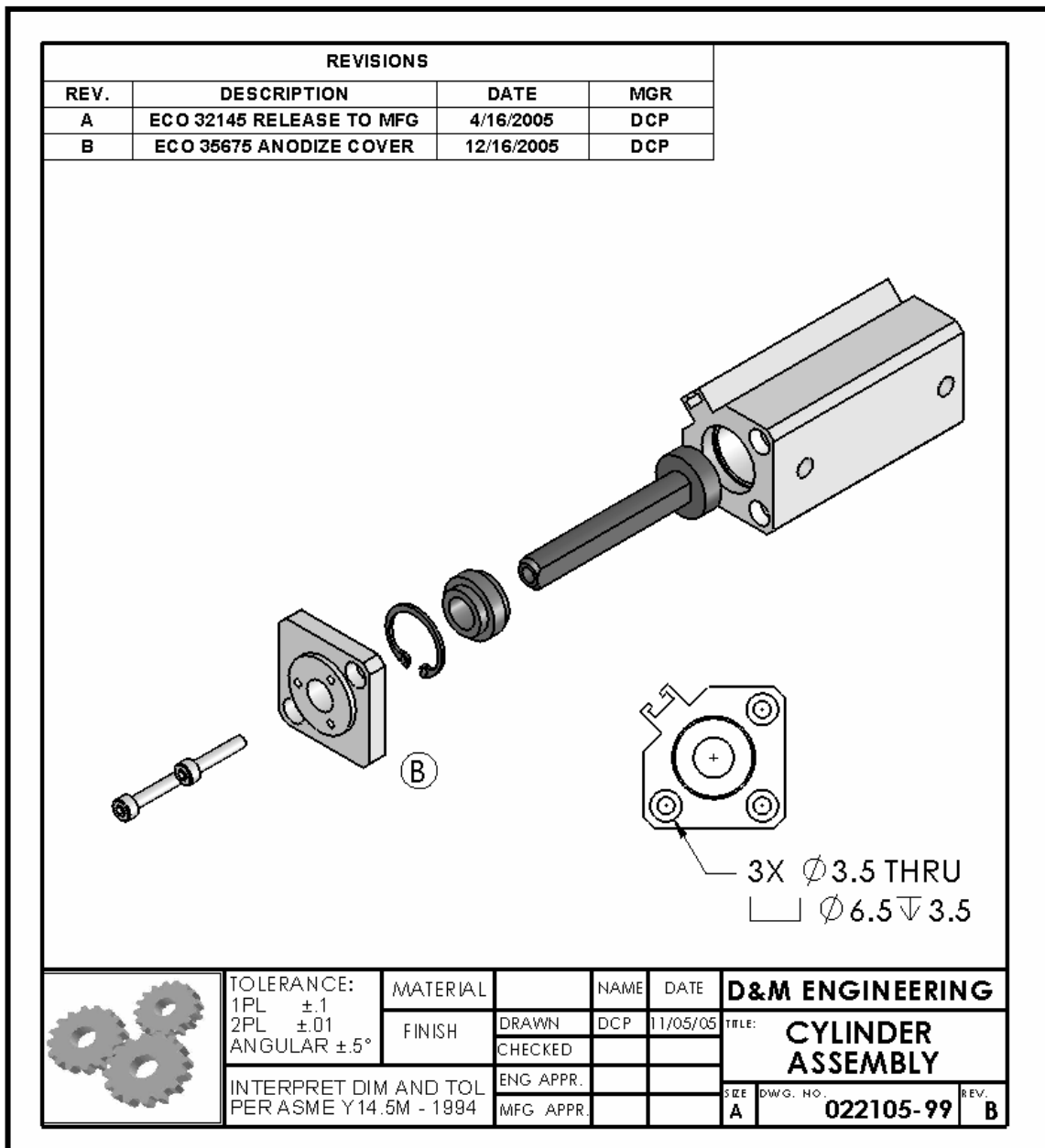


Drawing and Detailing

with SolidWorks 2005

By David C. Planchard and Marie P. Planchard

Referencing the ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices



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PUBLICATIONS



Schroff Development Corporation

www.schroff.com
www.schroff-europe.com

Project 1

Drawing Template and Sheet Format

REVISION HISTORY				
ZONE	REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
DRAWING DIMENSIONS
1st 1/2 2nd 1/2
ANGULAR 1/2
HORIZONTAL DIMENSIONS
ASME Y14.5M - 1994

NAME DATE

DRAWN

CHECKED

ENG APPR.

D&M ENGINEERING

1111

PROJECT AND COMMENTS

1) NO DIMENSIONS
2) NO DIMENSIONS
3) NO DIMENSIONS
4) NO DIMENSIONS
5) NO DIMENSIONS
6) NO DIMENSIONS
7) NO DIMENSIONS
8) NO DIMENSIONS
9) NO DIMENSIONS
10) NO DIMENSIONS

THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION

CONTRACT NUMBER

SCALE: 1/2" = 1"

DATE: 11/11/01

BY: 11/11/01

Below are the desired outcomes and usage competencies based on the completion of Project 1.

Project Desired Outcomes:	Usage Competencies:
- Two Drawing Templates: - C-Size Drawing Template. - A-Size Drawing Template.	- Ability to apply Document Properties to reflect the ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Drawing Practices. - Understand the System Options and Document Properties that affect the Drawing and Drawing Template.
C-Size Sheet Format.	- Import an AutoCAD file as a Sheet Format. - Insert SolidWorks System Properties and Custom Properties.

Notes:



Project 1-Drawing Template and Sheet Format

Project Objective

Develop a C-size Drawing Template and C-size Sheet Format. Create an A-size Drawing Template.

On the completion of this project, you will be able to:

- Utilize the CommandManager, Toolbars, menus and User interface as they relate to the drawings.
- Distinguish the System Options and Document Properties as they relate to the drawings and templates.
- Modify File Locations reference for the Templates.
- Recognize Document Properties referenced in the Drawing Template.
- Create an empty C-size Drawing Template. Propagate the settings to the drawing sizes.
- Import an AutoCAD drawing as a SolidWorks C-size Sheet Format.
- Combine an empty Drawing Template and Sheet Format to create a C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.
- Develop Linked Notes to SolidWorks Properties and Custom Properties in the Sheet Format.
- Insert an OLE picture file into the Title block as a company logo.
- Create an A-ANSI-MM Drawing Template by combining information from the C-size Template and A-size Sheet Format.

In Project 1, utilize the following SolidWorks tools and commands.

SolidWorks Tools and Commands:				
User Interface:	Tools, Options	Tools, Options	Document Properties,	Properties:
CommandManager	System Options:	Document Properties:	Detailing:	System Properties
Control Area	Drawings	Detailing	Dimensions	Custom
Drawing Toolbar	Display Style	Grid/Snap	Notes	User defined
Sketch Toolbar	Tangent Edge	Units	Arrows	Linked Notes
Annotations Toolbar	File Locations	Line Font	Virtual Sharps	View Properties
Line Formats		Dimensioning	Annotation	DXF/DWG Import
Toolbar		Standard	Display	OLE Picture File
Main menu	Sheet Properties:		Annotation Font	File, Save As, Drawing
Keyboard Shortcuts	Sheet Name	Edit Sheet/Edit Sheet	Tables	Template
	Scale	Format	View Labels	File, Save Sheet
Online help	Paper Size			Format

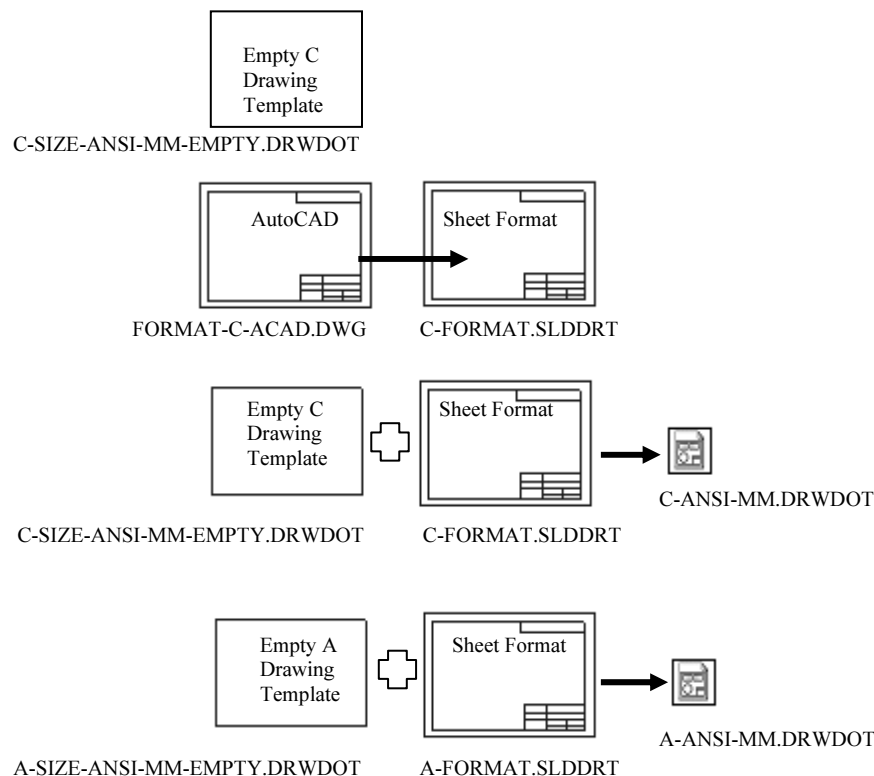
Project Overview

Your responsibilities as the designer include developing drawings that adhere to the ASME Y14 American National Standard for Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices. The foundation for a SolidWorks drawing is the Drawing Template. Drawing size, drawing standards, units and other properties are defined in the Drawing Template.

Sheet Formats contain the following: border, title block, revision block, company name, logo, SolidWorks Properties and Custom Properties. You are under time constraints to complete the project. Conserve drawing time. Create a custom Drawing Template and Sheet Format.

Perform the following tasks in this Project:

- Modify Document Properties and create an empty C-size Drawing Template.
- Import an AutoCAD drawing and save the drawing as a C-size Sheet Format.
- Add System Properties and Custom Properties to the Sheet Format.
- Combine the empty Drawing Template and imported the Sheet Format to create the C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.
- Generate an empty A-size Drawing Template. Modify an existing SolidWorks A-size Sheet Format.
- Create an A-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.



Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices

Drawing Templates in this section are based on the American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME Y14 American National Standard for Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices.

These standards represent the drawing practices used by U.S. industry. The ASME Y14 practices supersede the American National Standards Institute ANSI standards.

The ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices are published by The American Society of Mechanical Engineers, New York, NY. References to the current ASME Y14 standards are used with permission.

ASME Y14 Standard Name:	American National Standard Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation:	Revision of the Standard:
ASME Y14.100M-1998	Engineering Drawing Practices	DOD-STD-100
ASME Y14.1-1995	Decimal Inch Drawing Sheet Size and Format	ANSI Y14.1
ASME Y14.1M-1995	Metric Drawing Sheet Size and Format	ANSI Y14.1M
ASME Y14.24M	Types and Applications of Engineering Drawings	ANSI Y14.24M
ASME Y14.2M(Reaffirmed 1998)	Line Conventions and Lettering	ANSI Y14.2M
ASME Y14.3M-1994	Multiview and Sectional View Drawings	ANSI Y14.3
ASME Y14.41-2003	Digital Product Definition Data Practices	N/A
ASME Y14.5M –1994 (Reaffirmed 1999)	Dimensioning and Tolerancing	ANSI Y14.5-1982 (R1988)

The book presents a portion of the ASME Y14 American National Standard for Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices.

Information presented in Projects 1 - 5 represents sample illustrations of a drawing, view and or dimension type.

The ASME Y14 Standards Committee develops and maintains additional Drawing Standards. Members of these committees are from Industry, Department of Defense and Academia.

