as the Dimension font. The exceptions to the rule are:



- ASME Y14.100M-1998 Engineering Drawing Practices extended symbols.
- Use Upper case letters for all Notes unless lower case is required. Example: HCI – Hardness Critical Item requires a lower case “I”.

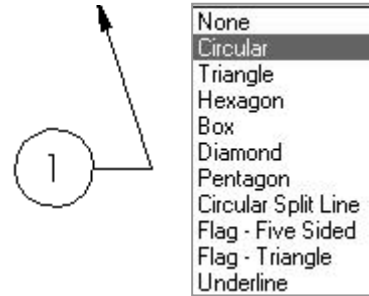
Modify Note Border Style to create boxes, circles, triangles and other shapes around the text.

The Default Border style is set to None. Modify the border height. Use the Size option.



Balloon callouts label components in an assembly and relate them to the item numbers in the Bill of Materials.

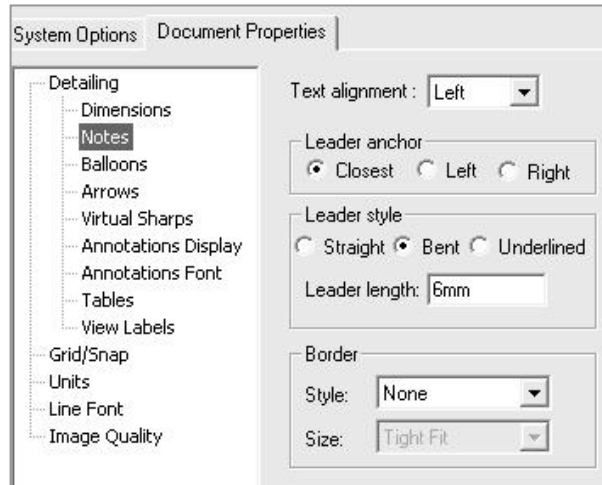
The default Balloon style is Circular.



Activity: Document Properties, Notes and Balloons

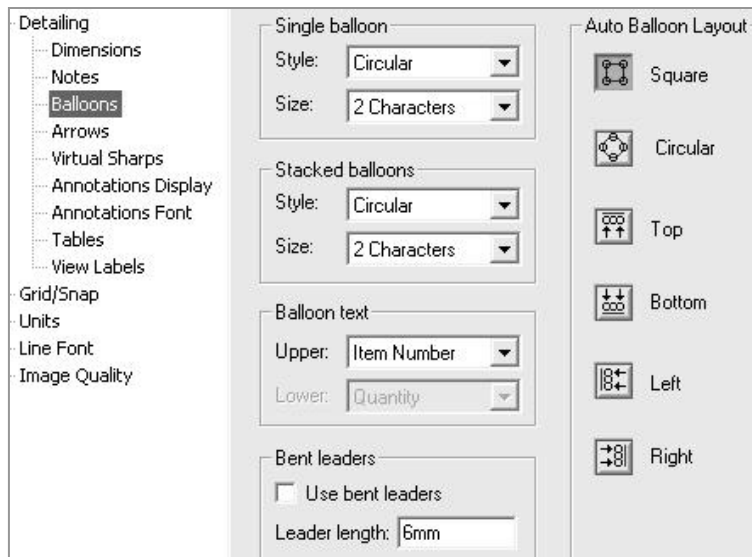
Set the Notes options.

- 85) Click **Notes** from the left side of the Detailing text box.
- 86) Check **Bent** for Leader style.
- 87) Enter **6mm** for the Leader length.



Set the drawing Balloon Properties.

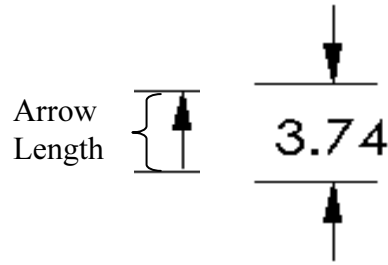
- 88) Click **Balloons** from the left side of the Detailing text box.
- 89) Uncheck **Use bent leaders**.
- 90) Enter **6mm** for the Leader length.



Document Properties, Arrows

Set Arrows Properties according to the ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard with a 3:1 ratio: Width to Height.

The Length value is the overall length of the arrow from the tip of the arrowhead to the end of the arrow tail.

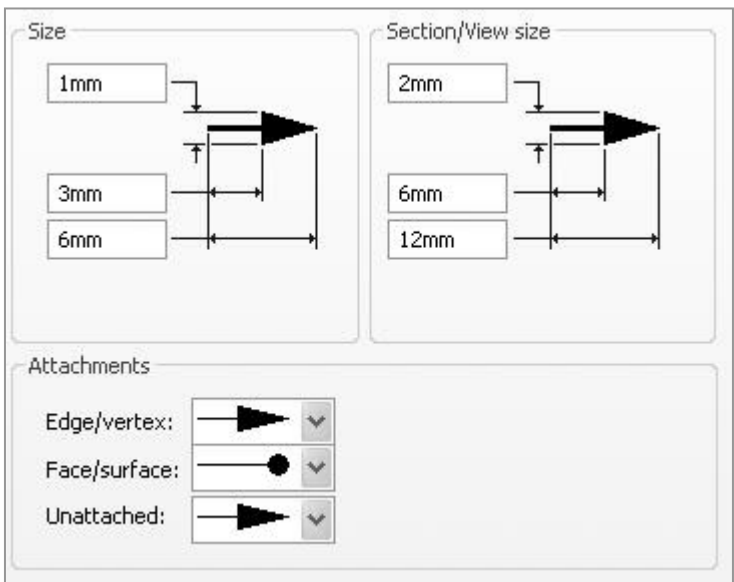


The Length is displayed when the dimension text is flipped to the inside. A Solid filled arrowhead is the preferred arrow type for dimension lines.

Activity: Document Properties, Arrows

Set the Arrows Properties.

- 91) Click the **Arrows** entry on the left side of the Detailing text box. The Detailing - Arrows dialog box is displayed.
- 92) Enter **1** for the arrow Height in the Size text box.
- 93) Enter **3** for the arrow Width.
- 94) Enter **6** for the arrow Length.
- 95) Set the arrow style. Under the Section/View size, enter **2** for Height, **6** for Width and **12** for Length.
- 96) Click the solid **filled arrowhead** from the Edge/vertex list box.
- 97) Click the solid **filled dot** from the Face/surface list box.



Document Properties, Line Font

The Line Font determines the Style and Thickness for a particular type of edge in a drawing. Modify the Type of edge, Style and Thickness to reflect the ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard.

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard defines two line weights: 0.3mm and 0.6mm.

Thin Thickness is 0.3mm. Thick (Normal) Thickness is 0.6mm. Review line weights as defined in the File, Page Setup or in File, Print, System Options for your particular printer/plotter.

Control the line weight display in the Graphics window. Use Thin Thickness and Normal Thickness in the Graphics window.

Change all Thick Thickness settings to Normal Thickness.

Change Detail Circle Style to Phantom. Change View Arrows Style to Phantom.

Activity: Document Properties, Line Font

Set the Line Font Properties.

98) Click **Line Font** from the left side of the Detailing text box.

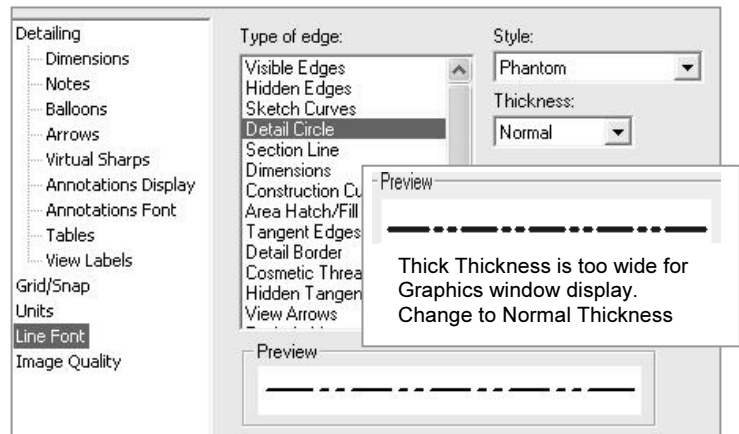
99) Click **Detail Circle** for the Type of edge.

100) Select **Phantom** for Style.

101) Select **Normal** for Thickness.

102) Click **Section line** for the Type of edge.

103) Click **Normal** for Thickness.



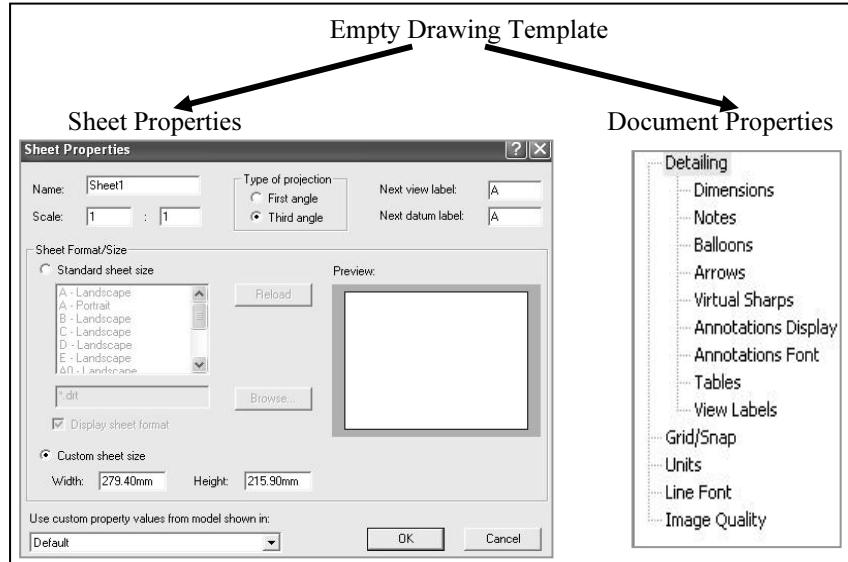
104) Click **View Arrows** for the Type of edge.

105) Click **Normal** for Thickness.

106) Click **OK** to exit Document Properties.

107) Click the **Graphics window**. The drawing border is displayed in green.

The empty Drawing Template contains no geometry. The empty Drawing Template contains the Document Properties and the Sheet Properties.

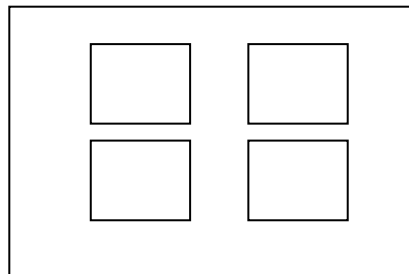


Predefined Views

In Orthographic projection the principle views are Top, Front, Right, Back, Bottom and Left. Drawings commonly display the Top, Front, Right and an Isometric view.

The Predefined option determines the Named views displayed as you drag the part into the drawing. Utilize any Named view as a Predefined view.

Insert the Front, Right, Top and Isometric views into the Drawing Template. Utilize the Predefined option to create the Front and Isometric view. Utilize the Projected option to create the Right and Top view.

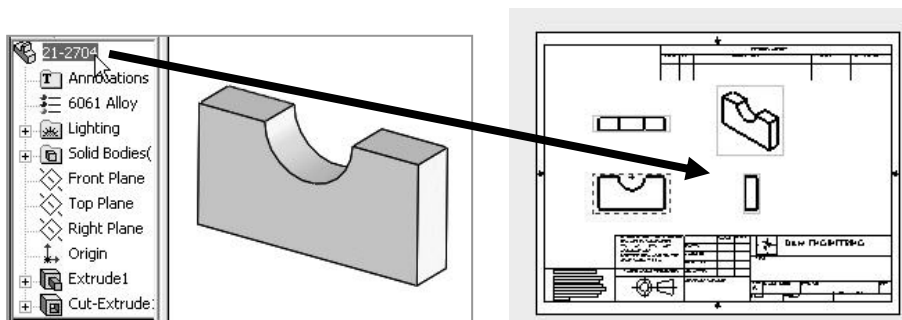


The Drawing Template contains a Sheet Format. Leave space when positioning views for a 2in, (50mm) Title Block.

Save Predefined views with the Drawing Template

Save Predefined views with the Drawing Template.

Save the Drawing Template in the next section, before you insert a part into the Predefined views.



Activity: Predefined View

Insert the Front Predefined view.

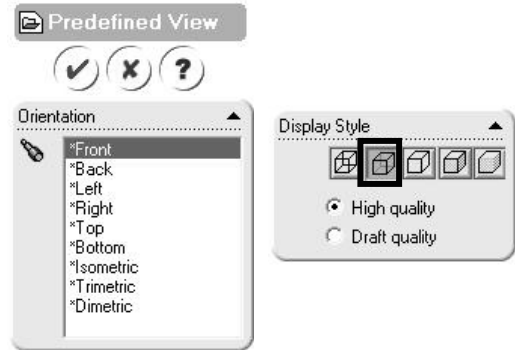
108) Click **Insert, Drawing Views, Predefined.**

109) Click the **lower left corner** of the drawing.

110) Click **Front.**

111) Click **Hidden Lines Visible.**

112) Click **OK.**



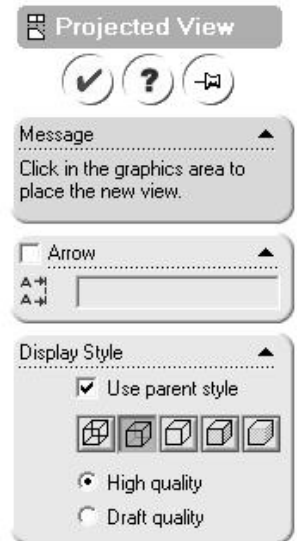
Insert the Top Projected view.

113) Click **Insert, Drawing Views, Projected.**

114) Click a **position** above the Front view.

115) Check **Use parent style** to display Hidden Lines Visible.

116) Click **OK.**



Insert the Right Projected view.