Companies create their own drawing standards based on one or more of the following:

- ASME Y14.
- ISO or other International drawing standards.
- Older ANSI standards.
- Military standards.

Note: There is also the “We’ve always done it this way” drawing standard or “Go ask the Drafting Supervisor” drawing standard.

File Management

File management organizes parts, assemblies and drawings. File management is utilized to organize Drawing Templates and Sheet Formats.

Why do you require file management? Answer: Organize documents. A top level assembly necessitates hundreds or even thousands of drawings to document its parts and sub-assemblies. Drawings utilize various Drawing Templates and Sheet Formats.

Parts, assemblies and drawings are distributed between team members to conserve development time. Design changes occur frequently in the development process. How do you manage and control changes? Answer: Through file management. File management is a very important tool in the development process.

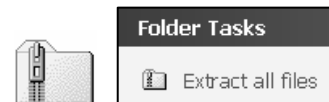
Utilize file folders to organize projects, vendor components, templates and libraries.

The documents required to complete the projects in Drawing and Detailing with SolidWorks 2005 are only available Online at www.schroff1.com.

Activity: File Management

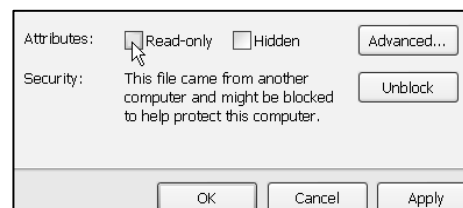
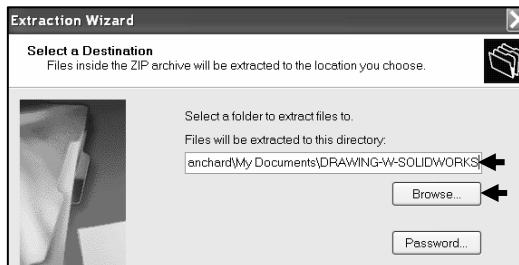
Download the required 2005 zip file folder from www.schroff1.com.

- 1) Enter **www.schroff1.com** from your web browser.
- 2) Click the hypertext: **Drawing and Detailing with SolidWorks 2005**.
- 3) Double-click the **zip file**. Click **Extract all files**.
- 4) Click **Next**.
- 5) Click **Browse**. Select the **My Documents** folder.



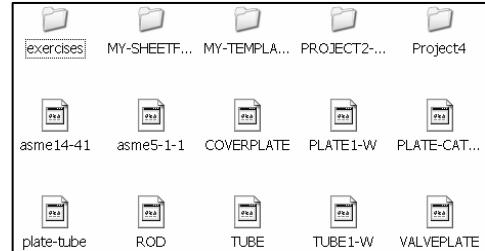
Select a Destination folder.

- 6) Enter **\DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS** in the Files will be extracted to this directory text box. The text box displays \My Documents\DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS.
- 7) Click **Next** to extract the files.
- 8) Click **Finish**.
- 9) Right-click **\My Documents\DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS** folder.
- 10) Click **Properties**.
- 11) Uncheck **Read Only**.
- 12) Click **Apply**.
- 13) Check **Apply Changes to folders, subfolders and files**. Click **OK**.
- 14) Click **OK**.



The DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS folder contains multiple folders.

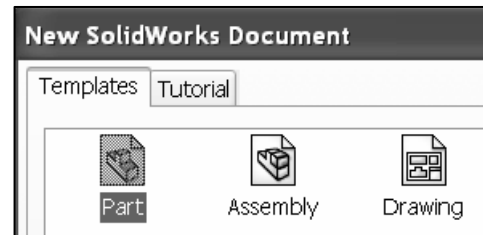
Store project Drawing Templates in the MY-TEMPLATES file folder. Store project Sheet Formats in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder.



Default Drawing Template, Sheet Format and Sheet Size

The foundation of a SolidWorks drawing is the Drawing Template. Drawing sheet size, drawing standards, company information, manufacturing and or assembly requirements; units, layers, line styles and other properties are defined in the Drawing Template.

The Sheet Format is incorporated into the Drawing Template. The Sheet Format contains the following; sheet border, title block and revision block information, company name and or logo information, Custom Properties and SolidWorks Properties.



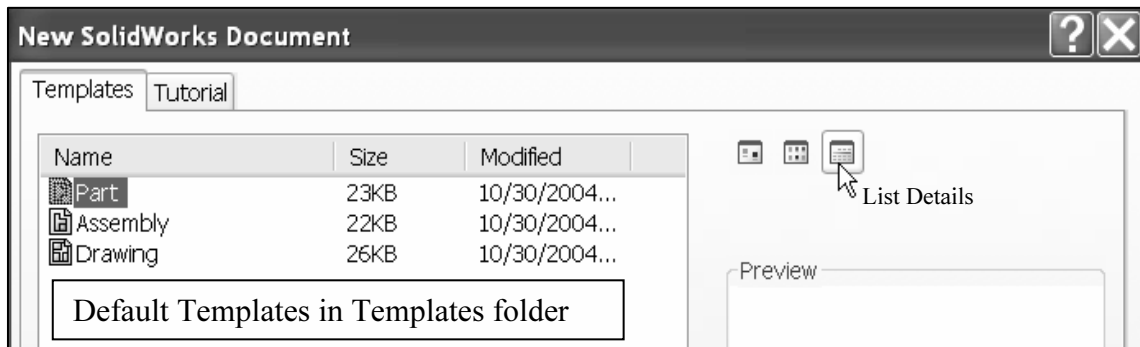
SolidWorks starts with a default Drawing Template, Drawing.drwdot.

The default Drawing Template is located in the \SolidWorks\Data\Templates folder.

SolidWorks is the name of the installation folder.

New SolidWorks Document

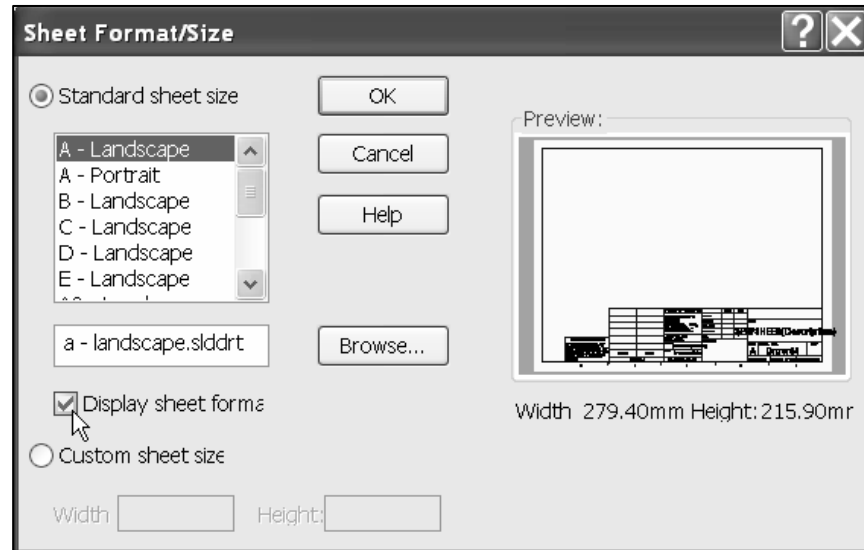
The Templates folder corresponds to the Templates tab displayed in the New SolidWorks Document dialog box. The List Details option displays the full Name, Size and Modified date.



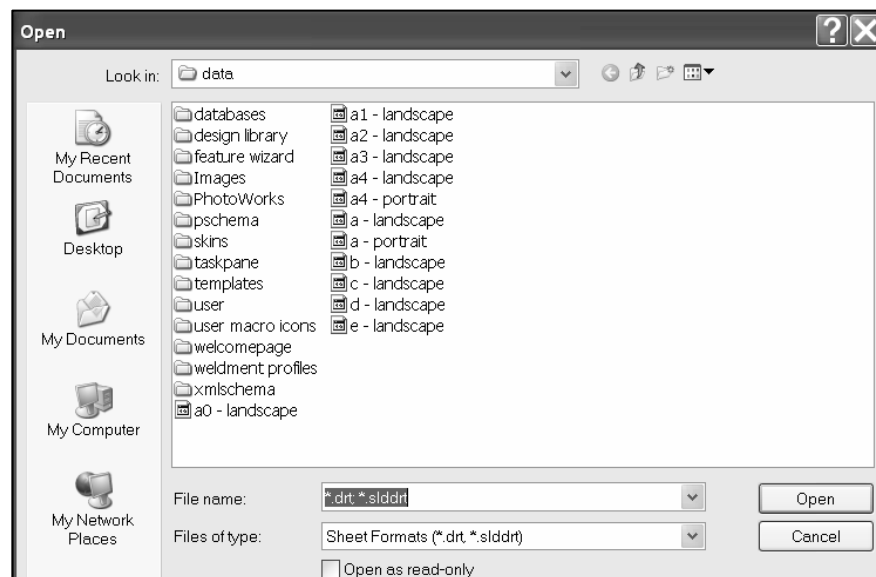
Sheet Format/Size

The Sheet Format/Size dialog box defines the Sheet Format and the paper size. The U.S. default Standard Sheet Format is A-Landscape.slddrt.

The Display sheet format option toggles the sheet format display on/off.



The Standard Sheet Formats are located in the \SolidWorks\Data folder.



ASME Y14.1 Drawing Sheet Size and Format

There are two ASME standards that define sheet size and format. They are:

1. ASME Y14.1-1995 Decimal Inch Drawing Sheet Size and Format
2. ASME Y14.1M-1995 Metric Drawing Sheet Size.

Drawing Size refers to the physical paper size used to create the drawing. The most common paper size in the U.S. is the A size: (8.5in. x 11in.).

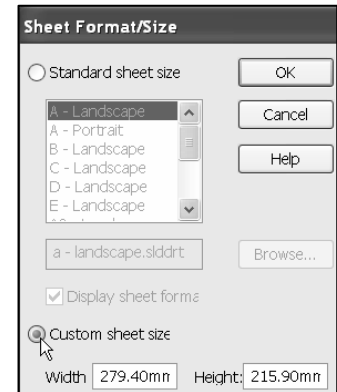
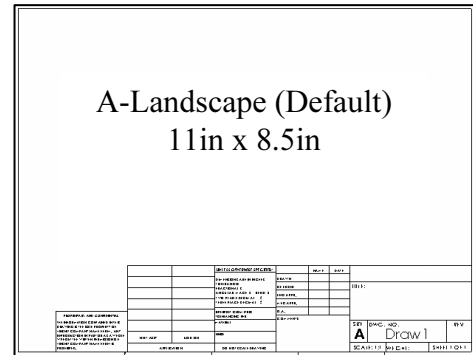
The most common paper size internationally is the A4 size: (210mm x 297mm). The ASME Y14.1-1995 and ASME Y14.1M-1995 standards contain both a horizontal and vertical format for A and A4 size respectively. The corresponding SolidWorks format is Landscape for horizontal and Portrait for vertical.

SolidWorks predefines U.S. drawing sizes A through E. Drawing sizes F, G, H, J & K utilize the Custom sheet size option. Enter values for Width and Height. SolidWorks predefines metric drawing sizes A4 through A0. Metric roll paper sizes utilize the Custom sheet size option.

The ASME Y14.1-1995 Decimal Inch Drawing and ASME Y14.1M-1995 Metric Sheet Size standard are as follows:

Drawing Size: "Physical Paper"	Size in inches:	
	Vertical	Horizontal
A horizontal (landscape)	8.5	11.0
A vertical (portrait)	11.0	8.5
B	11.0	17.0
C	17.0	22.0
D	22.0	34.0
E	34.0	44.0
F	28.0	40.0
G, H, J and K apply to roll sizes, User Defined		

Drawing Size: "Physical Paper" Metric	Size in Millimeters:	
	Vertical	Horizontal
A0	841	1189
A1	594	841
A2	420	594
A3	297	420
A4 horizontal (landscape)	210	297
A4 vertical (portrait)	297	210

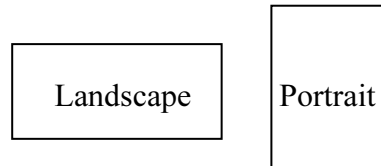


Use caution when sending electronic drawings between U.S. and International colleagues. Drawing paper sizes will vary. Example: An A-size (11in. x 8.5in.) drawing (280mm x 216mm) does not fit a A4 metric drawing (297mm x 210mm). Use a larger paper size or scale the drawing using the printer setup options.

Start a new session of SolidWorks. Create a new drawing with the default Drawing Template. Utilize C paper size with no sheet format displayed.

The sheet border defines the C drawing size: 22in. x 17in, (558.80mm x 431.80mm). A new Graphics window displays the C-Landscape Drawing, named Draw1.

Landscape indicates that the larger dimension is along the horizontal. A-Portrait and A4-Portrait indicate that the larger dimension is along the vertical.



Activity: Default Drawing Template

Start a SolidWorks session.

15) Click **Start** .

16) Click **All Programs** .

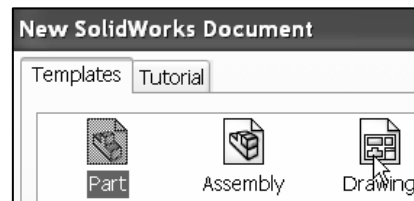
17) Click the **SolidWorks**  SolidWorks 2005 folder.

18) Click the **SolidWorks**  SolidWorks 2005 application.

Select the Default Drawing Template.

19) Click **File, New**  from the Main menu.

20) Double-click the **Drawing** icon from the Templates folder.

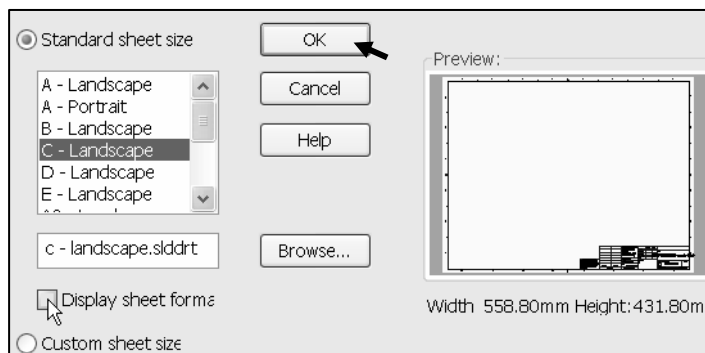


Create a C-Landscape sheet.

21) Click **C-Landscape** from the Standard sheet size drop down list.

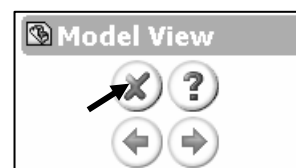
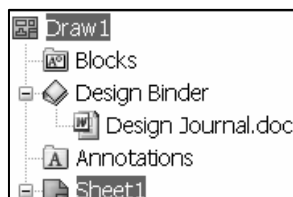
22) Uncheck **Display sheet format**.

23) Click **OK**.



Exit the Model View PropertyManager.

24) Click **Cancel**  from the Model View PropertyManager. The FeatureManager is displayed with Draw1 as the default Drawing name.



Save Draw1.

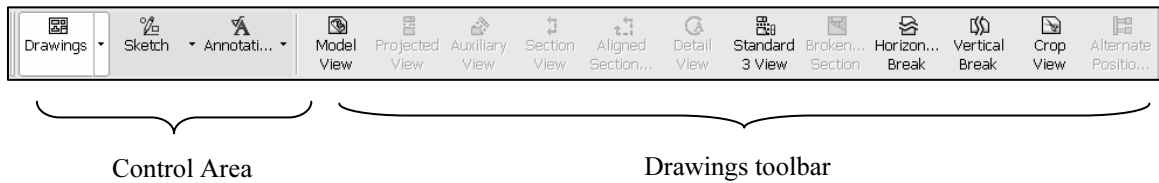
25) Click **File, Save As** from the Main menu. Select the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS** folder. Click **Save**. Draw1 is the current drawing.

User Interface

The User Interface combines the CommandManager, toolbars, menu options, commands, Online help, cursor feedback and keyboard shortcuts. Review the default options in the CommandManager.

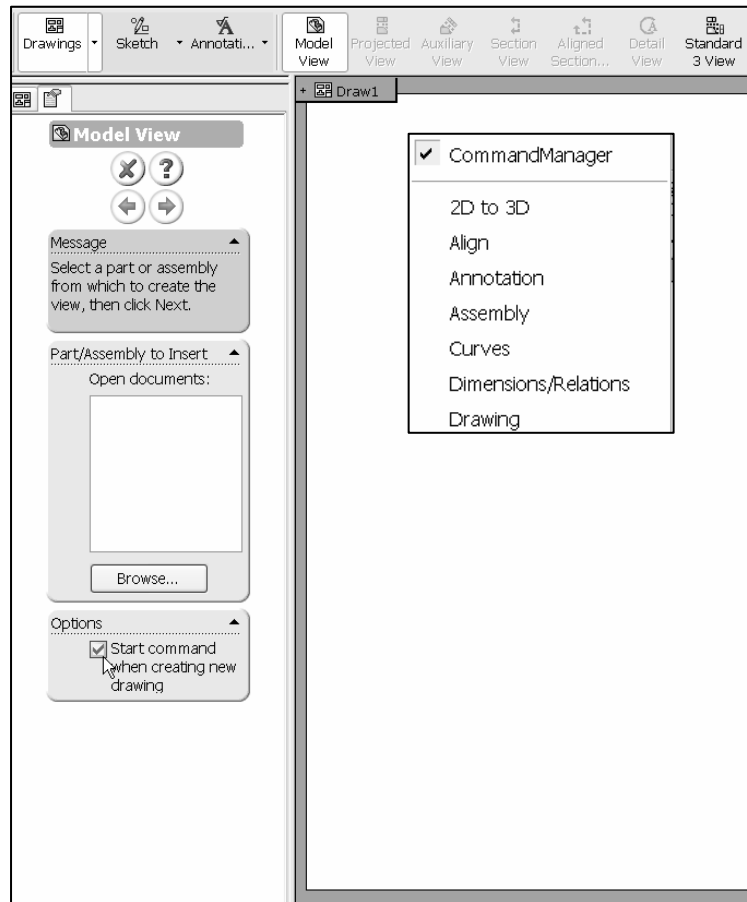
CommandManager and Control Area

The Control Area of the CommandManager displays the Drawings, Sketch and Annotations toolbars. The Drawings toolbar is enabled by default.



The Model View PropertyManager is displayed when the Start command when creating new drawing option is checked.

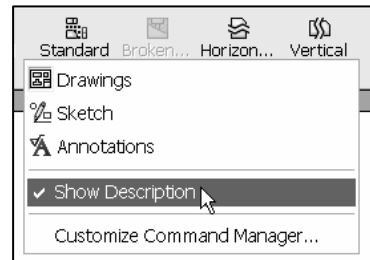
Note: If the CommandManager is not displayed, right-click in the gray area of the Main menu and check the CommandManager option.



Activity: CommandManager and Control Area

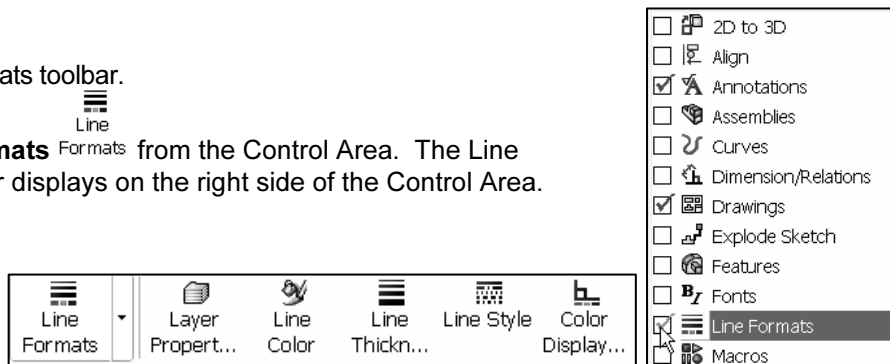
Review the CommandManager options.

- 26) Right-click in the **Control Area** of the CommandManager.
- 27) Check **Show Description** to display tool tips.
- 28) Click **Customize Command Manager**.
- 29) Check **Line Formats**  Line Formats .
- 30) Click a **position** in the Graphics window to close the Customize Command Manager list.



Review the Line Formats toolbar.

- 31) Click **Line Formats**  from the Control Area. The Line Formats toolbar displays on the right side of the Control Area.



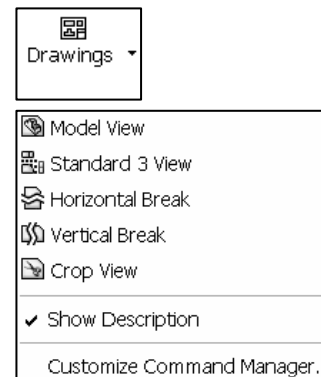
The Line Formats toolbar controls the following: Layer Properties, Line Color, Line Thickness, Line Style and Color Display Mode. Utilize the Line Formats toolbar when creating the Drawing Template. Select the tools and menu options that are displayed in bold icons and black text.

The Tools and menu options that are displayed in gray are called grayed-out. The gray icon or text cannot be selected. Additional information is required for these options.

Drawings, Sketch and Annotations

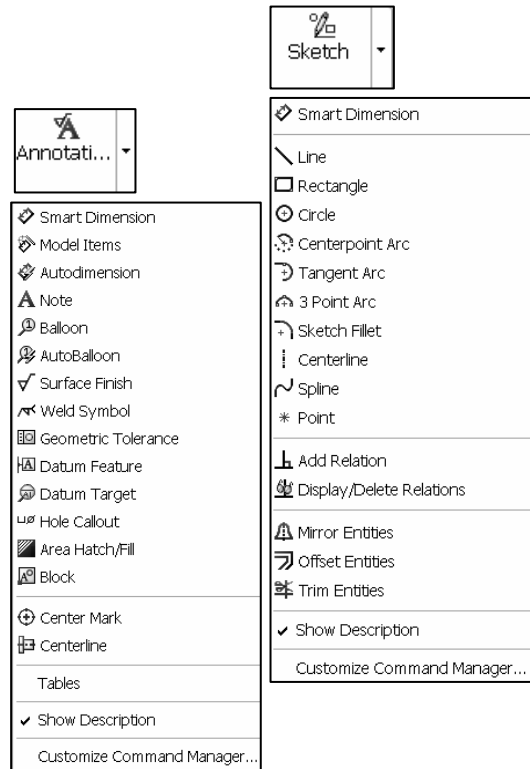
The three default options in the Control Area are: Drawings, Sketch and Annotations.

The Drawings toolbar displays view tools. The small black arrow ▾ indicates additional options are available. Note: The Drawings options depend on the views displayed in the drawing sheet.



The Sketch toolbar contains sketch entities and sketch tools.

The Annotations toolbar contains: Notes, Model Items, Hole Callouts, Balloons and other annotations.



Individual Toolbars

Display Toolbars with the CommandManager. Toolbars can also be displayed by selecting View, Toolbars and checking the individual toolbar.



Display Toolbars quickly. Right-click in the gray area of the Main menu and check individual toolbars.

Drag the top blue heading toolbar name to the left, right, bottom or top sides of the Graphics window to reposition toolbars.



The Help menu contains the SolidWorks Online Tutorial, Introducing SolidWorks and Design Portfolio documents. These documents include additional information on using SolidWorks.

The Closer Look symbol  indicates additional information about a tool or command is available from Help.