117) Click **Insert, Drawing Views, Projected.**

118) Click a **position** to the Right of the Front view.

119) Check **Use parent style** to display Hidden Lines Visible.

120) Click **OK.**

Insert the Isometric Predefined view.

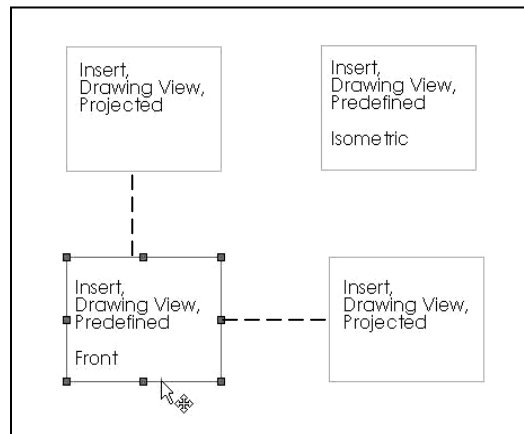
121) Click **Insert, Drawing Views, Predefined.**

122) Click the **upper right corner** of the drawing.

123) Click **Isometric.**


124) Click **Hidden Lines Removed.**

125) Click **OK.**



Save As

The File, SaveAs option provides the ability to save documents with various file types. The current document is a drawing named Draw1.slddrw. Save the document as a Drawing Template (.drwdot).

 Select the Drawing Templates (.drwdot) option for Save as type before you browse to the MY-TEMPLATES folder. SolidWorks selects the SolidWorks\data/templates folder by default when you select Drawing Templates (.drwdot).

Test the Drawing Template located in the MY-TEMPLATES folder. Create a new drawing document.

Activity: Save As and Test Drawing Template

Save the empty Drawing Template.

126) Click **File, Save As**.

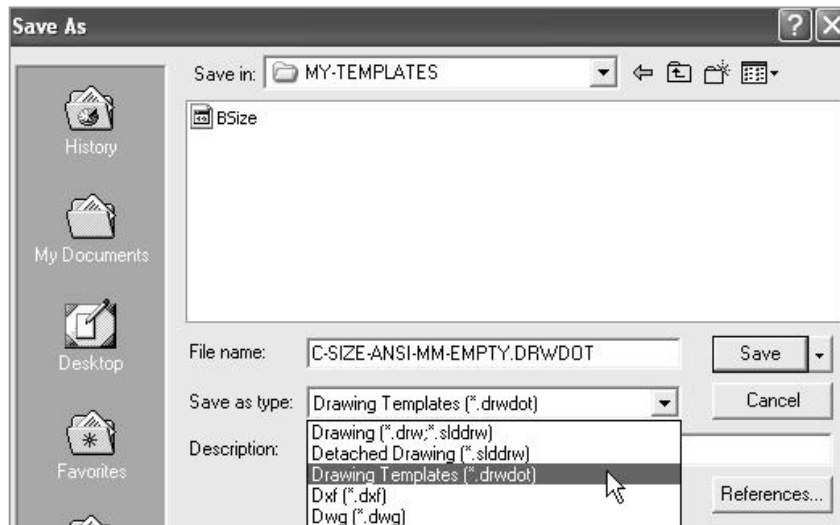
127) Select **Drawing Templates (*.drwdot)** from the Save as Type list.


128) Select **Browse**.

129) Select the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS\ MY-TEMPLATES** for the Save in file folder.

130) Enter **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY** for the File name. The file extension for the template is .drwdot.

131) Click **Save**.



 Conserve browsing time to your favorite folder. Utilize the Save button drop down arrow, Add to Favorites option.

Add the MY-TEMPLATES folder to your Favorites

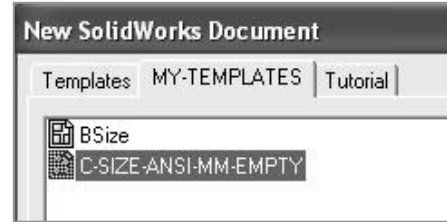


Create a new drawing.


132) Click **File, New**.

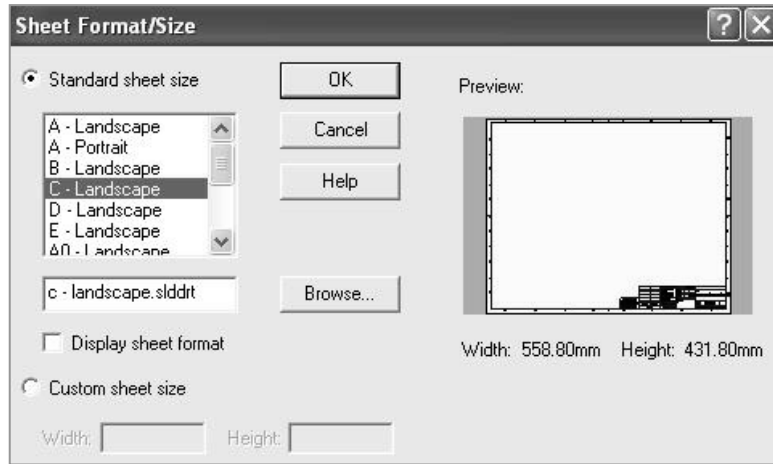
133) Select **MY-TEMPLATES** tab from the New SolidWorks Document dialog box.

134) Double-click **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY**.



135) The Sheet Format/Size box displays C-Landscape. Display sheet format is unchecked. Click **OK**.


136) Click **Cancel**  from the ModelView Property Manager.



Draw2 is displayed in the Graphics window.

You created a C size drawing with no sheet format when you selected the C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY template from the New SolidWorks Document box.

The Drawing Template controls sheet size and Document Properties. The Sheet Format controls the Title block, company logo and Custom Properties.

 Conserve design time. Utilize the C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY template to create empty templates for A and B sizes. Modify the Sheet Properties size option and utilize the Save As options for Drawing Template.

**More Information**

Additional details on Sheet Properties, System Options and Document Properties is available in Online help.

Keywords: sheet properties, paper (size), drawings (display modes, edge and display), options (annotations, balloon, detailing, dimensions, file locations, font, note and units).

Note: The keyword “options” in Online help displays all System Options and Document Property option categories.

**Review**

The Sheet Properties option displayed: Sheet name, scale and size. You selected a C paper size with no Sheet Format.

You reviewed the System Options Drawings and File Locations. The Drawings Display Style option controlled the display mode and tangent edges of the view.

The File Locations option created the MY-TEMPLATES folder tab in the New SolidWorks Document dialog box.

Document Properties are stored in the current document. You utilized the Detailing (Dimensions, Notes, Balloons, Arrows and Annotations Font), Line Font and Units options in the Drawing Template. There are hundreds of System Options and Document Properties.

Sheet Format

Customize drawing Sheet Formats to create and match your company’s drawing standards.

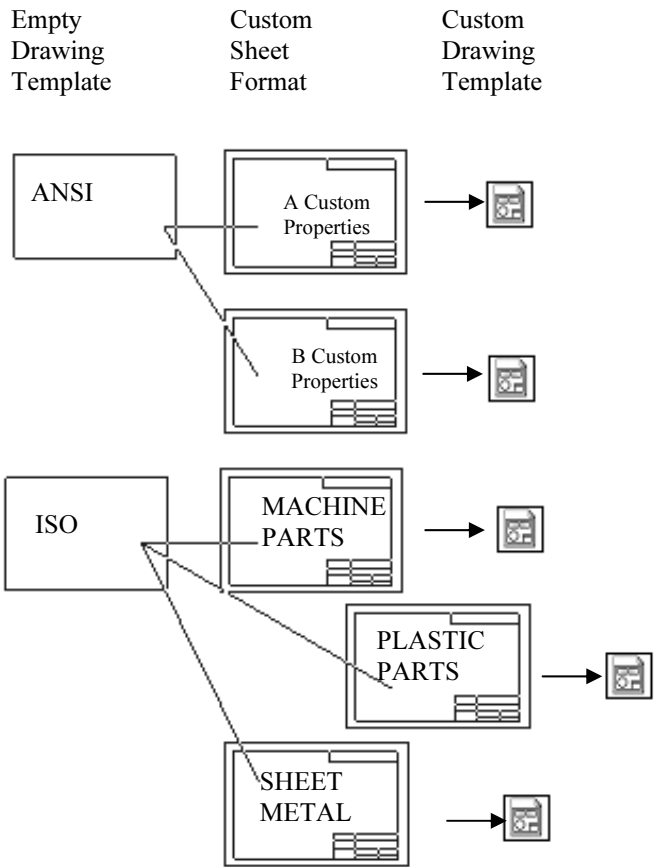
A customer requests a new product. The engineer designs the product in one location, the company produces the product in a second location and the field engineer supports the customer in a third location.

The ASME Y14.24M standard describes various types of drawings.

Example: The Engineering department produces detail and assembly drawings. The drawings for machined, plastic and sheet metal parts contain specific tolerances and notes used in fabrication.

Manufacturing adds vendor item drawings with tables and notes. Field Service requires installation drawings that are provided to the customer.

Create Sheet Formats to support various standards and drawing types.



There are numerous ways to create a custom Sheet Format:

Open a “.dwg” file created with another CAD application. Save the “.dwg” file as a Sheet Format.

Right-click in the Graphics window. Select Edit Sheet Format. Create drawing borders, title block, notes and zone locations for each drawing size. Save each drawing format.

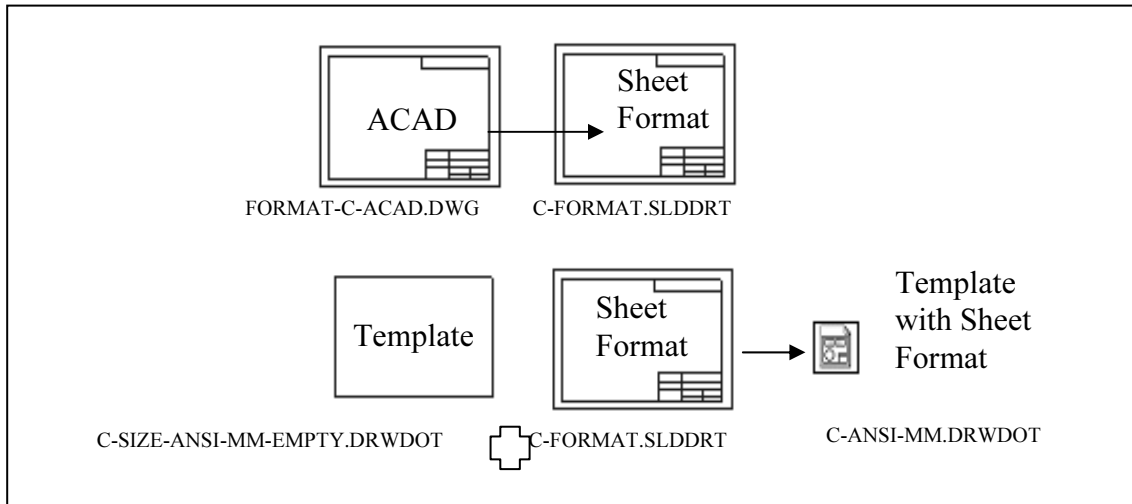
Right-click Properties in the Graphics window. Select Properties. Check Display Sheet Format option from the Sheet Format drop down list. Browse to select an existing Sheet Format.

Add an OLE supported Sheet Format such as a bitmap file of the title block and notes. Use the Insert, Object command.

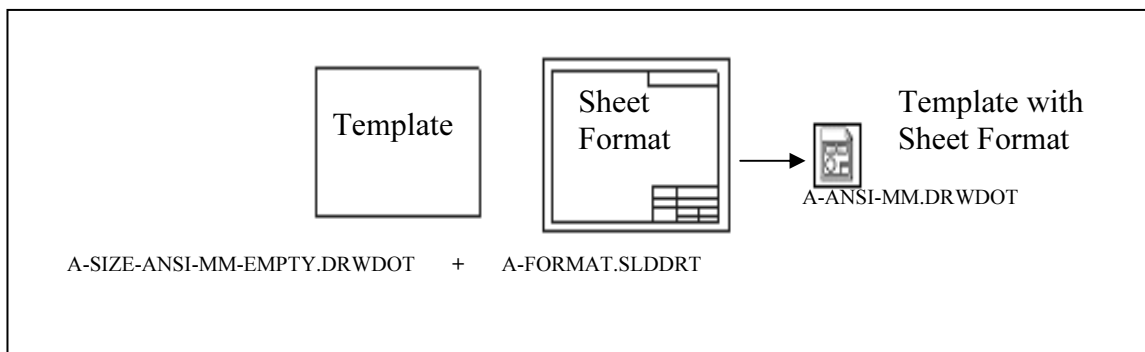
Utilize an existing AutoCAD drawing to create a SolidWorks Sheet Format.

Open the AutoCAD drawing as the Sheet Format. Save the C-FORMAT.sldprt

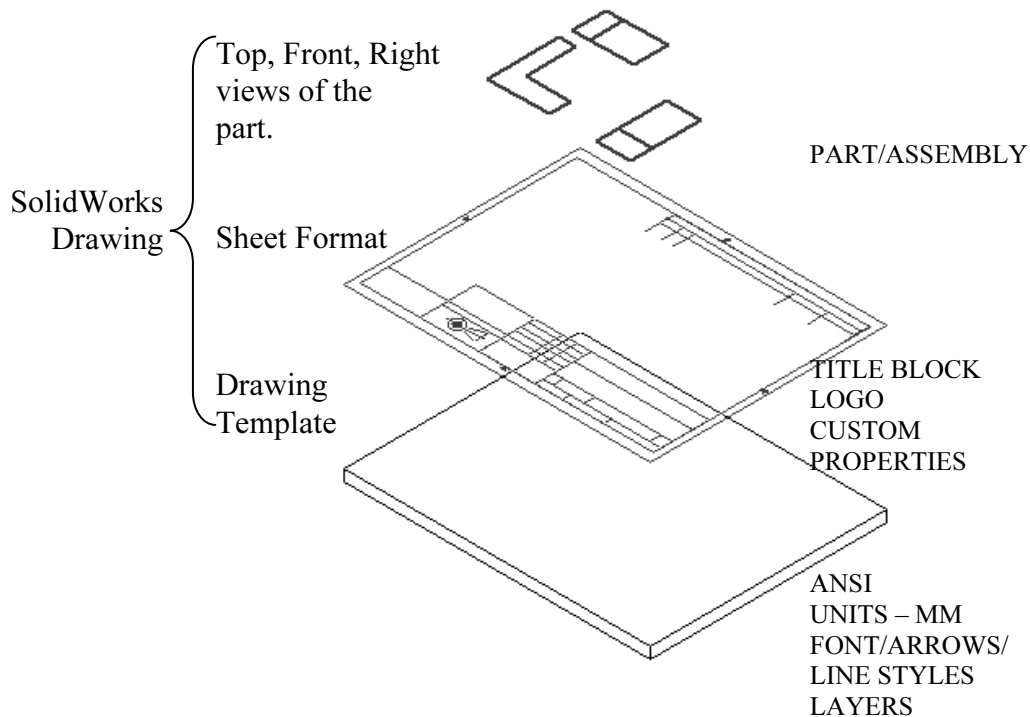
Sheet Format. Add the Sheet Format C-FORMAT.sldprt to the empty C-size Drawing Template. Create a new drawing template named C-ANSI-MM.drwdot.



Add an A-size Sheet Format, A-FORMAT.sldprt to an empty A-size Drawing Template. Create an A-ANSI-MM.drwdot Drawing Template.



Insert views from the part or assembly into the SolidWorks Drawing.



Data imported from other CAD systems for a Sheet Format may require editing in SolidWorks. Delete two extraneous lines in the imported Sheet Format.

The drawing sheet contains two modes:

- Edit Sheet.
- Edit Sheet Format.

Utilize Edit Sheet to insert views and dimensions. Utilize Edit Sheet Format to modify the Title block information.

Edit in the Edit Sheet Format mode for lines and text created in the AutoCAD title block.

Add drawing notes and title block information in the Edit Sheet Format mode.

The sheet boundary and major title block headings are displayed with a THICK line style. Modify the drawing layer THICKNESS.

Activity: Sheet Format, Import From AutoCAD

Open the AutoCAD drawing: FORMAT-C-ACAD.dwg.

137) Click **File, Open**.

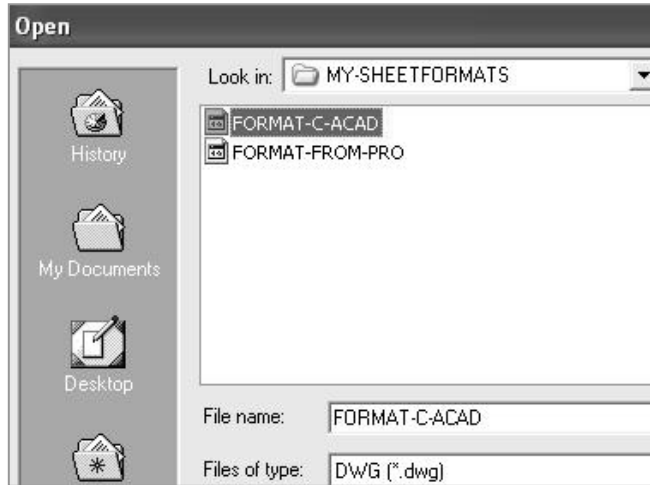
138) Select **DWG (*.dwg)** from the Files of type drop down list.

139) Click **Browse**.

140) Select **FORMAT-C-ACAD** from the DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS\MY-SHEETFORMATS folder.

141) Click **Open**.

142) Click **DWG (*.dwg)** for Files of type.

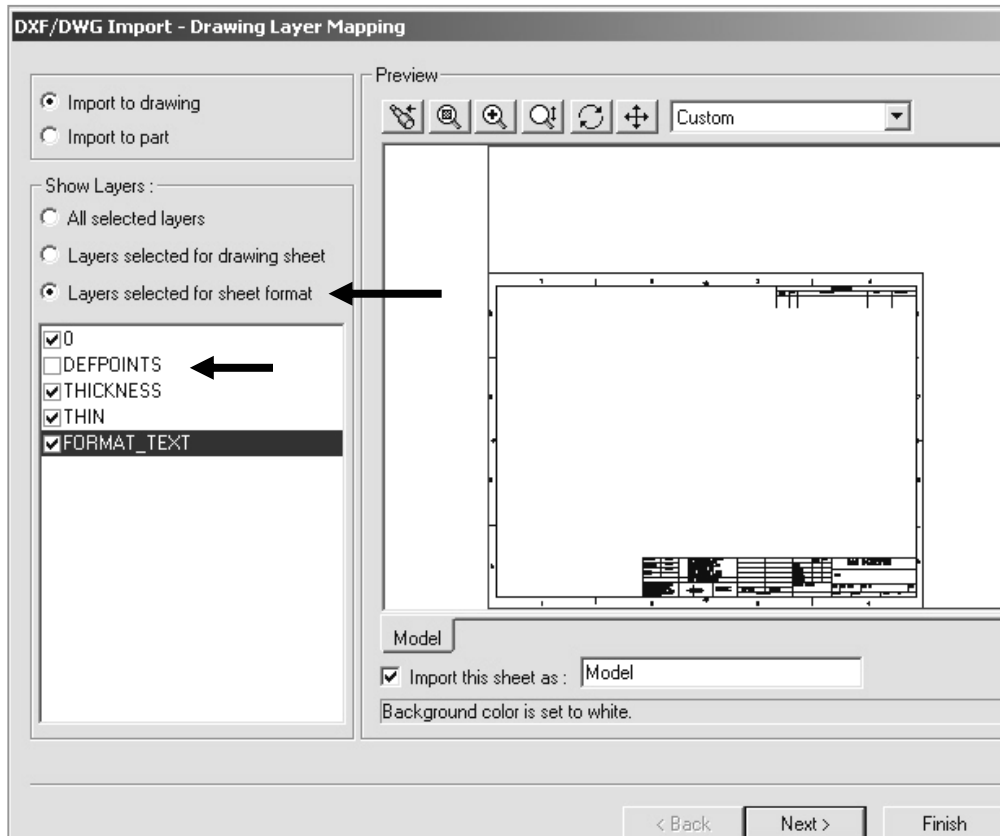


143) Click **Layers selected for sheet format**.

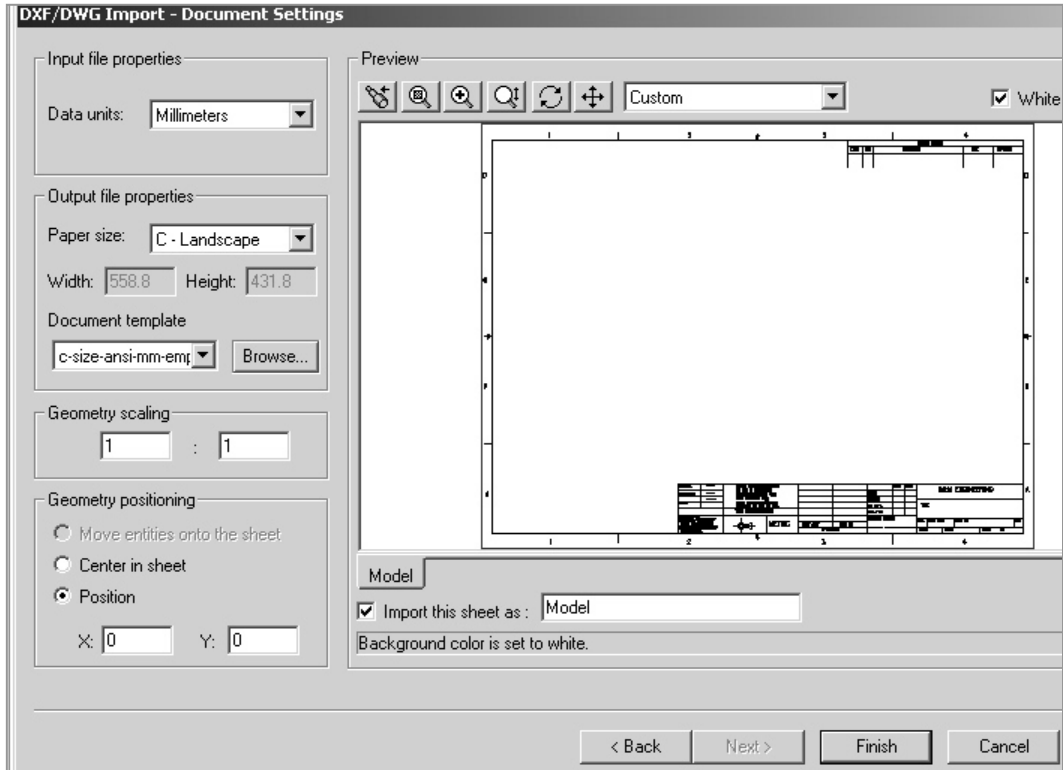
144) Uncheck **DEFPOINTS**, a non-printable layer in AUTOCAD.

145) Check **0**, **THICKNESS**, **THIN** and **FORMAT-TEXT** layers.

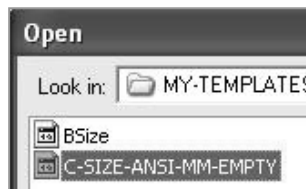
146) Click **Next**.



- 147) Select **Millimeters** for Data units.
- 148) Select **C-Landscape** for Paper Size.
- 149) Select **Browse**.
- 150) Select the **MY-TEMPLATES** folder.
- 151) Select the **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY** for Drawing Template.

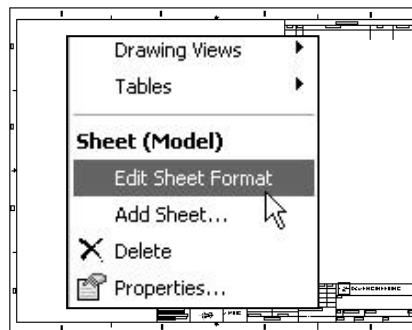


- 152) Click the **Open** button.
- 153) Enter **0** for the X position.
- 154) Enter **0** for the Y position.
- 155) Click **Finish**.



Edit the Title block.

- 156) Right-click in the **Graphics window**.
- 157) Click **Edit Sheet Format**.



Delete the Title block lines.

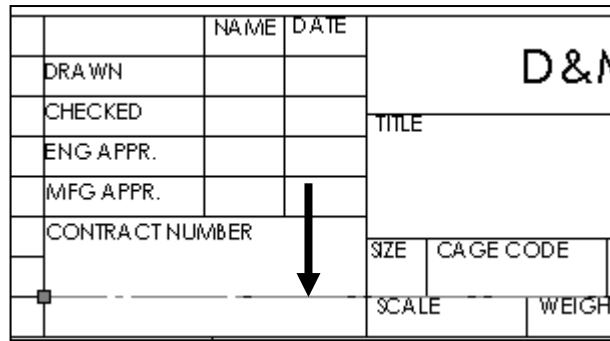
158) Click **Zoom in** on the Title block.

159) Click the first **horizontal line** below the CONTRACT NUMBER.

160) Press the **Delete** key.

161) Click the second **horizontal line** below the CONTRACT NUMBER.

162) Press the **Delete** key.



Align the NAME and DATE text.

163) Hold the **Ctrl** key down.

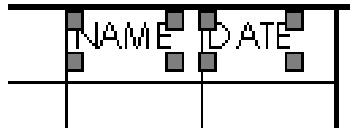
164) Click the **NAME** text.

165) Click the **DATE** text.

166) Right-click **Align**.

167) Click **Uppermost**.

168) Release the **Ctrl** key.



Display the Layer toolbar.

169) Right-click a **position** in the gray area, to the right of the Help menu.

170) Check **Layers**.



Modify Thick Layer properties.

171) Click the **Layer Properties** folder from the Layer toolbar.

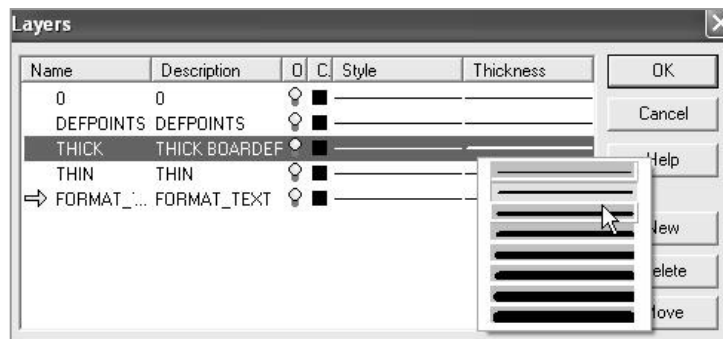
172) Rename the AutoCAD layer **THICKNESS** to **THICK**.

173) Rename Description from **THICKNESS** to **THICK BORDER**.

174) Click the **line Thickness** in the THICK layer.

175) Select the **second line**.

176) Click **OK**.

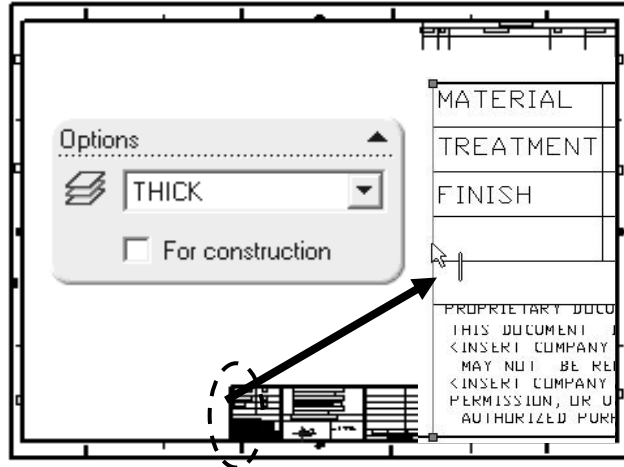


The border and title block display the Thick line. The left line in the title block is on the Thin layer. Modify the line layer from the Thin layer to the Thick layer.