The Help option contains tools to assist the user.

The SolidWorks Help Topics contains:

- Contents tab containing the SolidWorks Online User's Guide documents.
- Index tab containing more information on key words.
- Search tab for finding information.
- Glossary tab containing definitions.



Quick Tips are a set of pop-up hints that appear as you create parts, assemblies and drawings. The messages are based on what tool or function is selected. The messages contain hyperlinks to associated areas in the Graphics window or additional files.

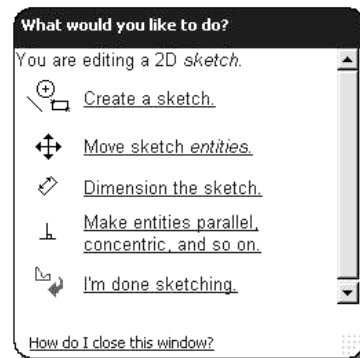
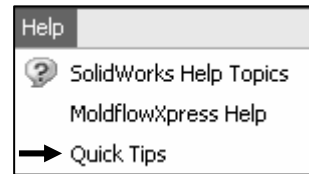
Activate Quick Tips by checking the Quick Tips entry in the Help Main menu.

The Pop-up Quick Tip windows contain a blue header with the question, “What would you like to do?” Read the options and select a statement for additional instructions.

Introducing SolidWorks and the Design Portfolio are great electronic documents for the new SolidWorks user.

The Online Tutorial contains step-by-step examples.

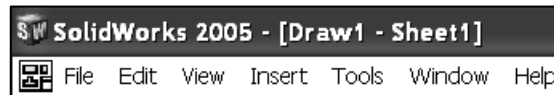
The What's New Manual contains descriptions of the new functionality in SolidWorks since the last major revision.



Main Menu

Access commands through the Main menu.

The small black arrow  indicates additional information is available.



Activity: Keyboard Shortcuts

Customize the keyboard.

32) Click **Tools**, **Customize** from the Main menu.

33) Click the **Keyboard** tab.

34) Click **View** for Categories.

35) Click **Planes** for Commands.

36) Click a **position** inside the Press new shortcut key box.

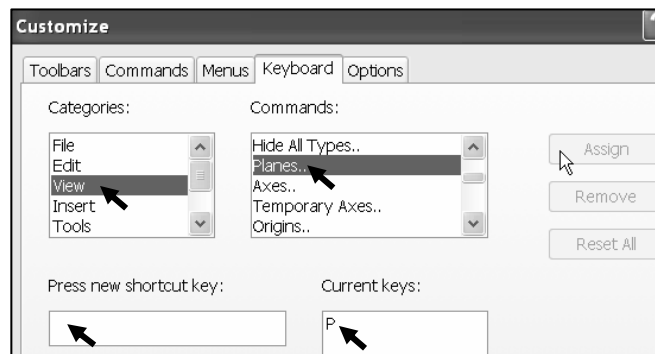
37) Enter **P** for new shortcut key.

38) Click **Assign**. Note: P will show in the Current keys box.

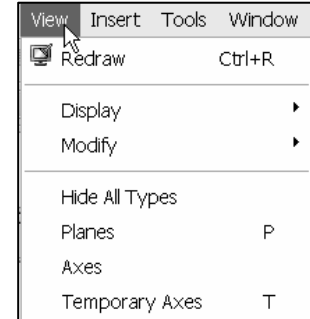
39) Click **OK**.

Save Draw1.

40) Click **Save** .



The Shortcut Key, P is displayed next to the Planes option in the View menu. Create Short Cut Keys for Temporary Axes and the Origins as an exercise. The T and O Short Cut keys are utilized throughout the text.



Cursor Feedback

The cursor has an important role in the SolidWorks User Interface. The cursor provides feedback for the Sheet and View entities.

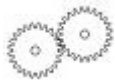
The cursor feedback displays the Sheet  icon and lists the Sheet Name when the mouse pointer is located inside the sheet boundary. The right mouse button displays command options based on the selected entity in the Graphics window.



More Information

Additional details on Drawing Templates, Sheet Formats and the Drawing User Interface are available in Online help.

Keywords: Filename extensions (sheet formats), files(locations), files (new), new(drawing document), sheet formats, sheet properties, paper(size), CommandManager, Drawings, Toolbars (drawings, sketch, annotations, line formats) and keyboard (shortcuts). Utilize the Appendix to review cursor feedback symbols in the drawing sheet and view.



Review

The project you are working on will produce hundreds of drawings. You are required to create Drawing Templates and Sheet Formats.

File management organizes SolidWorks documents into folders. Drawing Templates were stored in the MY-TEMPLATES folder. Sheet Formats are stored in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder.

You reviewed the options for the Sheet format/size dialog box for the default Drawing Template. You created a new drawing with no Sheet Format. The empty drawing will become your Drawing Template.

The CommandManager, toolbars, menus and keyboard shortcuts are part of the SolidWorks User Interface. You reviewed the tools in the Drawings, Sketch, Annotations and Line Formats toolbars.

Sheet Properties

Sheet Properties display properties of the selected sheet. Sheet Properties define the following: Name of the Sheet, Sheet Scale, Type of Projection (First angle or Third angle), Sheet Format, Sheet Size, View label and Datum label.

The Sheet Format and Sheet Size are set in the default Drawing Template. Review the Sheet Properties. The Standard sheet size option is grayed out.

The Sheet Format file extension is .drt. The Sheet Format option is grayed out. The C Paper size, width and height dimensions are listed under the Custom sheet size option.

Activity: Sheet Properties

Display the Sheet Properties.

41) Right-click in the **sheet boundary**.

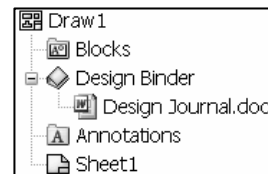
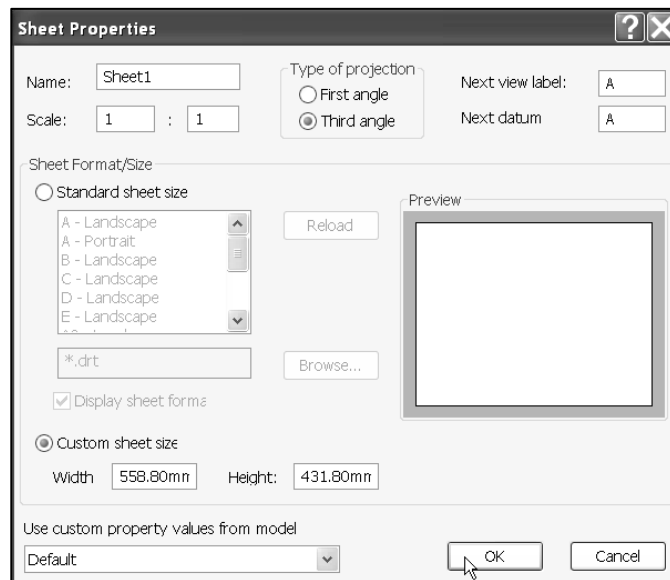
42) Click **Properties**  Properties...
The Sheet Setup Properties are displayed.

Review the Sheet Properties.

43) Click **OK**.

The Sheet Name is Sheet1. The FeatureManager and Sheet tab display the Sheet Name. The Sheet Scale is 1:1. The Sheet Format box displays *.drt. The Preview box contains no Sheet Format. Custom sheet size is 22in x 17in (558.80mm x 431.80mm).

Third Angle and First Angle projection schemes are developed in Project 2. Third Angle projection is primarily used in the United States.



System Options

System Options are stored in the registry of the computer. System Options are not part of the document. Changes to the System Options affect all current and future documents.

There are hundreds of Systems Options. Review a few of the options in this exercise. Check the option to activate. Uncheck the option to deactivate.

Utilize Online help to review other System Options.

Activity: System Options-Help

View System Options help.

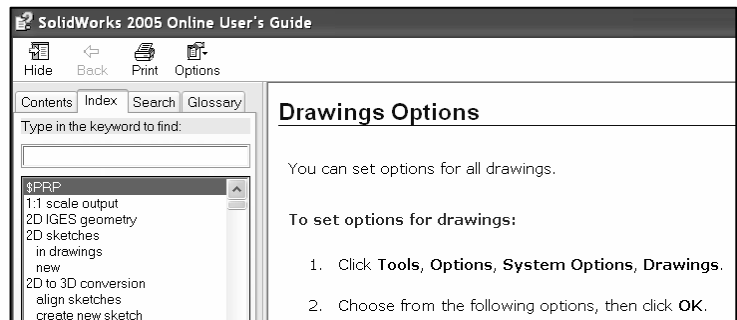
- 44)** Click **Tools, Options** , **System Options** tab, **Drawings** from the Main menu.

Display Online help.

- 45)** Click the **Help** button from the System Options-Drawings dialog box.

Review each Drawing option.

- 46)** Drag the **Scroll bar** downward. **Minimize** the Help window.



The Options and Help icons are located on the right side of the Standard toolbar  .

Note: Help is accessible through the following:

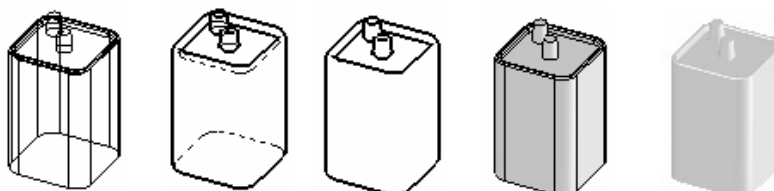
- Help  button.
- F1 key.
- Main menu.
-  icon.



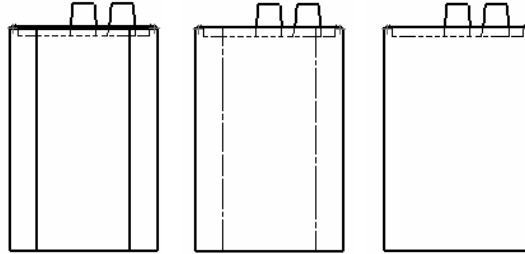
The quickest way to access Online help is to use the Help button  from a dialog box or  from the PropertyManager. You do not have to spell or search for the topic when using these icons.

View Display

Drawing views can be displayed in the following modes: Wireframe, Hidden Lines Visible, Hidden Lines Removed and Shaded With Edges and Shaded mode.     



Tangent edges are displayed either in: Visible, With Font or Removed mode. Note: System default is Tangent Edges Visible. Display hidden lines, profile lines and tangent edges in various view modes.



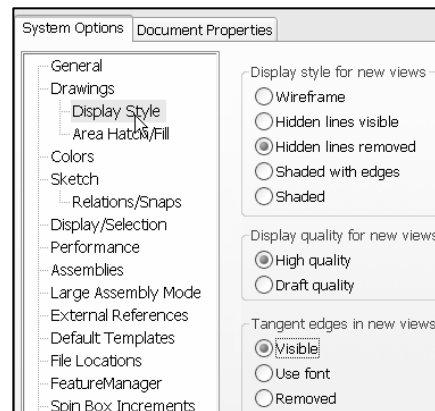
Review the Tangent edge options for a new view.

Control the options through the default settings or the individual drawing view.

Activity: System Options-Display Style

Set the Default Display Style.

- 47) Click **Display Style** below the Drawings text.
- 48) Click **Hidden lines removed** for the Display style for the new views option.
- 49) Click **Visible** for the Default Tangent edges in the new views option.