Modify a Line layer.


177) Click on the **left line**.

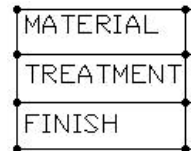
178) Click **THICK** layer from the Options box.





The C-FORMAT requires additional information in the Title block. The Title block created from AutoCAD only contains text headings such as: Drawing Number, Revision and Drawn by. Each heading is located in a different box in the Title block.

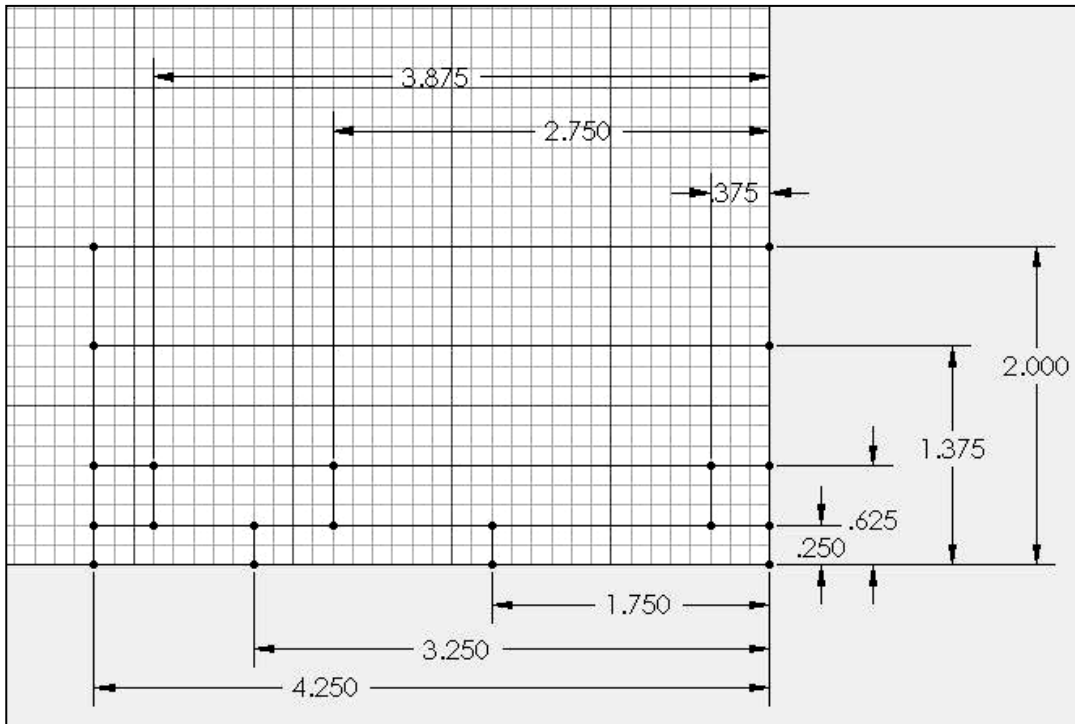
Insert additional Notes into the Title block in the Edit Sheet Format Mode. The Notes in the Sheet Format are linked to Properties. Properties are variables shared between parts, assemblies and drawing documents.

 View Line segments clearly. The System Options, Drawings, Display Sketch Entity Points displays the endpoints of the line segments. Check this option before editing the lines in the Title block.



 Utilize the Sketch tools to create and edit Title block lines. Utilize dimensions and geometric relations to create Title block lines for A, B, C, D and E Sheet Formats according to the ASME Y14.1 Decimal Inch Drawing Sheet Size and Format and ASME Y14.1M Metric Drawing Size and Format.

 Utilize the Document Property Grid/Snap for quick sketching. The ASME Y14.1 Title block is based on 0.125 increments. Set the Document Properties Grid/Snap to 0.125. The following dimensions below are recommended for A, B, C and G sizes.



Title Block Notes and Properties

The Title block contains vital part and assembly information. Each company creates a unique version of a title block. The imported AutoCAD Sheet Format contains heading names in each area of the title block such as: TITLE, DWG NO. and SCALE.

Utilize SolidWorks System Properties and User defined Custom Properties to link Notes in the Sheet Format to the drawing, part and assembly.

System Properties

System Properties extract values from the current drawing. System Properties are determined from the SolidWorks documents. Insert System Properties as linked Notes in the Sheet Format.

System Properties begin with the prefix SW. There are two categories of Properties: System Properties and Drawing Specific System Properties.

Set System Properties in the File, Properties, Summary Information dialog box as follows:

System Properties:	
SW-Author	
SW-Keywords	
SW-Comments	
SW-Title	
SW-Subject	
SW-Created Date	
SW-Last Saved Date	
SW-Last Saved By	
SW-File Name	
SW-Folder Name	
SW-Long Date	
SW-Short Date	

Determined from the Document File Name,
Folder location and System Date.

Set Drawing Specific System Properties: SW-Sheet Name, SW-Sheet Scale SW-Sheet Format Size and SW-Template Size in the Sheet Properties dialog box.

Drawing Specific:	
SW-Sheet Name	
SW-Sheet Scale	
SW-Sheet Format Size	
SW-Template Size	
SW-Current Sheet	<p>Determined from the current sheet selected in the drawing and the total number of sheets selected in the drawing.</p>
SW-Total Sheet	

User defined Properties

There are two types of User defined Properties: Custom Properties and Configuration Specific Properties.

Custom Properties link all of the configurations of a part or an assembly. Configuration Specific Properties link only a single configuration of a part or an assembly.

Assign User defined Property values to named variables in the document.

The default variables are listed in the text fileA:

SolidWorks\Lang\English\Properties.txt. Create your own User defined Property named variables.

Conserve design time. Utilize System Properties and define Custom Properties and Configuration Specific Properties in your Sheet Formats.

Description
PartNo
Number
Revision
Material
Weight
Finish
StockSize
UnitofMeasure
Cost
MakeorBuy
LeadTime
CheckedBy
CheckedDate
DrawnBy
DrawnDate
EngineeringApproval
EngAppDate
ManufacturingApproval
MfgAppDate
QAApproval
QAAppDate
Vendor
VendorNo
Client
Project
Status
DateCompleted
CompanyName
Department
Division
Group
Author
Owner
Source

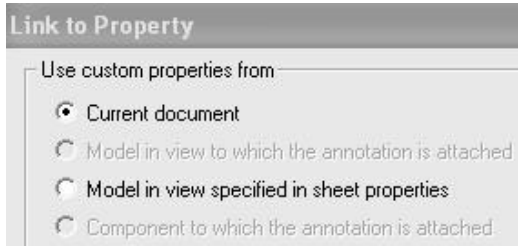
User Defined Properties

Linked Notes

Insert Notes into the Title block. Link the Notes to SolidWorks Properties and Custom Properties.

Review your company's Engineering Documentation Practices to determine the Notes displayed in the Title block. In the next activity, DWG NO. is linked to the SW-File Name System Property and Revision is linked to the Revision Custom Property in the part or assembly.

Linked Notes begin with the four different prefixes listed below:

Prefix:	Evaluated from:	 <p>Utilize \$PRP and \$PRPSHEET in the Sheet Format.</p>
\$PRP:	Current document.	
\$PRPVIEW:	Model in the drawing view to which the Note is attached.	
\$PRPSHEET:	Model in view specified in Sheet Properties. For Sheet Format notes, the first view listed in the FeatureManager is used.	
\$PRPMODEL:	Component to which annotation is attached.	

Linked Notes that reference Custom Properties in the drawing utilize the prefix: \$PRP:

Enter double quotes to define the property name: Example: \$PRP:"CompanyName" .

Linked Sheet Format Notes that reference Custom Properties in the part utilize the prefix: \$PRPSHEET.

Linked Sheet Format Notes are displayed blank in the Edit Sheet mode.

Linked Sheet Format Notes are displayed with their property Name in the Edit Sheet Format mode. Example: \$PRPSHEET:{Material} .

Insert the following Linked Notes:

System Properties Linked to fields in the default Sheet Format. Prefix: \$PRP	Custom Properties of drawings linked to fields in the default Sheet Formats. Prefix: \$PRP	Custom Properties copied from the default SW Sheet Format to a Custom Sheet Format. Prefix: \$PRP		Custom Properties of parts and assemblies linked to the fields in default Sheet Formats. Prefix:\$PRPSHEET
SW-File Name (in DWG. NO. field)	CompanyName	DrawnBy	DrawnDate	Description (in TITLE field):
SW-Sheet Scale	CONTRACT NUMBER	CheckedBy	CheckedDate	Weight
SW-Current Sheet		EngineeringApproval	EngAppDate	Material, Finish and TREATMENT
SW-Total Sheets		ManufacturingApproval	MfgAppDate	Revision

User-defined Custom Property Names CONTRACT NUMBER and TREATMENT are displayed in capital letters for clarity. Utilize Large and small letters for Custom Property Names.

Create a new layer for the Title block Notes. The large yellow arrow in the Name column indicates the current layer.

Activity: Title block and SW-File Name

Insert the TB TEXT layer.

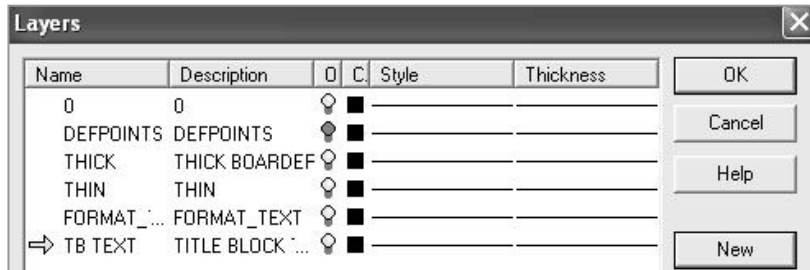
179) Click the **Layer Property Manager**.

180) Click the **New** button.

181) Enter **TB TEXT** for Name.

182) Enter **TITLE BLOCK TEXT** for Description.

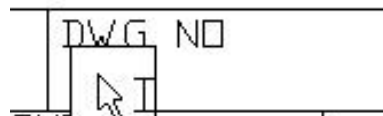
183) Click **OK**.



Create a Linked Note for the DWG NO. System Property.

184) Click **Note A** from the Annotations toolbar.

185) Click a **start point** to the lower left of the DWG NO. text.



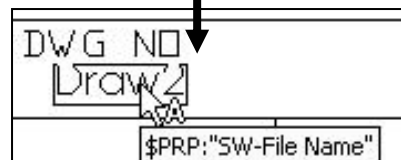
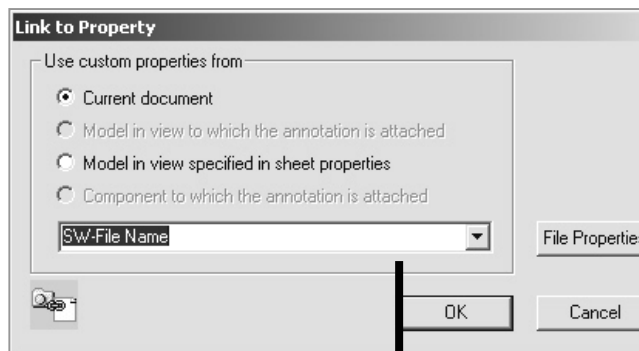
186) Click **Link to Property** from the Text Format box.



187) Select **SW-File Name** from the drop down list.

188) Click **OK**. The variable **\$PRP:"SW-File Name"** is displayed in the Note text box.

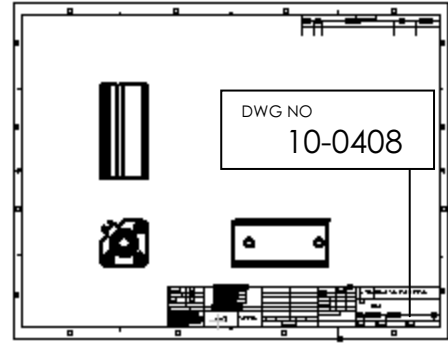
189) Click **OK**.



Note: Draw2 is the current file name. The Draw number varies depending on the number of drawings opened in a SolidWorks session.

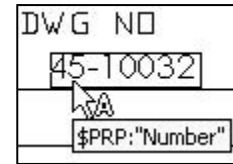
The \$PRP:“SW-File Name” property updates to contain the part or assembly filename.

Example: Insert the part 10-0408 into a Drawing Template.



The filename 10-0408 is linked to the SW-FileName property and is displayed in the DWG NO. box.

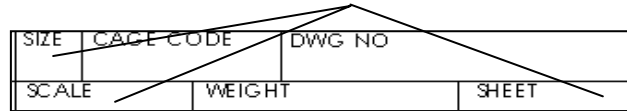
What action do you take to control the DWG NO. by a separate property not linked to the part filename? Answer: Create a Note linked to the Custom Property \$PRP: "Number" in the Sheet Format. Enter the value 45-10032 for the Number Custom Property in the drawing document.



Size, Sheet and Scale Properties

Additional Linked Notes are required in the Title block.

Create the SIZE, SHEET and SCALE text with Linked Properties. Position the text below the headings.





The Sheet Scale value changes to reflect the sheet scale properties in the drawing.

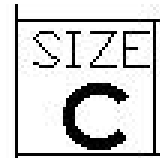
The Sheet box combines two System Properties: SW-Current Sheet and SW-Total Sheets.

The Current Sheet value and Total Sheets value change as additional sheets are added to the drawing.

Activity: Size, Sheet and Scale Properties

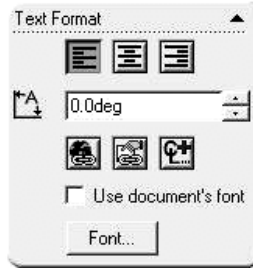
Create a Linked Property to the SIZE text.