File Locations

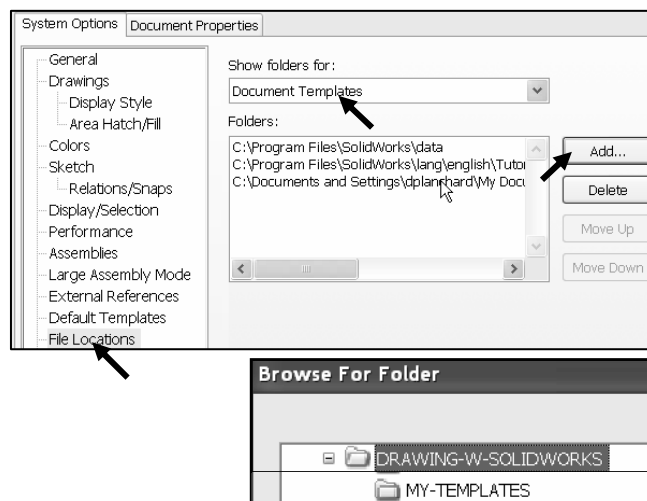
System Options, File Locations, Document Templates option determines the path to locate a custom Drawing Templates.

Add the MY-TEMPLATES folder to the File Locations. The folder listed in the Document Templates option determines the tabs displayed in the New SolidWorks Document dialog box.

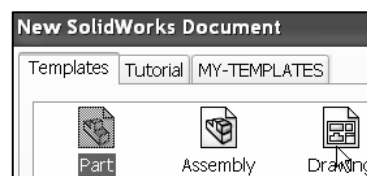
Activity: System Options-File Locations

Set File Locations for Drawing Templates.

- 50) Click **File Locations** from the System Options tab.
 - 51) Select **Document Templates** from the Show folders for Drop down list.
 - 52) Click the **Add** button.
 - 53) **Browse** and Select the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS\MY-TEMPLATES** folder.
 - 54) Click **OK**. Click **OK**.
- Save Draw1.
- 55) Click **Save** .



Note: The MY-TEMPLATES tab appears in the New SolidWorks Drawing dialog box. The MY-TEMPLATES tab is not displayed if the folder is empty. The System Option, File Locations list determines the order of the tabs. Save the Drawing Templates to the MY-TEMPLATES folder.



Document Properties

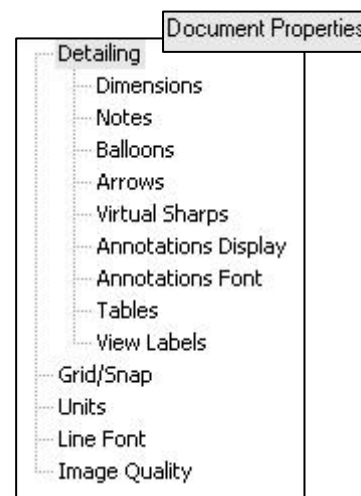
Document Properties apply to the current document. Set the following: Detailing options, Grid/Snap, Units, Line Fonts and Image Quality in Document Properties.

When the current document is saved as a template, the current parameters are stored with the template.

New documents that utilize the same template contain the stored parameters.

Conserve drawing time. Set the Document Properties in the Drawing Template. Document Properties options contain hundreds of parameters. Examples are addressed in this section. Explore other parameters through Online help.

There are numerous text styles and sizes available in SolidWorks. Companies develop drawing format standards and use specific text height for Metric and English drawings.

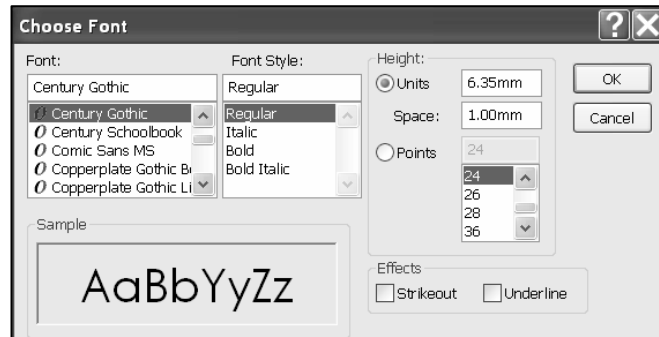


The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard lists the following: lettering, arrowhead, line conventions and lettering conventions for engineering drawings and related documentation practices.

Font

Century Gothic is the default SolidWorks font.

Create an assessment page to test that your Printer/Plotter drivers support the default SolidWorks font.



Minimum Drawing Letter Height based on ASME Y14.2.				
Annotation	Inch drawing sizes: A, B, C Metric drawing sizes: A2, A3, A4		Inch drawing sizes: D, E Metric drawing sizes: A0, A1	
	Inch	Millimeter	Inch	Millimeter
Drawing Title, Drawing Size, Cage Code, Drawing Number and Revision letter positioned inside the Title block.	.12in	3mm	.24in	6mm
Section views, Zone letter and numerals.	.24in	6mm	.24in	6mm
Drawing block headings in Title block.	.10in	2.5mm	.10mm	2.5mm
All other characters inside the Sheet boundary. Corresponds to the SW Dimension and Note font.	.12in.	3mm	.12in	3mm.

Arrowheads

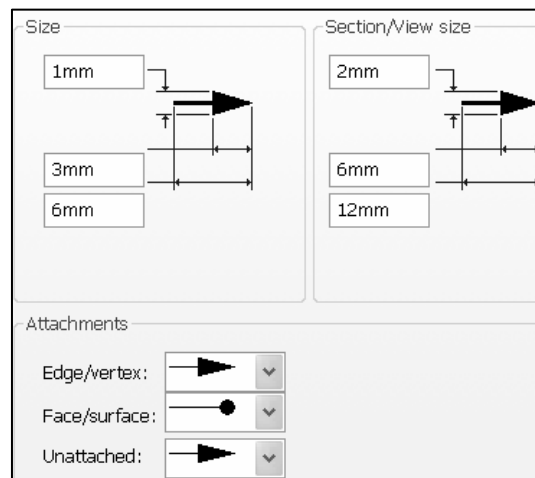
Control arrowheads through the Detailing Documents Properties. Utilize a solid filled arrowhead with a 3:1 ratio.

The arrowhead width is proportionate to the line thickness. The Dimension line thickness is 0.3mm.

The Dimension arrow is based on the Dimension line.

SolidWorks defines arrow size with three options:

- Height.
- Width.
- Length.



Height corresponds to the arrow width. Width corresponds to the arrow tail length. Length corresponds to the distance from the tip of the arrow to the end of the tail.

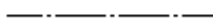
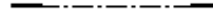
The Section line thickness is 0.6mm. The Section arrow is based on the Section line. The Section arrow length is 6mm. The Section arrow width is 2mm.

Line Widths

The ASME Y14.2M-1992 (R1998) standard recommends two line widths with a 2:1 ratio. The minimum width of a thin line is 0.3mm. The minimum width of a thick, “normal” line is 0.6mm.

Note: A single width line is acceptable on CAD drawings. Two line widths are used in this Project: Thin: 0.3mm and Normal: 0.6mm.

Apply Line Styles in the Line Font Document Properties. Line Font determines the appearance of a line in the Graphics window. SolidWorks styles utilized in this Project are as follows:

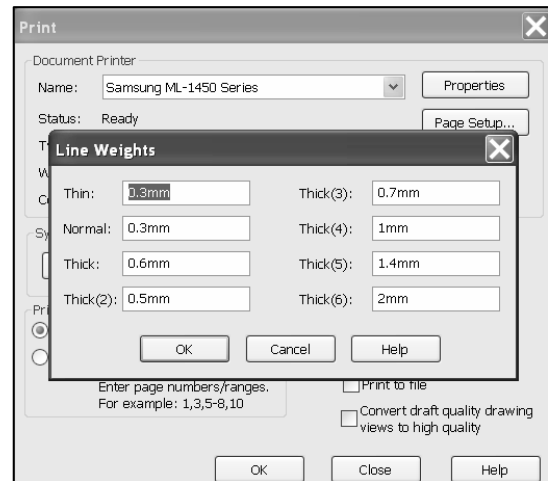
SolidWorks Line Style	Thin: (0.3mm)	Normal: (0.6mm)
Solid		
Dashed		
Phantom		
Chain		
Center		
Stitch		
Thin/Thick Chain		

Various printers/plotters provide variable Line Weight settings.

Example: Thin (0.3mm), Normal (0.6mm) and Thick (0.6mm).

Refer to the printer/plotter owner’s manual for Line weight setting.

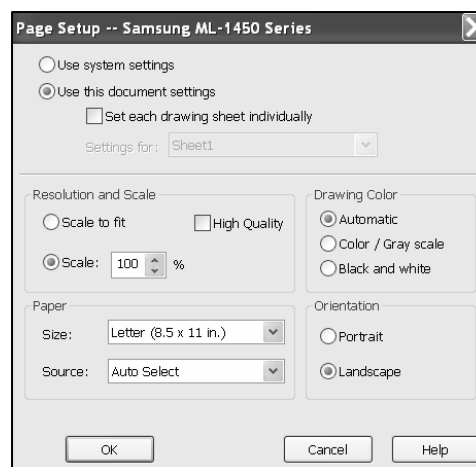
Utilize the Document Property Line Style option to create, save, load and delete line styles.



Scale large drawing sheets with the Resolution and Scale option located in the File, Page Setup menu.

Use the Scale to fit option to resize the drawing sheet to the physical paper size.

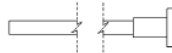
Use Scale to resize the drawing sheet by a percentage to the physical paper size.



Line Font

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard addresses the type and style of lines used in engineering drawings. Combine different Line Styles and use drawing layers to achieve the following types of ASME lines:

ASME Y14.2-1992(R1998) TYPE of LINE & example:	SolidWorks Line Font Type of Edge:	Style:	Thickness:
Visible line displays the visible edges or contours of a part.	Visible Edge 	Solid	Thick "Normal"
Hidden line displays the hidden edges or contours of a part.	Hidden Edge 	Dashed	Thin
Section lining displays the cut surface of a part assembly in a section view.	Crosshatch 	Solid	Thin Different Hatch patterns relate to different materials
Center line displays the axes of center planes of symmetrical parts/features.	Construction Curves 	Center	Thin
Symmetry line displays an axis of symmetry for a partial view.			Sketch Thin Center Line and Thick Visible lines on drawing layer.
Dimension lines/Extension lines/Leader lines combine to dimension drawings.	Dimensions 	Solid	Thin
Cutting plane line or Viewing plane line display the location of a cutting plane for sectional views and the viewing position for removed views.	Section Line View Arrows 	Phantom Solid	Thick Thick, "Normal"

Break line displays an incomplete view. Short Breaks Long Breaks		 Curved  Small Zig Zag	Broken view Use Curved for Short Breaks Use Small Zig Zag for Long Breaks
Phantom line displays alternative position of moving parts.	---		Sketch Thin Phantom Line on drawing layer
Stitch line displays a sewing or stitching process.			Sketch Thin Stitch Line on drawing layer
Chain line displays a surface that requires more consideration or the location of a projected tolerance zone.	----		Sketch Thick Chain Line on drawing layer

The following line types are not pre-defined in SolidWorks:

- Symmetry line.
- Phantom line.
- Stitch line.
- Chain line.

Define these line types on a separate drawing layer.

Document Properties-Detailing

Control Detailing options through Document Properties.

The Dimensioning standard determines the display on the drawing.

Millimeter dimensioning and decimal inch dimensioning are the two key types of units specified on engineering drawings.

There are other dimension types specified for commercial commodities such as pipe sizes and lumber sizes.

Develop separate drawing templates for decimal inch units.

Dimensioning standard ANSI ☐ Dual dimensions display ☒ On top ☐ On the right ☐ Fixed size weld symbols ☐ Display datums per 1982 Leading: Standard Trailing: Smart ☐ Alternate section display Centerline extension: 3mm ☒ Auto insert on view creation ☒ Center marks ☐ Centerlines ☐ Balloons ☐ Dimensions marked for drawing Bill of materials ☒ Automatic update of BOM Cosmetic thread display ☐ High quality	Extension lines Gap: 1.5mm Beyond dimension: 3mm Datum features Display type: Per Standard Next label: A Surface finish symbols ☐ Display symbols per 2002 Center marks Size: 0.5mm ☒ Extended lines ☒ Centerline font Break lines Gap: 10mm Extension: 3mm
--	---

ASME Y14.2-1992(R1998) and the ASME Y14.2M Line Conventions and Lettering standard define text height, arrows and line styles for inch and metric values.

Review the Detailing Document Properties options function before entering their values.

Dimensioning Standard

The Dimensioning standard options are: ANSI, ISO, DIN, JIS, BSI, GOST and GB.

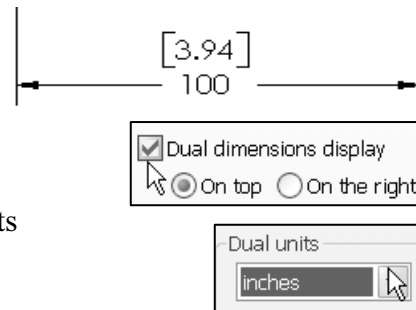
Dimensioning standard options	Abbreviation	Description
	ANSI	American National Standards Institute.
	ISO	International Standards Organization
	DIN	Deutsche Institute für Normung (German)
	JIS	Japanese Industry Standard
	BSI	British Standards Institution
	GOST	Gosndarstuenne State Standard (Russian)
	GB	Guo Biao (Chinese)

Dual dimensions Display Option

The Dual dimensions display check box shows dimensions in two types of units on the drawing.

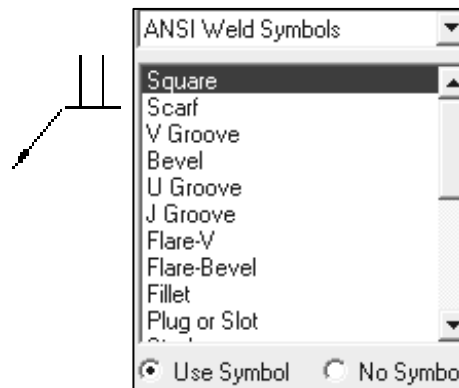
Select Dual dimensions display. Select the On top option.

The primary units display is 100mm. The secondary units display is [3.94]in.



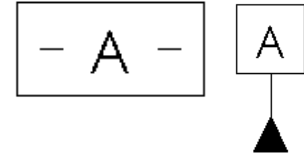
Fixed Size Weld Symbols Option

The Fixed size weld symbols checkbox displays the size of the weld symbol. Scale the symbols according to the dimension font size.



Display Datums per 1982 Option

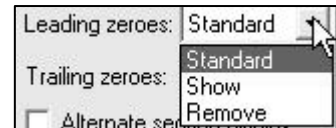
The Display datums per 1982 checkbox displays the ANSI Y14.5M-1982 datums. Use the ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) datums in this text.



Leading Zeroes and Trailing Zeroes Option

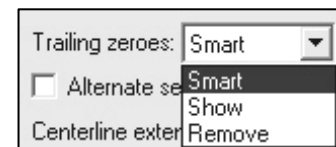
The Leading zeroes list box contains three options:

- Standard.
- Show.
- Remove.



The Trailing zeroes list box contains three options:

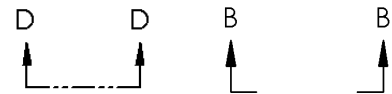
- Smart.
- Show.
- Remove.



The default Smart option removes trailing zeroes based on the ASME Y14 rules for trailing zeroes for dimension values.

Alternative Section Display Option

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard supports two display styles. The default section line displays a continuous Phantom line type (D-D).

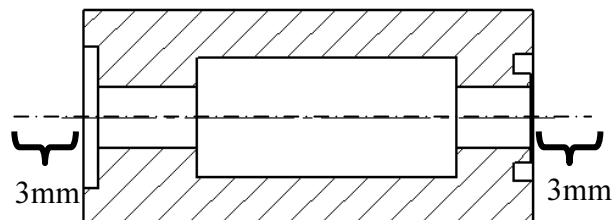


Check the Alternate section display checkbox to allow for a gap in the section line (B-B).

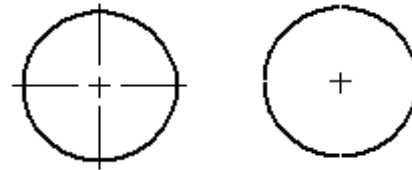
Centerline Extension and Center Marks Option

The Centerline extension value controls the extension length beyond the section geometry.

Center marks specify the default center mark size used with arcs and circles. Center marks are displayed with or without Center mark lines.

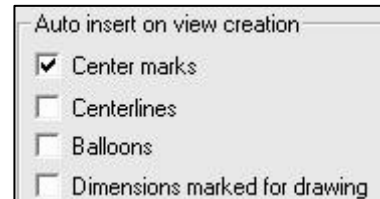


The Center mark lines extend pass the circumference of the selected circle. Select the Center mark size based on the drawing size and scale.



Auto Insert on View Creation Option

Auto insert on view creation locates Center marks on the appropriate entities when a new view is inserted into a drawing. By default Centerlines, Balloons and Dimensions marked for drawing options are not checked.



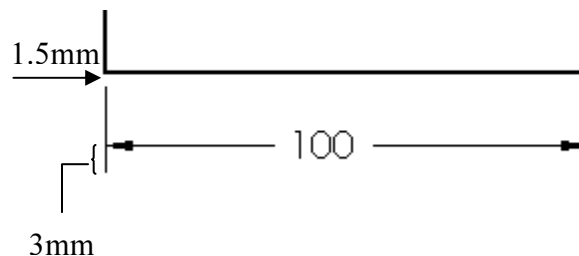
Save detailing time. Uncheck the Center marks option when parts contain multiple size holes and holes positioned at angles. Insert all dimensions and then insert the Center marks Annotation tool.

Extension Lines Option

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) and ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) standard defines extension line length and gap.

A visible gap exists between the extension line and the visible line.

The extension line extends 3mm past the dimension line. Note: The values 1.5mm and 3mm are a guide. Base the gap and extension line on the drawing size and scale.

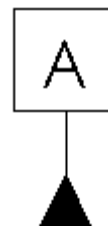


Datum Feature Option

The Next label specifies the subsequent upper case letter used for the Datum Feature Symbol.

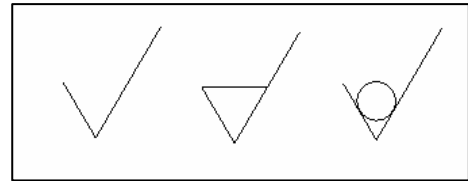
The default value is A. Successive labels are in alphabetical order.

The Datum Display type Per Standard option displays a filled triangular symbol on the Datum Feature.



Surface Finish Symbols

For the ISO standard, Surface finish symbols display per the 2002 standard.



Break Line Option

The Break line gap specifies the size of the gap between the Broken view break lines.



Automatic Update on BOM Option

The Automatic Update on BOM option updates the Bill of Material in a drawing if related model custom properties change.

ITEM NO.	QTY.	PART NO.	MATERIAL
1	1	10-0408	ALUMINUM
2	1	10-0409	STEEL

Set the values in SolidWorks to meet the ASME standard. Note: Set units before entering values for Detailing options. Units for the Default Templates are determined from initial SolidWorks installation options.

Cosmetic Thread Display Option

The High quality option displays Cosmetic threads visible or hidden in a selected drawing view. A blind hole Cosmetic thread is visible in the Front view and hidden in the Back view.



Visible

Hidden

The Cosmetic thread display option is memory intensive when controlled as a document property for the sheet. Utilize the Cosmetic thread display, High quality option after placing all annotations on the drawing.



Review the Document Properties before inserting views, dimensions and annotations into your drawing. Modify the Document Properties that correspond to the part. For example, check/uncheck Dual dimension display if required for manufacturing. Uncheck the Auto insert on view creation, Center mark option when a part contains multiple size hole, rotated at different angles.

Activity: Document Properties-Detailing

Set Detailing options.

56) Click **Tools, Options, Document Properties** tab from the Main menu.

57) Select **ANSI** from the Dimensioning standard drop down list. Detailing options are available depending on the selected standard.

58) Click **Dual dimension display**.

59) Enter **3mm** for the Centerline extension.

60) Enter **0.5mm** for the Center marks.

Modify the Extension line value.

61) Enter **1.5mm** for Gap.

62) Enter **3mm** for Beyond dimension line.

63) Enter **10mm** for the Break line gap.

64) Enter **3mm** for Extension for the Break line.

Note: There is no set value for the Break line gap.

Increase the value to accommodate a revolved section.



Set Units.

65) Select **Units** from the left text box.

66) Click **MMGS** for the Unit system.

67) Enter **2** for Decimal places for Length units millimeters.

68) Select **inches** for Dual units. Enter **3** for inch Decimal places.

69) Enter **1** for Decimal places for Angular units.

70) Click the **Help** button located at the bottom right corner of the Units Properties box to view additional information on the Units Options.

71) Click **Close**  from the Help dialog box. Click **OK**.

72) Click **Save** .

Units Options

Lets you specify units for the active part, assembly, or drawing document.

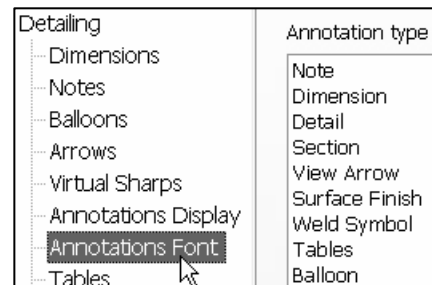
If you use small units such as angstroms, nanometers, microns, mils, or microinches, it is helpful to create **templates** as the basis for documents that use the units. The templates could include settings such as:

- **grid spacing**
- **dimension witness line gap and bent leader length**
- **dimension offset distances**
- **note bent leader length**

Document Properties, Annotations Font

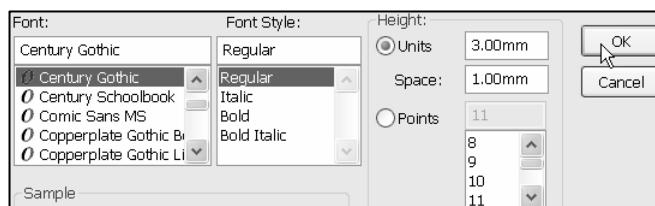
The Annotations Font controls the text height in the Drawing Template for the following Annotation types:

- Note.
- Dimension.
- Detail.
- Section.
- View Arrow.
- Surface Finish.
- Weld Symbol.
- Tables.
- Balloons.



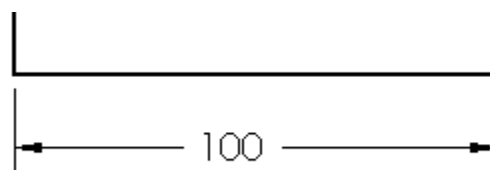
Note Font

The Note font option under the Annotations Font specifies the font type and size for notes and view labels.



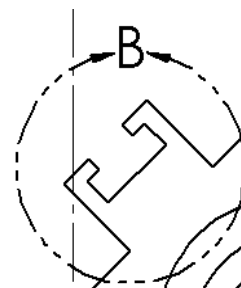
Dimension Font

The Dimension option specifies the font type and size for the dimension text.



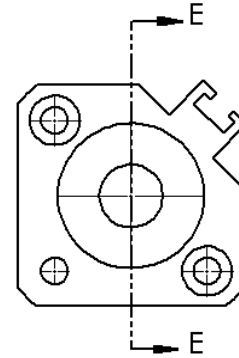
Detail Font

The Detail font specifies the font type and size used for the letter labels on the detail circles.



Section Font

The Section font specifies the font type and size used for the letter labels on the section lines.

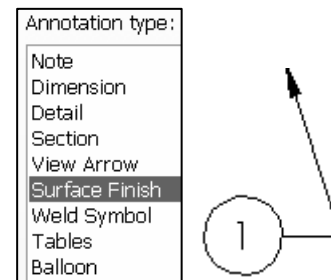


View Font

The View Arrow font specifies the font type and size used for the letter labels on the view arrows.