- 190) Click **Note**  from the Annotations toolbar.
- 191) Click a **start point** in the upper left hand corner below the SIZE text.
- 192) Click **Link to Property**  from the Text Format box.
- 193) Select **SW-Sheet Format Size** from the drop down list.
- 194) Click **OK**. The variable \$PRP:“SW-Sheet Format Size” is displayed in the Note text box.
- 195) Click **OK**.





Modify the font size and style.

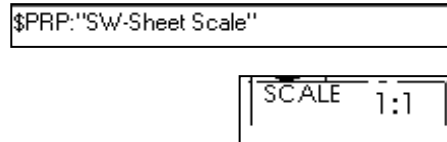
- 196) Uncheck the **Use document's font**.
- 197) Enter **5** for font height. Click **Bold** for style.
- 198) Click **OK**.



Create a Linked Property to SCALE.

- 199) Click **Note**  from the Annotations toolbar.
- 200) Click a **start point** in the upper left hand corner below the SCALE text.
- 201) Click **Link to Property** .


- 202) Select **SW-Sheet Scale** from the drop down list.
- 203) Click **OK**. The variable \$PRP:"SW-Sheet Scale" is displayed in the Note text box.
- 204) Click **OK**.




Delete the text.

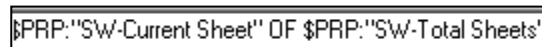
- 205) Click the **OF** text in the lower right corner of the title block.
- 206) Press the **Delete** key.

Combine Link Properties for the SHEET text.

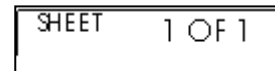
- 207) Click **Note**  from the Annotations toolbar.
- 208) Click a **start point** in the upper left hand corner below the SHEET text.




- 209) Click **Link to Property**  from the Text Format box.
- 210) Select **SW-Current Sheet** from the drop down list.
- 211) Click **OK**.



- 212) Enter the text **OF**.

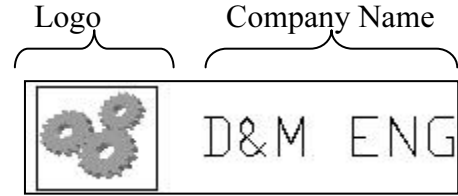


- 213) Click **Link to Property**  from the Text Format box.
- 214) Select **SW-Total Sheets** from the drop down list. The variable \$PRP:"SW-Total Sheets" is displayed in the Note text box.
- 215) Click **OK**.

Custom Property and Logo Picture

Utilize D&M ENGINEERING or your own value for CompanyName in the next step. The CompanyName Property is controlled through a Custom Property in the Sheet Format.

The Company logo is a picture file inserted as an OLE object into the drawing.



Activity: Custom Property and Logo Picture

Delete the current Company Name Note text.

216) Right-click the **D&M Engineering** text.

217) Click **Properties**.

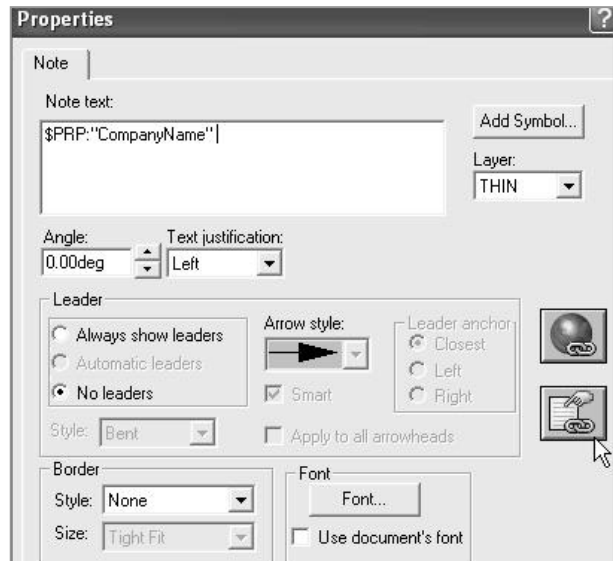


218) Delete **D&M Engineering** in the Properties Note text box.

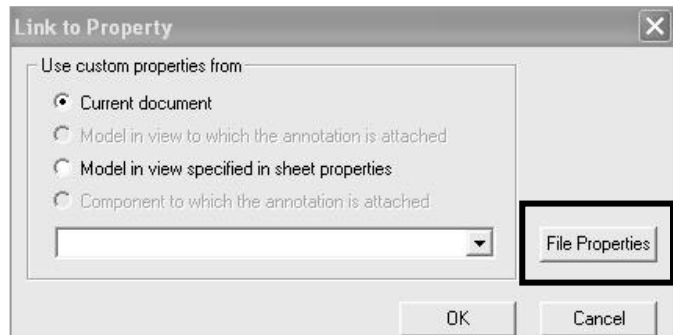
Insert the CompanyName Property.

219) Enter `$PRP:"CompanyName"` in the Note text box.

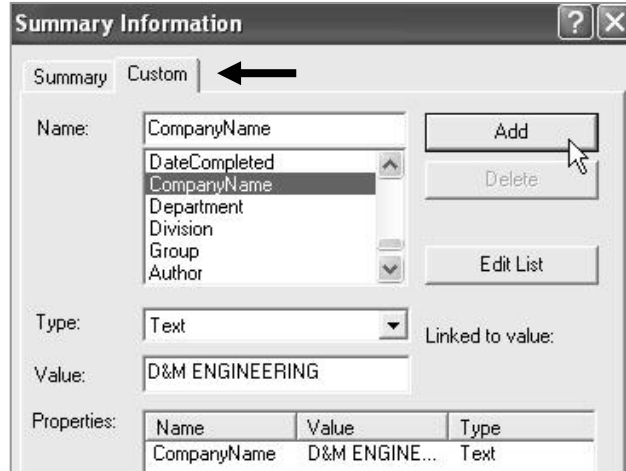
220) Click **Link to Property** .



221) Select the **File Properties** button from the Link to Property box.



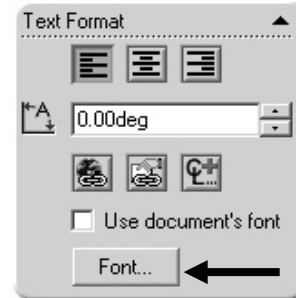
- 222) Click the **Custom** tab from the Summary Information box.
- 223) Select **CompanyName**.
- 224) Enter **D&M ENGINEERING** for CompanyName in the Value box.
- 225) Click the **Add** button.
- 226) Click **OK** three times.




The Title block displays the CompanyName Linked Note.

Modify the Font size.

- 227) Uncheck **Use document's font** from the Note PropertyManager.
- 228) Click the **Font** button. Increase or decrease the **font size** to fit the Title block.
- 229) Click **OK**.
- 230) Click **OK** from the Note Property Manager.



 Position the mouse pointer over the Linked Note to display the Custom Property value.

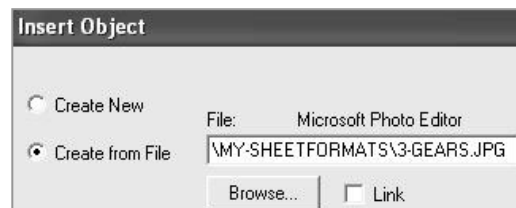


A company logo is normally located in the title block. Create a company logo by inserting a picture file into the Title block.

Example: the picture file 3-Gears.jpg is located in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder. Utilize any picture file, scanned image or bitmap.

Insert a picture.

- 231) Click **Insert, Object** from the Main toolbar.
- 232) Click **Create From File**.
- 233) Click **Browse**. Select **MY-SHEETFORMATS\3-GEARS.JPG**.
- 234) Click **Edit, Paste**.
- 235) Size the **picture** to the SolidWorks title block by dragging the picture handles.



User defined Custom Property

Your company has a policy that a contract number must be contained in the title block for all associated drawings in a project. The contract number is not a predefined SolidWorks Custom Property.

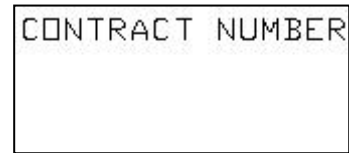
Create a user defined Custom Property named CONTRACT NUMBER. Add it to the drawing title block. The Custom Property is contained in the Sheet Format.

Activity: User defined Custom Property

Create a User defined Custom Property.

236) Click Note .

237) Click a **start point** in the upper left hand corner below the CONTRACT NUMBER text.



238) Click **Link to Property** .

239) Select the **File Properties** button.

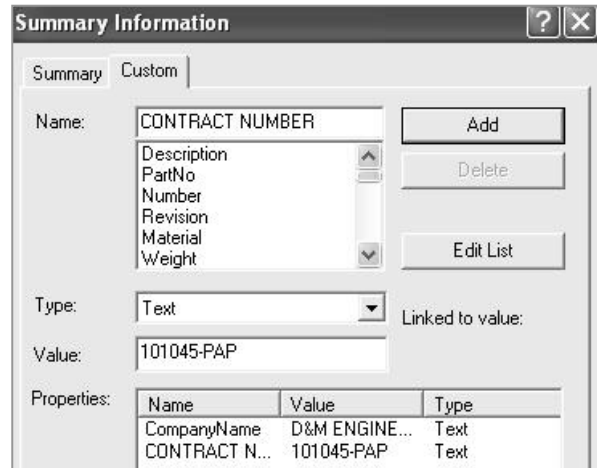
240) Click the **Custom** tab.

241) Enter the **CONTRACT NUMBER** for Name. Text is the default type.

242) Click **101045-PAP** for Value.

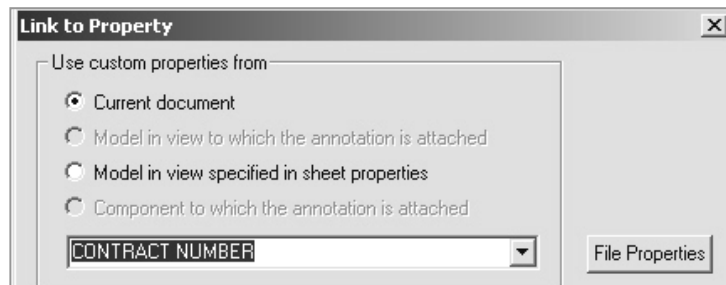
243) Click **Add**.

244) Click **OK**.



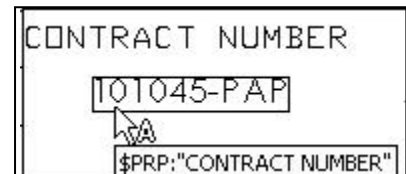
245) Enter the **CONTRACT NUMBER** in the Property Name text box.

246) Click **OK**.



247) The Note text box displays: \$PRP: "CONTRACT NUMBER". Click **OK**.

248) Fit the drawing to the Graphics window. Press the **f** key.



Copy/Paste Custom Properties

Conserve design time. Share information from Templates and Sheet Formats. Copy DrawnBy, DrawnDate, CheckedBy, CheckedDate, EngineeringApproval, EngAppDate, ManufacturingApproval and MfgAppDate from a default SolidWorks C Sheet Format to the custom C Format.

Activity: Copy Custom Properties

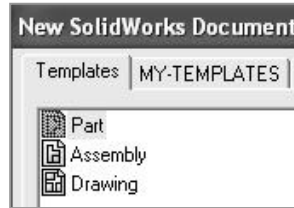
Open the default SolidWorks C Drawing Template.

249) Click **New**.

250) Select the **Templates** tab.

251) Double-click **Drawing**.

252) Select **C-landscape** for the Sheet Format.



Invoke the Edit Sheet Format mode.

253) Right-click in the **sheet boundary**.

254) Click **Edit Sheet Format**.



Copy the drawing Custom Properties.

255) Window-select the **text** in the Name column and the Date column. Do not select the QA text row.

256) Press **Ctrl-C**.

257) Press **Ctrl-Tab** to return to the custom C Sheet Format.

258) Click a **position** between the NAME and DATE column and the CHECKED and ENG APPR. row.


259) Press **Ctrl-V**.

260) Window-select the **text** in the Name column and the Date column.

261) Drag the **text** to center in the NAME column and DATE column.

262) Position the **mouse pointer** on the DrawnBy text. The Custom Property \$PRP:"DrawnBy" is displayed.

	NAME	DATE
DRAWN	□ □	□ □
CHECKED	□ □	□ □
ENG APPR.	□ □	□ □
MFG APPR.	□ □	□ □
Q.A.		
COMMENTS:		

	NAME	DATE	
DRAWN	□ □	□ □	 TITLE
CHECKED	□ □	□ □	
ENG APPR.	□ □	□ □	
MFG APPR.	□ □	□ □	
	□ □	□ □	

The NAME and DATE Custom Properties are saved with the Sheet Format. Enter the values for NAME and DATE in the drawing.

	NAME	DATE
DRAWN	□	
CHECKED		\$PRP:"DrawnBy"

Custom Properties in Parts and Assemblies

Define Custom Properties in parts and assemblies through the ConfigurationManager, Properties option. Insert Custom Properties from a part or assembly into the drawing. Create Description, Weight, Material and Revision Custom Properties as Linked Notes in the Sheet Format. Enter values for these Custom Properties in the part or assembly.

Activity: Custom Properties in Parts and Assemblies

Insert the Description Property.

263) Click **Note**.

264) Click a **position** to the right of the TITLE.

265) Enter **\$PRPSHEET: "Description"**.

266) Click **OK**.



The Note displays \$PRPSHEET:{Description}. Enter the Description value in the part or assembly Custom Properties. The value is linked to the TITLE box Note.

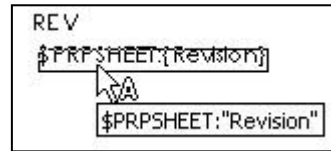
Insert the Revision Property.

267) Click **Note**.

268) Click a **position** below the REV text.

269) Enter **\$PRPSHEET: "Revision"**.

270) Click **OK**.



The Note displays \$PRPSHEET:{Revision}. Enter the Revision value in the part or assembly Custom Properties.