Surface Finish, Weld Symbol and Balloon Font

The Surface Finish, Weld Symbol and Balloon fonts specify the font type and size used for the letter labels for Surface Finish, Weld Symbol and Balloon.



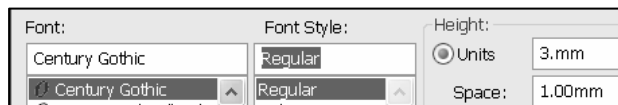
Tables Font

The Tables font varies from company to company. Tables font controls the Bill of Materials, Revision Table, Weldment Cut List and Hole Table.

Activity: Document Properties-Annotations Font

Set the font.

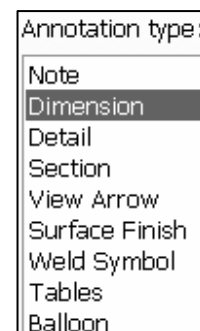
- 73)** Click **Tools, Options, Document Properties** tab from the Main menu.
Click **Annotations Font**.



- 74)** Click **Note**.

- 75)** Enter **3mm** for text.

- 76)** Repeat for the **Dimension, Surface Finish, Weld Symbols, Tables** and **Balloon** font.



Set the Section and View Arrow font.

- 77)** Click the **Detail** font button.

- 78)** Enter **6mm** for text.

- 79)** Repeat for the **Section** and **View Arrow** font.

Note: Companies vary the size of their default font. ASME Y14.2 lists the annotation values as minimum letter heights.

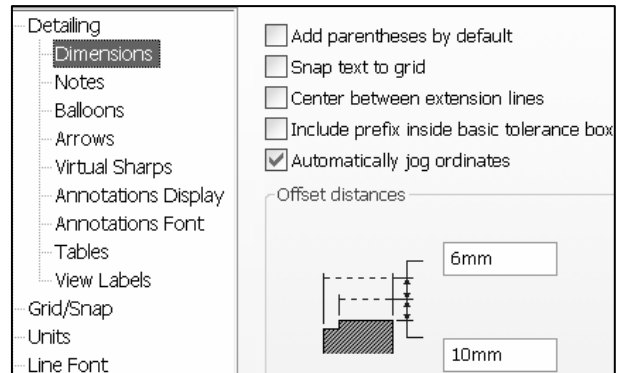
Document Properties, Dimensions

Options

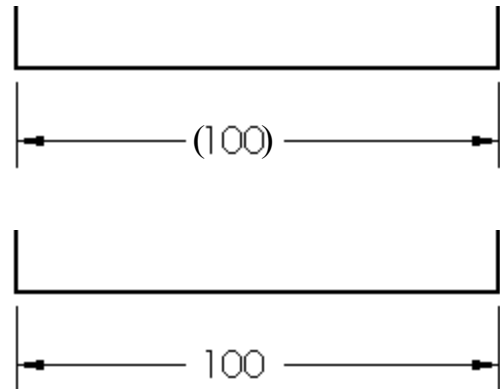
The Document Properties, Detailing, Dimensions options determine the display of dimensions.

The Dimension options determine the display and position of the text and extension lines.

Reference dimensions require parentheses. Symmetric feature dimensions in the part require a redefined dimensioning scheme in the drawing.



Uncheck the Add parentheses by default to conserve design time. Add Parenthesis to a dimension in the drawing. Right-click on the dimension text. Click Properties. Check Display with parentheses.

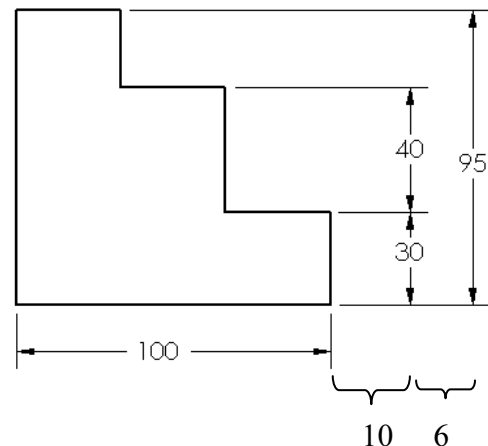


Offset Distances Option

The ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) standard sets guidelines for dimension spacing. The space between the first dimension line and the part profile is 10mm or greater.

The space between subsequent parallel dimension lines is 6mm or greater.

Spacing differs depending on drawing size and scale. Set the From last dimension option to 6mm. Set the From model option to 10mm.



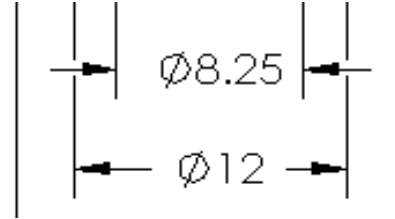
Arrows Option

The Arrows option controls the display of the Arrowheads. The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard recommends a solid filled arrow head.

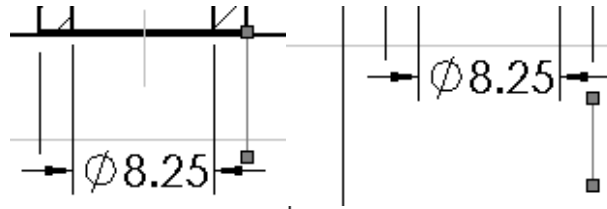
Break Dimension/Extension Option

The ASME Y14.5M-1994(R1999) standard states do not cross dimension lines.

Break the extension line when the dimension line crosses close to an arrowhead.



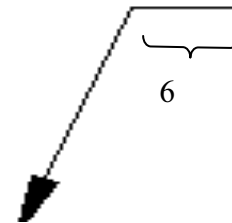
Drag the extension line above the arrowhead. Sketch a new line collinear with the extension line below the arrowhead.



Uncheck the Break around dimension arrows only option. Control individual breaks in the drawing for this project.

Bent leader length Option

Create ASME leader lines with a small horizontal segment. This is called the Bent leader length.



Activity: Document Properties-Dimensions

Set the Dimensions options.

80) Click **Dimensions**.

81) Uncheck the **Add Parentheses by Default**.

82) Set the Offset distances to **6mm** and **10mm**.

83) Set the Arrow style to **Solid**.

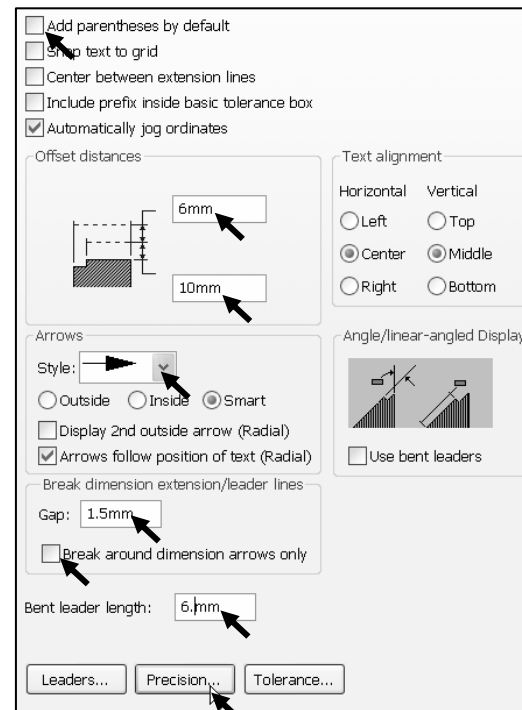
84) Enter **1.5mm** for the Gap in the Break dimension extension lines box.

85) Uncheck the **Break around dimension arrows only**.

86) Enter **6mm** for the Bent leader length (ASME only).

Set the Dimension Precision.

87) Click the **Precision** button. The Primary Units are millimeters.



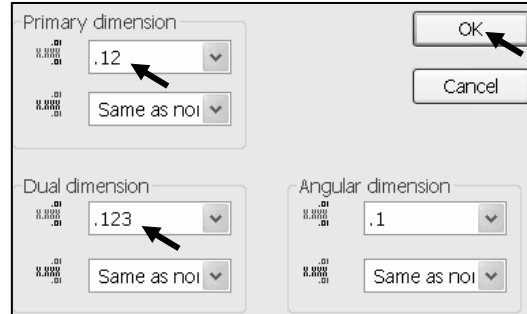
88) Enter .12 for two place decimal precision for Primary dimension.

89) Enter .123 for three place decimal precision for Dual dimension.

90) Click OK. Click OK.

Save the drawing.

91) Click Save .



The dialog box shows settings for dimension precision and tolerance. Under 'Primary dimension', the precision is set to .12. Under 'Dual dimension', the precision is set to .123. Under 'Angular dimension', the precision is set to .1. All 'Same as not' options are selected. OK and Cancel buttons are at the top right.

The Dimension Precision Value and Tolerance entries depend on drawing units and manufacturing requirements.

The Tolerance button displays the Dimension Tolerance options. The Tolerance type is None by default. Control Tolerance type on individual dimensions.

Document Properties- Notes and Balloons Option

Note text positioned on the drawing, outside the Title block use the same font type and height size as the Dimension font. The exceptions to the rule are:

- ASME Y14.100M-1998 Engineering Drawing Practices extended symbols.
- Use Upper case letters for all Notes unless lower case is required. Example: HCl – Hardness Critical Item requires a lower case “l”.

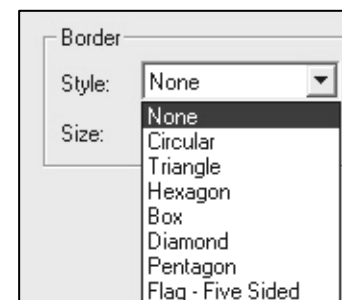


Modify Note Border Style to create boxes, circles, triangles and other shapes around the text.

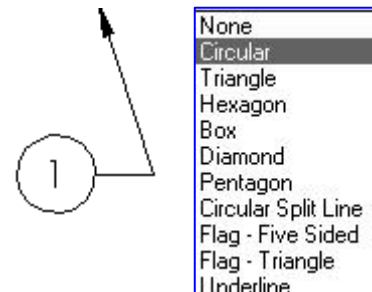
The Default Border style is set to None. Modify the border height. Use the Size option.

Balloon callouts label components in an assembly and relate them to the item numbers in the Bill of Materials.

The default Balloon style is Circular.



The dialog box shows the 'Border' section with 'Style' set to 'None' and 'Size' set to 'None'. A list of border styles is shown: None, Circular, Triangle, Hexagon, Box, Diamond, Pentagon, and Flag - Five Sided.

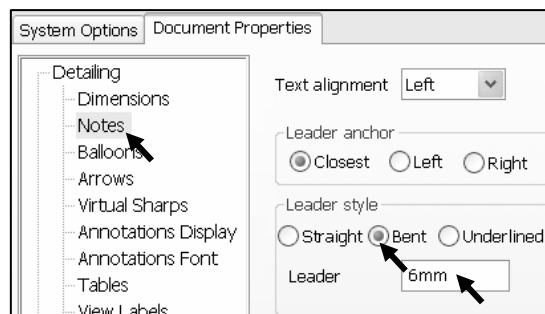


A list of balloon callout styles. The 'Circular' style is highlighted. A circled number '1' points to the 'Circular' option in the list.

Activity: Document Properties-Notes and Balloons

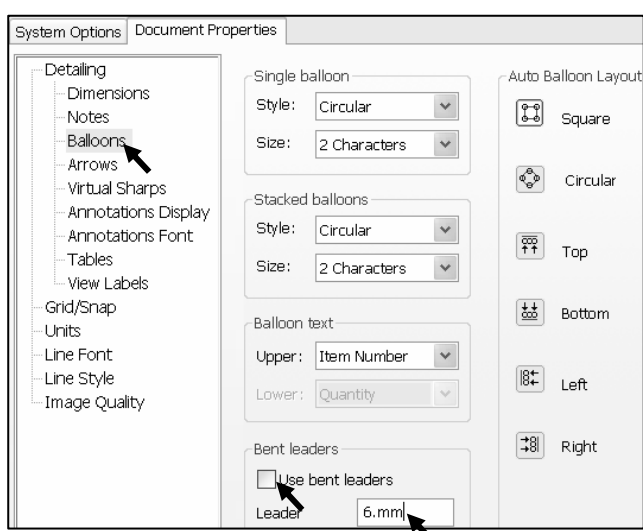
Set the Notes options.

- 92) Click **Tools, Options, Document Properties** tab from the Main menu.
- 93) Click **Notes** from the left side of the Detailing text box.
- 94) Check **Bent** for Leader style.
- 95) Enter **6mm** for the Leader length.



Set the drawing Balloon Properties.

- 96) Click **Balloons** from the left side of the Detailing text box.
- 97) Uncheck **Use bent leaders**.
- 98) Enter **6mm** for the Leader length.

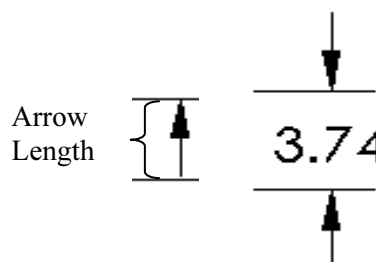


Document Properties-Arrows

Set Arrows Properties according to the ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard with a 3:1 ratio: Width to Height.

The Length value is the overall length of the arrow from the tip of the arrowhead to the end of the arrow tail.

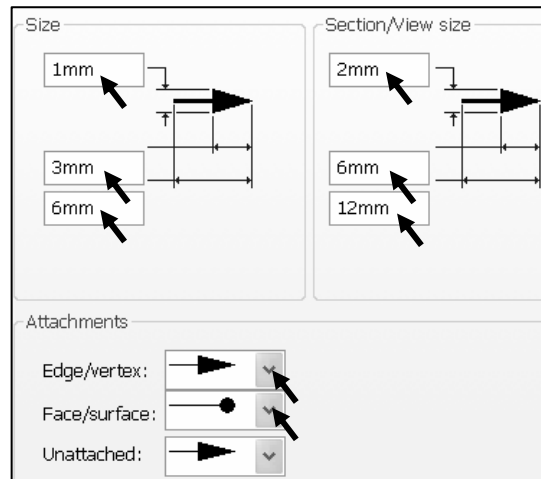
The Length is displayed when the dimension text is flipped to the inside. A Solid filled arrowhead is the preferred arrow type for dimension lines.



Activity: Document Properties-Arrows

Set the Arrows Properties.

- 99) Click the **Arrows** entry on the left side of the Document Properties text box.
- 100) Enter **1** for the arrow Height in the Size text box.
- 101) Enter **3** for the arrow Width.
- 102) Enter **6** for the arrow Length.
- 103) Set the arrow style. Under the Section/View size, enter **2** for Height, **6** for Width and **12** for Length.
- 104) Click the solid **filled arrowhead** from the Edge/vertex list box.
- 105) Click the solid **filled dot** from the Face/surface list box.



Document Properties-Line Font

The Line Font determines the Style and Thickness for a particular type of edge in a drawing. Modify the Type of edge, Style and Thickness to reflect the ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard.

The ASME Y14.2M-1992(R1998) standard defines two line weights: 0.3mm and 0.6mm.

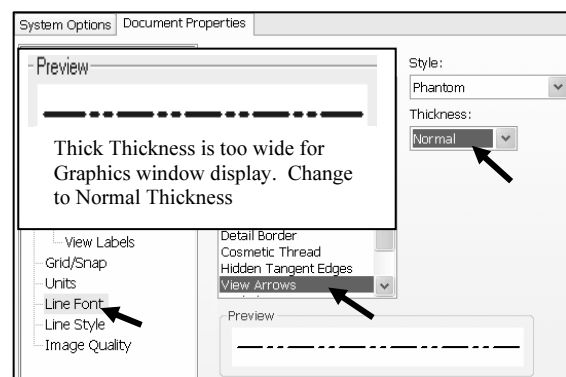
Thin Thickness is 0.3mm. Thick (Normal) Thickness is 0.6mm. Review line weights as defined in the File, Page Setup or in File, Print, System Options for your particular printer/plotter. Control the line weight display in the Graphics window. Use Thin Thickness and Normal Thickness in the Graphics window. Change all Thick Thickness settings to Normal Thickness.

Change Detail Circle Style to Phantom. Change View Arrows Style to Phantom.

Activity: Document Properties-Line Font

Set the Line Font Properties.

- 106) Click **Line Font** from the left side of the Detailing text box.
- 107) Click **Detail Circle** for the Type of edge.
- 108) Select **Phantom** for Style.
- 109) Select **Normal** for Thickness.
- 110) Click **Section line** for the Type of edge.
- 111) Click **Normal** for Thickness.
- 112) Click **View Arrows** for the Type of edge.

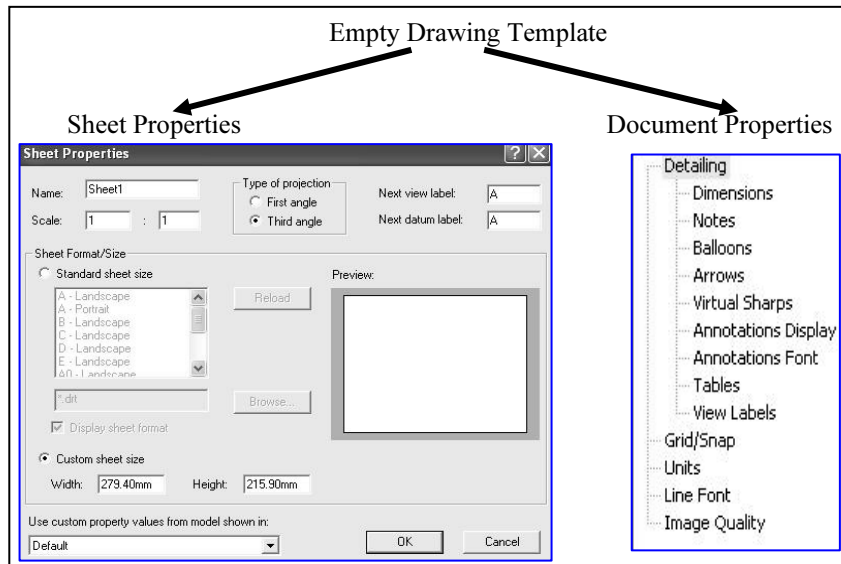


113) Click **Normal** for Thickness. Click **OK** to exit Document Properties.

Save the drawing.

114) Click **Save** .

Draw1 is the current drawing. Utilize Draw1 to create the Drawing Template. The empty Drawing Template contains no geometry. The empty Drawing Template contains the Document Properties and the Sheet Properties.



Predefined Views

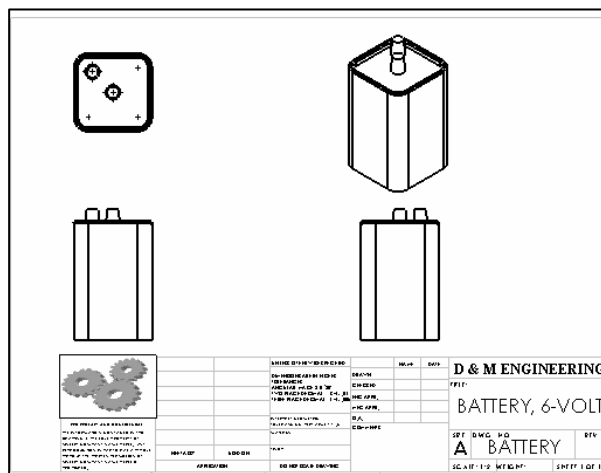
In Orthographic projection the principle views are Top, Front, Right, Back, Bottom and Left. Drawings commonly display the Top, Front, Right and an Isometric view.

The Predefined option determines the Named views displayed as you drag the part into the drawing. Utilize any Named view as a Predefined view.

Insert the Front, Right, Top and Isometric views into the Drawing Template. Utilize the Predefined option to create the Front and Isometric view. Utilize the Projected option to create the Right and Top view.

The Drawing Template contains a Sheet Format. Leave space when positioning views for a 2in, (50mm) Title Block.

Save Predefined views with the Drawing Template. Save the Drawing Template in the next section, before you insert a part into the Predefined views.



Activity: Predefined Views

Insert a Front Predefined view.

115) Click **Insert, Drawing View, Predefined**

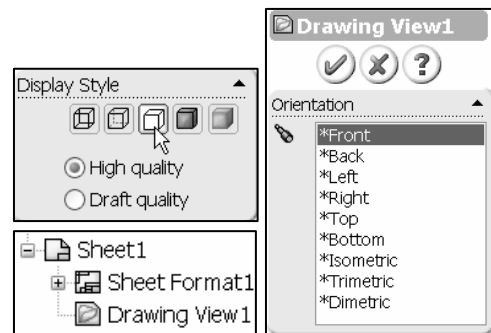
 Predefined... from the Main menu.

116) Click the **lower left corner** of the drawing.

117) Click ***Front** from the Drawing View1 Orientation box.

118) Click **Hidden Lines Removed** from the Display Style box.

119) Click **OK**  from the Drawing View1 PropertyManager.



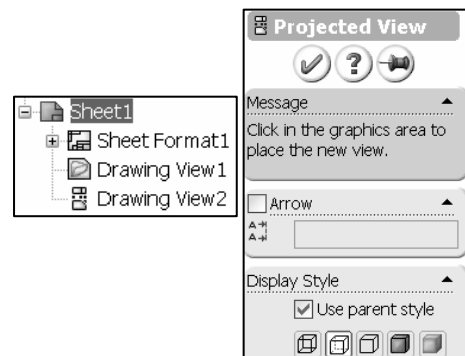
Insert the Top Projected view.

120) Click **Insert, Drawing View, Projected**

 Projected from the Main menu.

121) Check **Use parent style** to display Hidden Lines Removed.

122) Click a **position** above the Front view.



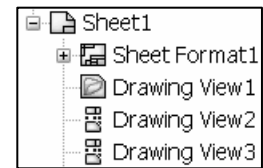
Insert the Right Projected view.

123) Click **Insert, Drawing View, Projected**  Projected from the Main menu.

124) Click the **Front view**.

125) Check **Use parent style** to display Hidden Lines Removed.

126) Click a **position** to the Right of the Front view.



Insert the Isometric Predefined view.

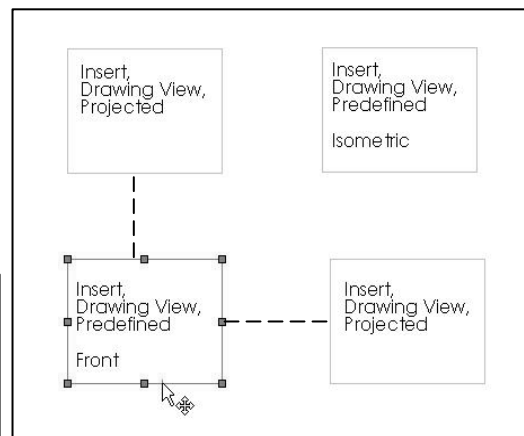
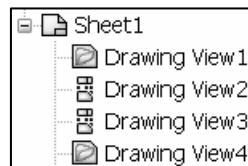
127) Click **Insert, Drawing View, Predefined**

 Predefined... from the Main menu. Click a **position** in the upper right corner.

128) Click ***Isometric view**.

Click **OK**  from the Drawing View4 PropertyManager.

129) Click **Save** .



Save As

The File, SaveAs option provides the ability to save documents with various file types. The current document is a drawing named Draw1.slddrw. Save the document as a Drawing Template (.drwdot).



Select