Edit the WEIGHT text and append the text \$PRPSHEET:"WEIGHT".

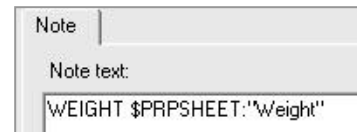
Insert the Weight Property.

271) Right-click **WEIGHT** text.

272) Click **Properties**.

273) Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"Weight"** to the right of the WEIGHT text.

274) Click **OK**.



Insert the Material Property.

275) Delete the ----- to the right of the MATERIAL box.

276) Click **Note**.

277) Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"Material"** to the right of the MATERIAL box.

278) Click **OK**.

MATERIAL	\$PRPSHEET:{Material}
TREATMENT	\$PRPSHEET:{Treatment}
FINISH	\$PRPSHEET:{Finish}

- 279)** Repeat for TREATMENT. Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"TREATMENT"** to the right of the TREATMENT box.
- 280)** Repeat for FINISH. Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"Finish"** to the right of the FINISH box.

Description, Revision, Weight, Material and Finish are predefined Custom Properties. Assign values in the part and assembly. The TREATMENT Custom Property is not defined. Create the TREATMENT Custom Property Name and value in the part through the ConfigurationManager, Custom Properties or a Design Table.

General Notes

General notes are annotations that describe additional information on a drawing. Conserve drawing time. Place common general notes in the Sheet Format.

The Engineering department stores general notes in a Notepad file, GENERALNOTES.TXT. General notes are usually located in a corner of a drawing.

Activity: General Notes

- 281)** Minimize the **SolidWorks window**. Do not close.

Create general notes from a text file.

- 282)** Double-click on the Notepad file, **MY-SHEETFORMATS\GENERALNOTES.TXT**.

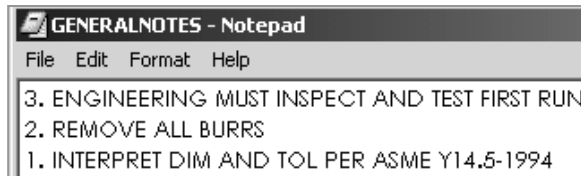
- 283)** Click **Ctrl A** to select the text in the Notepad file.

- 284)** Click **Ctrl C** to copy the text into the windows clipboard.

- 285)** Click the **Alt tab**.

- 286)** Select the **SolidWorks** icon.

- 287)** Click **Note A** from the Annotations toolbar.

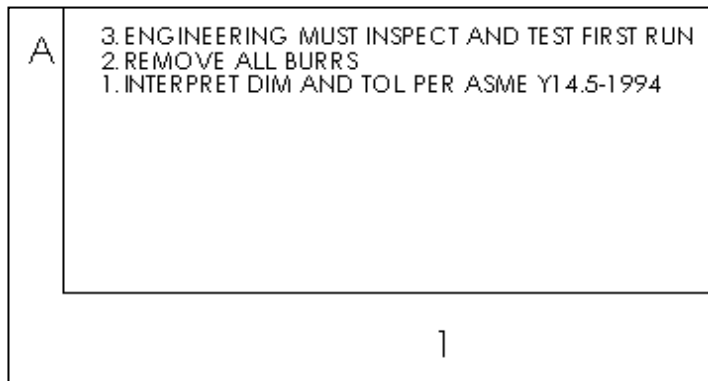


- 288)** Click a **start point** in the lower left hand corner of the Title block.

- 289)** Click **inside** the Note text box.

- 290)** Paste the three lines of text. Click **Ctrl V**.

- 291)** Click **OK**.



Tables

There are four different SolidWorks tables: Revision Table, Bill of Materials, Weldment and Hole Tables. Each table contains an Anchor point. An Anchor point locates the Table position in the Sheet Format. Access to the Anchor point is through the Table entry in the FeatureManager.

The Revision Table documents the history of a drawing. Locate the Revision Table Anchor point in the upper right corner of the Sheet Format. Address other tables in future projects.

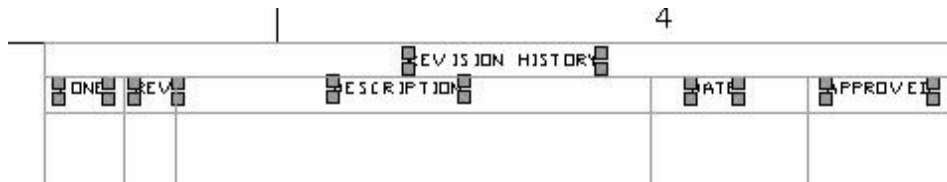
Activity: Revision Table Anchor Point

Delete the current Revision Table created in the Autocad format.

292) Zoom in on the upper right corner of the Sheet Format.

293) Window-select the **Revision Table**.

294) Click Delete.

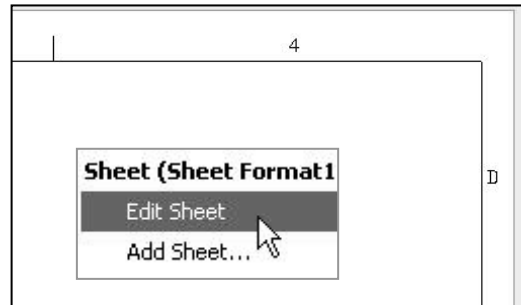


Return to the drawing sheet.

295) Right-click in the **Graphics window**.

296) Click Edit Sheet.

297) Fit the drawing to the Graphics window.
Press the **f** key.



Set the default layer.

298) Click None from the Layer text box.

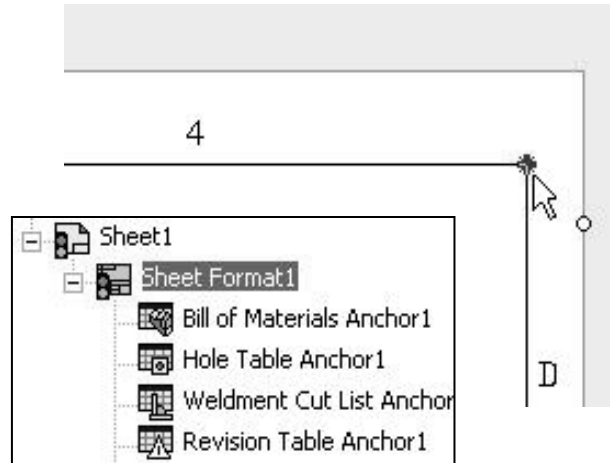


Set the Revision Table anchor point.

299) Expand Sheet Format1 in the Drawing FeatureManager.

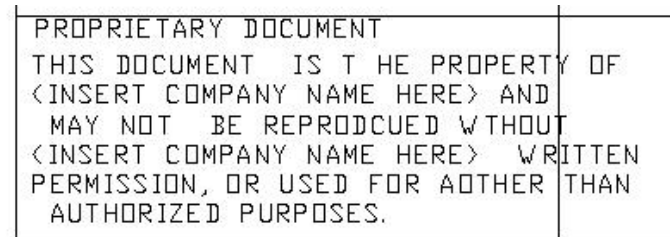
300) Right-click Revision Table Anchor1.

- 301) Click a **position** in the upper right corner of the Title block. You are in the Edit Sheet Format mode.
- 302) Right-click a **position** in the Graphics window.
- 303) Click **Edit Sheet**.



Two additional areas of the title block require editing. This action is addressed as an exercise at the end of the project.

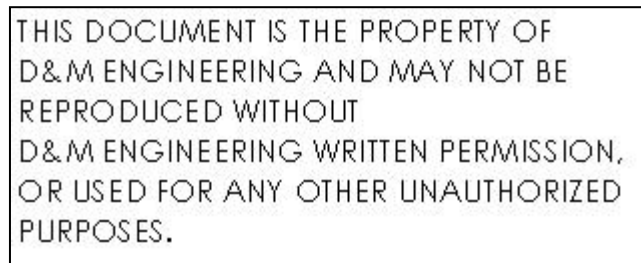
The AutoCAD Format utilized blocks in the original Proprietary Document statement.



Imported from Autocad, in block format.

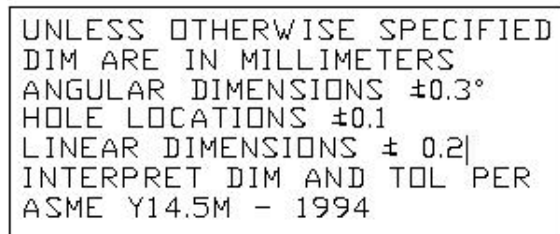
The paragraph was imported. Letters are missing. Each line is a separate block.

Delete the old note. Retype the note in SolidWorks.



Recreated in SolidWorks in paragraph format.

The Tolerance block is located in the title block. The Tolerance block provides information to the manufacturer on the minimum and maximum variation for each dimension on the drawing. If a specific tolerance or note is provided on the drawing, the specific tolerance or note will override the information in the Tolerance block.



The design requirements and the manufacturing process determine the general tolerance values.

The original Tolerance block lists values for inch parts. The Sheet Format is developed for a metric part. Modify the LINEAR DIMENSIONS tolerance to +/- 0.2mm.



More Information

Additional details on Sheet Properties, Properties and Custom Properties are available in Online help. Keywords: sheet properties, properties (custom, summary information), link (notes to property) and tables (anchor).



Review

The Sheet Format contains System Properties, Custom Properties and General Notes.

SW-File Name, SW-Sheet Scale, SW-Current Sheet and SW-Total Sheets were Notes in the Sheet Format linked to System Properties.

CompanyName, CONTRACT NUMBER, DrawnBy and DrawnDate were Notes in the Sheet Format linked to the Drawing Custom Properties. DrawnBy and DrawingDate were copied from an existing default Sheet Format.

Description, Revision, Material, Weight, Finish, and TREATMENT were Notes in the Sheet Format linked to Custom Properties in the part and assembly.

You inserted a picture file as an OLE object for a company logo and General Notes from a text file. You utilized a table anchor point to position future Revision Tables in the Title block.



Create Sheet Formats for different parts types. Example: sheetmetal parts, plastic parts and high precision machined parts. Create Sheet Formats for each category of the parts that are manufactured with unique sets of Notes and Custom Properties.

Review the Engineering Drawing Practices in your company as they relate to Custom Properties and Sheet Formats. Create a table. List the following:

- Identify the required Sheet Formats.
- Identify the required SolidWorks Properties to control the design process.
- Identify the required Custom Properties to control the design process.
- Determine the required values for each Property.
- Determine the correct location to define the Property: part, assembly or drawing.

Save Sheet Format and Save Drawing Template

The Sheet Format (.slddrt) and Drawing Template (.drwdot) utilize two different commands to save the current drawing document (.drw). Utilize the File, Save Sheet Format option to create the Sheet Format. Sheet Formats are stored in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder.

Utilize the File, Save As and select Drawing Template option to create the Drawing Template.

Combine the C-FORMAT Sheet Format with the empty Drawing Template. The C-FORMAT Sheet Format is contained in every Sheet of the drawing in the C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.

Save the Sheet Format and Drawing Templates in the Edit Sheet mode. Insert Views into the drawing in Edit Sheet mode. Views cannot be displayed in the Edit Sheet Format mode.

Set the layer option to None. The current layer saves with the Drawing Template.

Create a new drawing to test the Sheet Format and the Drawing Template. The Add Sheet option inserts a second sheet into the current drawing.

Activity: Sheet Format and Drawing Template

Save the Sheet Format.

304) Click **File, Save Sheet Format**.

305) Click **Browse**.

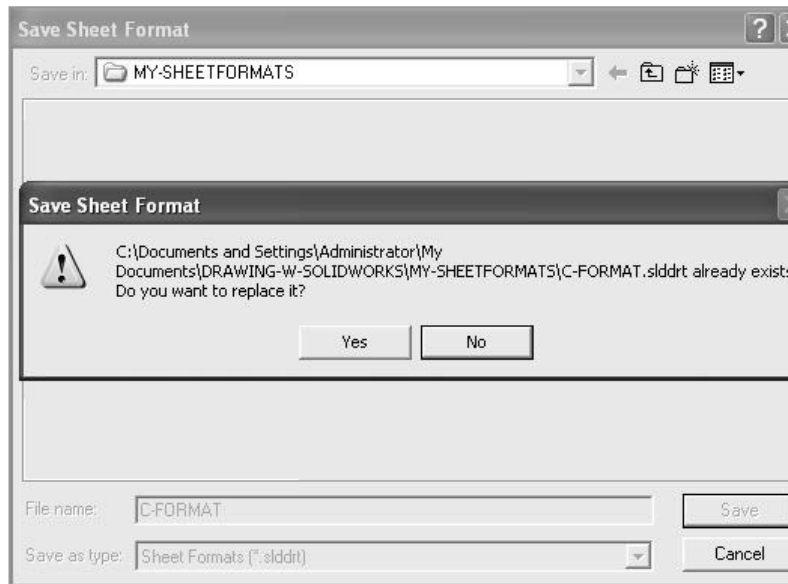
306) Select the **MY-SHEETFORMATS** for Save in folder.

307) Select the **C-FORMAT.slddrt** sheet format.

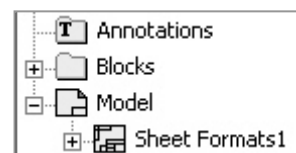
308) Click **Save**.

309) Click **Yes** to overwrite the existing sheet format.

310) Click **OK**.

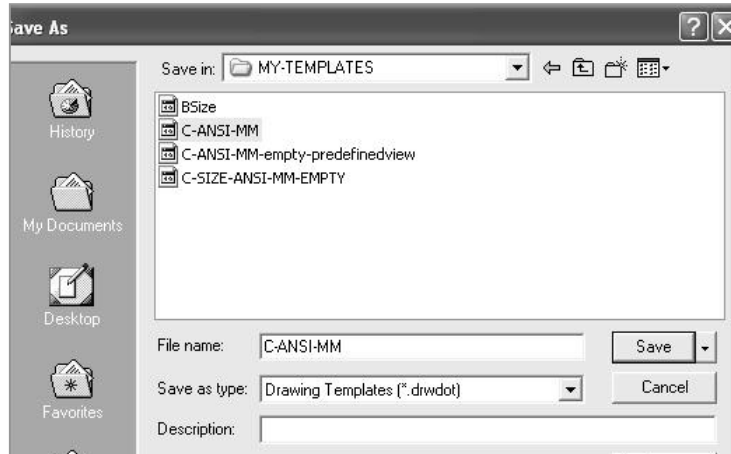


The Sheet Formats1 icon is displayed in the Feature Manager.



Save the Drawing Template.

- 311)** Click **File, Save As**.
- 312)** Select **Drawing Template (*.drwdot)** for Save as Type.
- 313)** Select **MY-TEMPLATES** for Save in folder.
- 314)** Enter **C-ANSI-MM** for File name.
- 315)** Click **Save**.

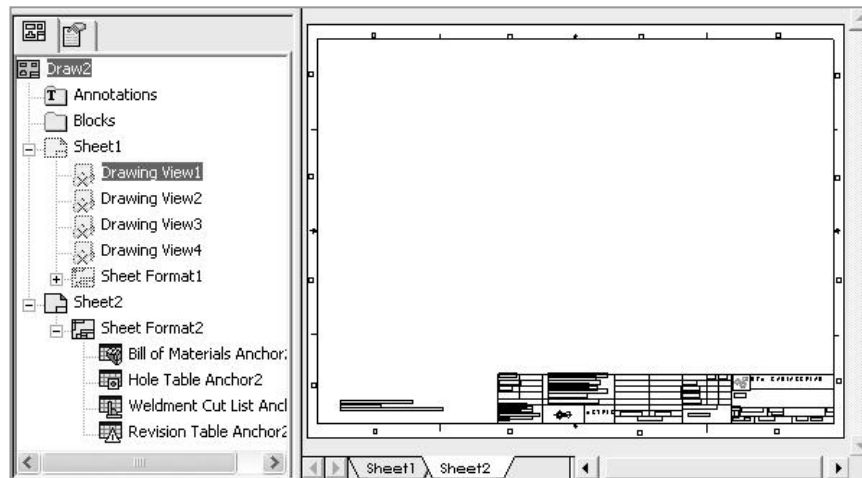


Close all documents.

- 316)** Click **Windows, Close All**.
- 317)** Click **No** to the questions: "Save DRAW1 and Save DRAW2."

Verify the template.

- 318)** Click **New**.
- 319)** Click the **MY-TEMPLATES** tab.
- 320)** Click the **C-ANSI-MM** template. The C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template is displayed with the Sheet Format.
- 321)** Click **OK**.



Add Sheet2

- 322)** Right-click the **Sheet1** tab.
- 323)** Click **Add Sheet**. The C-Format is select in the Sheet Properties dialog box.
- 324)** Click **OK**.

Close all files.

- 325)** Click **Windows**.
- 326)** Click **Close All**.

A - size Drawing Template

Create an A size Drawing Template and an A size Sheet Format. Text size for an A-size drawing is the same as a C-size drawing.

Utilize the empty C-size Drawing Template to copy the Document Properties.

Create an A-ANSI-MM Drawing Template. Add an A-size Sheet Format.

SolidWorks copies the Document Properties in the C-size Drawing Template to the A-size Drawing Template.

The MY-SHEETFORMATS folder contains a predefined Sheet Format named, A-FORMAT. The A-FORMAT contains geometry, text and dimensions. The current layer is set to None.

The Drawing Template controls the units.

Activity: A-size Drawing Template

Create a new A-size drawing template.

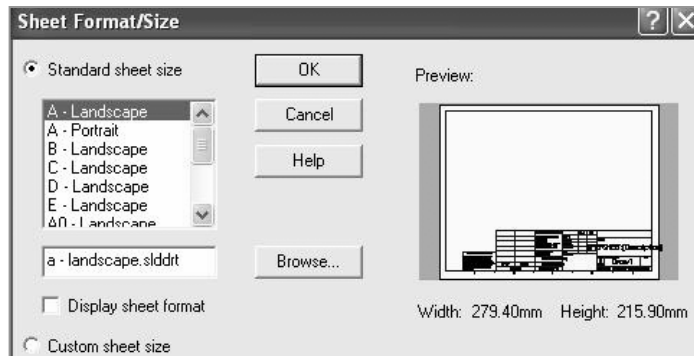
327) Click **New**.

328) Select **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY**.

329) Uncheck **Display Sheet Format**.

330) Select **A-Landscape** for Standard sheet size.

331) Click **OK**.



Fit the template to the Graphics window.

332) Press the **f** key.

Save the A-size Drawing Template.

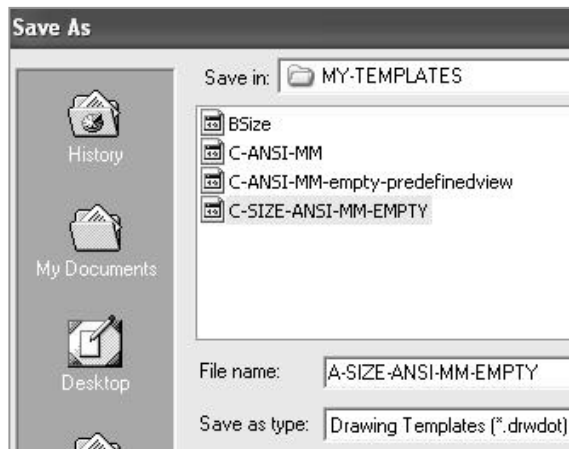
333) Click **File, Save As**.

334) Select **Drawing Templates** for Save as type.

335) **Browse** to the MY-TEMPLATES file folder.

336) Enter **A-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY** for File name.

337) Click the **Save** button.



Load the Custom A-size sheet format.

338) Right-click in the **Graphics window**.

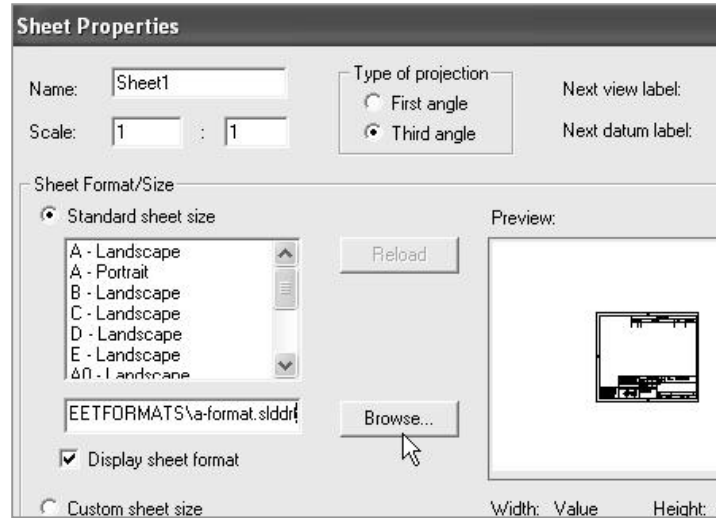
339) Click **Properties**.

340) Click **Standard sheet format** for the Sheet Format.

341) Click **Browse**.

342) Select **A-FORMAT.slddrf** from the MY-SHEETFORMAT file folder.

343) Click **OK**.



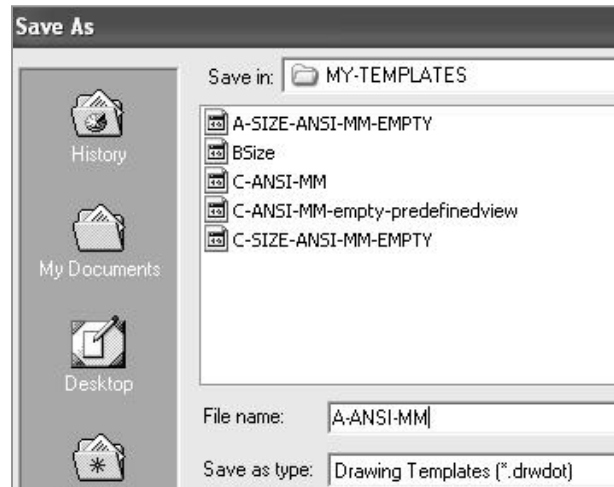
Save the new Drawing Template.

344) Click **File, SaveAs**.

345) Select **Drawing Templates (*.drwdot)** for Save as type.

346) Select the **MY-TEMPLATES** file folder.

347) Enter **A-ANSI-MM**.



Close all documents.

348) Click **Windows, Close All**.

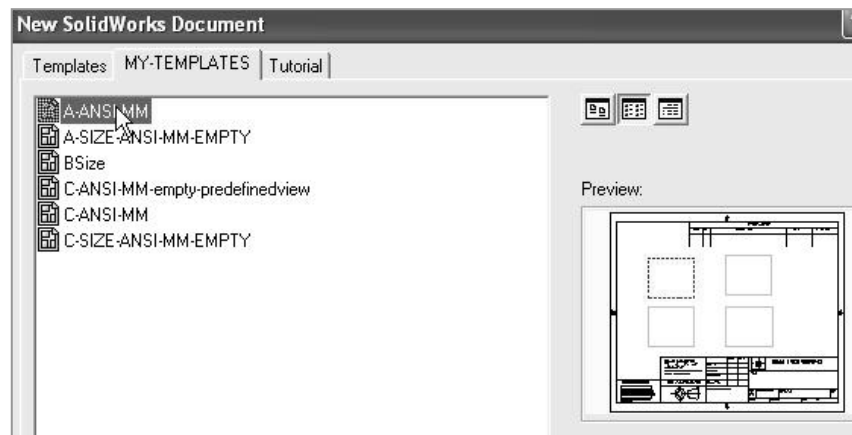
Verify the Template.

349) Click **New**.

350) Click the **MY-TEMPLATES** tab.

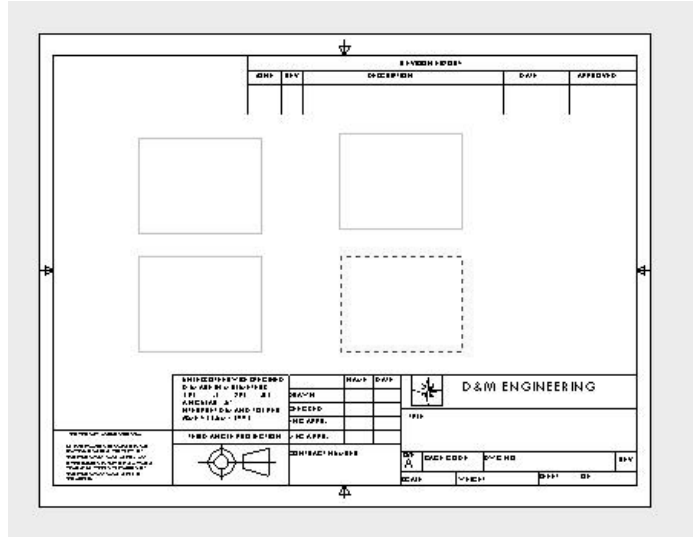
351) Click the **A-ANSI-MM** template.

352) Click **OK**.



Close all documents.

353) Click **Windows, Close All**.



Project Summary

In this project, you created a custom C-size and A-size Drawing Template and Sheet Format. The Drawing Template and Sheet Format contained global drawing and detailing standards.

You obtained and applied drawing properties that reflect the ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Drawing Practices.

You performed the task of importing an AutoCAD drawing to create and modify a custom Sheet Format.

The Sheet Format utilized System Properties and User defined Custom Properties through Linked Notes.

The A-ANSI-MM and C-ANSI-MM Drawing Templates and A-FORMAT and C-FORMAT Sheet Formats are use in the next Project.

Review additional topics in the project exercise. Example: Create Drawing Templates for inch Document Properties. Import a Pro\ENGINEER Sheet Format into SolidWorks.

Project Terminology

ANSI: American National Standards Institute.

ASME: American Society of Mechanical Engineers. ASME is the publisher of the Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices. ASME Y14.5M-1994 is a revision of ANSI Y14.5-1982.

CommandManager: Display of toolbars based on the selection in the Control Area.

Drawing Template: A document that is the foundation of a new drawing. The Drawing Template contains document properties and user-defined parameters such as sheet format. The extension for the Drawing Template filename is .DRWDOT.

Drawing: A 2D representation of a 3D part or assembly. The extension for a SolidWorks drawing filename is .SLDDRW.

Feature Manager: An outline view of the active part, assembly or drawing displayed on the left side of the SolidWorks window.

Hidden Lines Removed (HLR): A view mode. All edges of the model that are not visible from the current view angle are removed from the display.

Hidden Lines Visible (HLV): A view mode. All edges of the model that are not visible from the current view angle are shown gray or dashed.

Import: The ability to open files from other software applications into a SolidWorks document. The A-size sheet format was created as an AutoCAD file and imported into SolidWorks.

Layers: Simplifies a drawing by combining dimensions, annotations, geometry and components. Properties such as: display, line style and thickness are assigned to a named layer.

Menus: Menus provide access to the commands that the SolidWorks software offers.

Mouse Buttons: The left and right mouse buttons have distinct meanings in SolidWorks.

OLE (Object Linking and Embedding): A Windows file format. A company logo or EXCEL spreadsheet placed inside a SolidWorks document are examples of OLE files.

Part: A 3D object made up of features. A part inserted into an assembly is called a component. Insert part views, feature dimensions and annotations into 2D drawing. The extension for a SolidWorks part filename is .SLDPRT.

Plane: To create a sketch, choose a plane. Planes are flat and infinite. Planes are represented on the screen with visible edges. The default reference plane for this project is Front.

Properties: Variables shared between documents through linked notes.

Sheet Format: A document that contains the following: page size and orientation, standard text, borders, logos and title block information. Customize the sheet format to save time. The extension for the Sheet Format filename is .SLDDRT.

Sheet: A page in a drawing document.

System Feedback: Feedback is provided by a symbol attached to the cursor arrow indicating your selection. As the cursor floats across the model, feedback is provided in the form of symbols riding next to the cursor.

Toolbars: The toolbar menus provide shortcuts enabling you to access the most frequently used commands.

Questions

1. Name the drawing options defined in the Drawing Template.
2. Name five drawing items that are contained in the Sheet Format.
3. Identify the paper dimensions required for an A-size horizontal drawing.
4. Identify the paper dimensions required for an A4 horizontal drawing.
5. Name the Size option you select in order to define a custom paper width and height.
6. Identify the primary type of projection utilized in a drawing in the United States.
7. Describe the steps to display and modify the properties in a drawing sheet.
8. Identify the location of the stored System Options.
9. Name the display modes for drawing views using SolidWorks 2004.
10. True or False. SolidWorks Line Font Types define all ASME Y14.2 type and style of lines.
11. Identify all Dimensioning standards options supported by SolidWorks.
12. Identify 10 drawing items that are contained in a title block.
13. SolidWorks Properties are saved with the _____ Format.
14. The Drawing Template ends with the file extension _____.
15. A Sheet Format ends with the file extension _____.
16. An AutoCAD drawing ends with the file extension _____.
17. Describe the procedure to insert a Picture file into the Sheet Format.
18. True or False. Custom Properties are defined only in the Drawing Template.

Exercises

Notes for Exercise 1.1 through Exercise 1.3:

Create Drawing Templates for both inch and Metric units. ASME Y14.5M has different rules for English and Metric unit decimal display.

English decimal display: If a dimension value is less than 1 inch, no leading zero is displayed before the decimal point. See Table 1 for details.

Metric decimal display: If a dimension value is less than 1mm, a leading zero is displayed before the decimal point. See Table 1 for details.

Specify General Tolerances in the Title Block. Specific tolerances are applied to an individual dimension.

Select ANSI for the SolidWorks Dimensioning Standard. Select inch or metric for Drawing units.

Table 1 Tolerance Display for INCH and METRIC DIMENSIONS (ASME Y14.5M)		
Display	Inch	Metric
Dimensions less than 1	.5	0.5
Unilateral Tolerance	1.417 ^{+0.005} _{-.000}	36 ⁰ _{-0.5}
Bilateral Tolerance	1.417 ^{+0.010} _{-.020}	36 ^{+0.25} _{-0.50}
Limit Tolerance	.571 .463	14.50 11.50

Exercise 1.1:

- a) Create an A-size ANSI Drawing Template using inch units. Use an A-FORMAT Sheet Format.
- b) Create a C-size ANSI Drawing Template using inch units. Use a C-FORMAT Sheet Format.

The minimum ASME Y14.2M letter height for Title Block is displayed in Table 2.

- c) Create three new layers named:
 - DETAILS.
 - HIDE DIMS.
 - CNST DIMS (Construction Dimensions).

Create new layers to display the CHAIN, PHANTOM and STITCH lines.

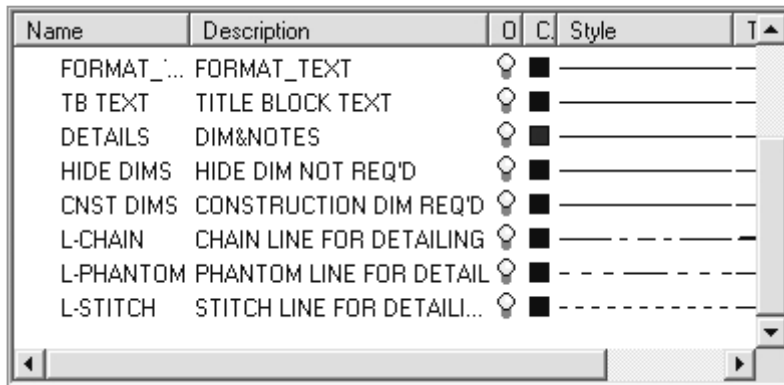


TABLE 2 Minimum Letter Height for TITLE BLOCK (ASME Y14.2M)	
Title Block Text	Letter Height (inches) for A, B, C Drawing Size
Drawing Title, Drawing Size, Cage Code, Drawing Number, Revision Letter	.12
Section and view letters	.24
Drawing block letters	.10
All other characters	.10

Exercise 1.2:

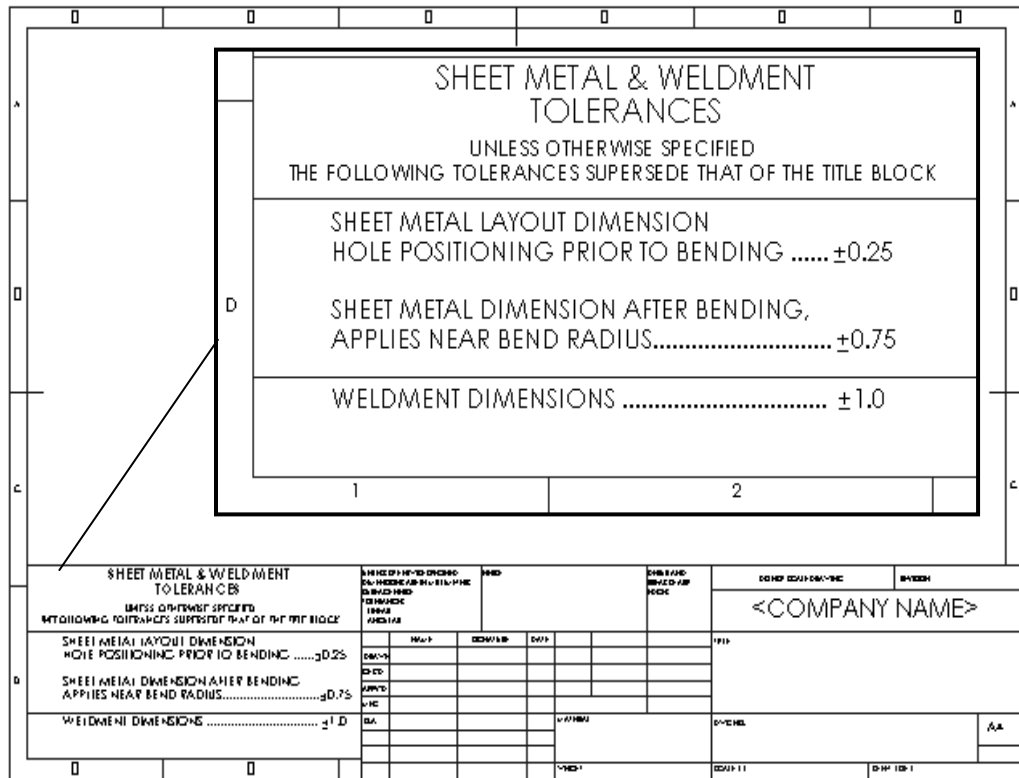
Create an A4(horizontal) ISO Drawing Template. Use Document Properties to set the ISO dimension standard and millimeter units.

Exercise 1.3:

Modify the SolidWorks Drawing Template A4-ISO. Edit Sheet Format to include a new Sheet Metal & Weldment Tolerances box on the left hand side of the Sheet Format, Figure EX1.3.

Display sketched end points to create new lines for the Tolerance box. Click Tools, Options, System Options, Sketch. Check Display entity points. The endpoints are displayed for Sketch lines.

Figure EX1.3

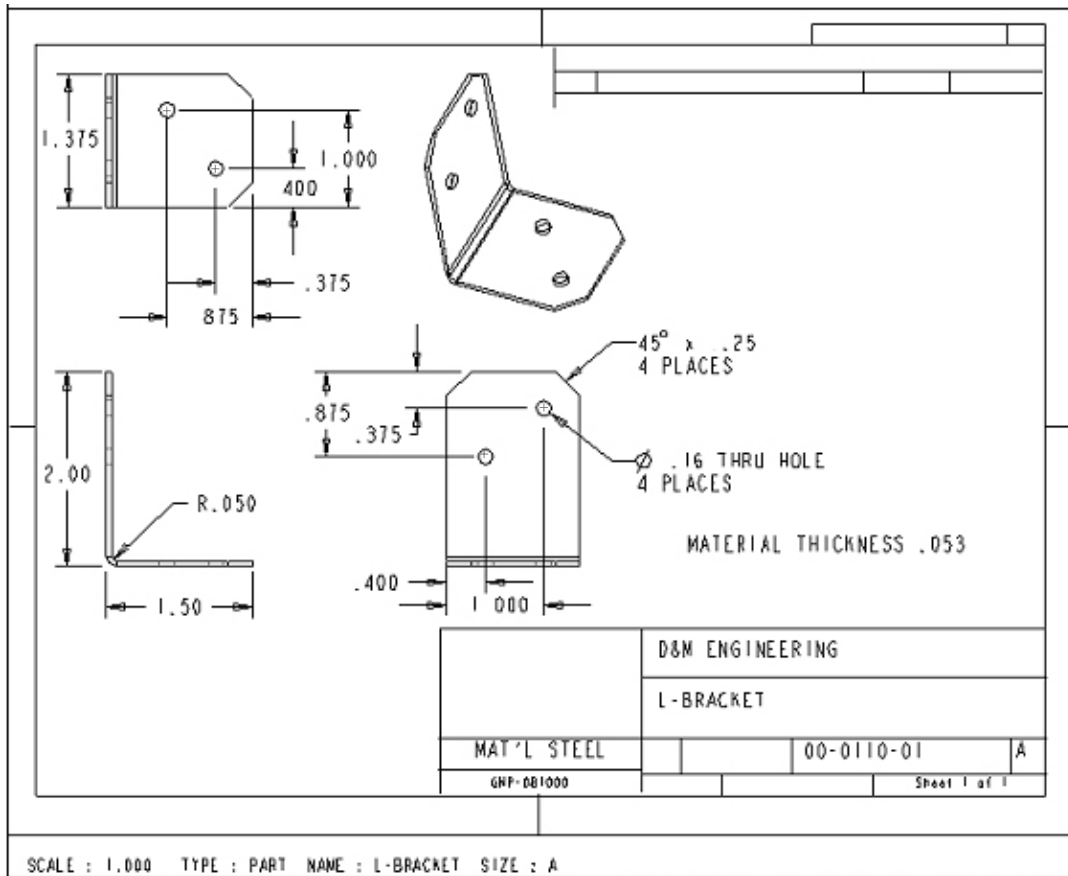


SHEET METAL & WELDMENT TOLERANCES Box
Courtesy of Ismecca, USA Inc. Vista, CA.

Exercise 1.4:

You are not required to have Pro/E to perform this exercise. Your company uses SolidWorks and Pro/ENGINEER to manufacture Sheet Metal parts, Figure EX1.4. Import the empty A-size drawing format, FORMAT-A-PRO-E.DWG located in the DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS file folder. This document was exported from Pro/E as a DWG file. Save the PRO/E drawing format as a SolidWorks Sheet Format.

Figure EX1.4



SHEET METAL STRONG TIE REINFORCING BRACKET,
 Courtesy of Simpson Strong Tie Corporation, CA, USA.

Exercise 1.5:

You are required to have AutoCAD to perform this exercise. Your company uses SolidWorks and AutoCAD. Open an A-size drawing template from AutoCAD. Review the Dimension Variables (DIMVARS) in AutoCAD. Record the DIMSTATUS for the following variables:

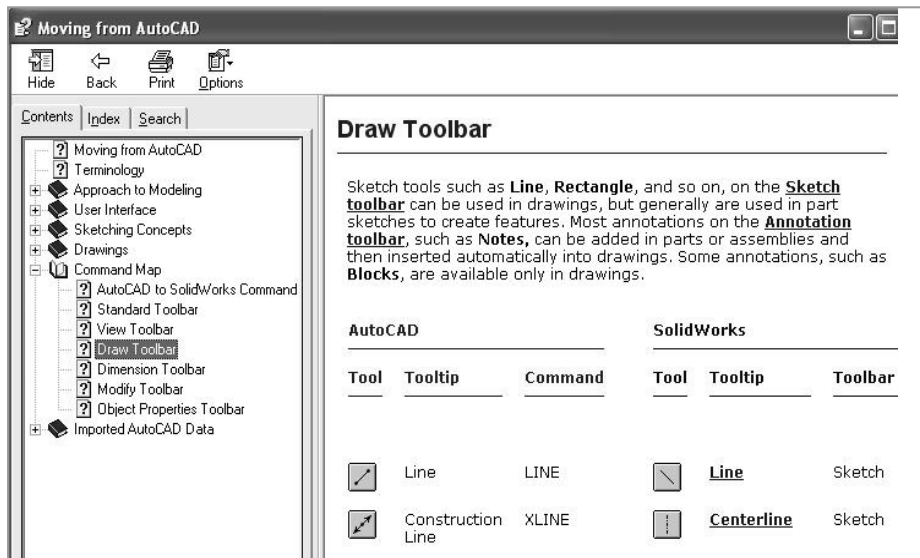
AutoCAD:	Function:
DIMTXSTY	Dimensioning Text Style
DIMASZ	Arrow size
DIMCEN	Center Mark size
DIMDEC	Decimal Places
DIMTDEC	Tolerance Decimal Places
DIMTXT	Text Height
DIMDLI	Space between dimension lines for Baseline dimensioning

Identify the corresponding values in SolidWorks Document Properties to contain the AutoCAD dimension variables. Utilize Help, Moving from AutoCAD in SolidWorks. Select CommandMap, Draw Toolbar and Dimension Toolbar.

Define Favorite dimension style settings for a particular dimension. Apply Favorite dimension styles to other dimensions on the drawing, part and assembly documents.

Note: Early AutoCAD drawing formats contain fonts not supported in a Windows environment. These fonts imported into SolidWorks will be misaligned in the Sheet Format. Modify older AutoCAD formats to a True Type Font in SolidWorks.

For additional information on the transition between 2D AutoCAD and 3D SolidWorks, select the Draw Toolbar option in Online help, Moving from AutoCAD.



Notes: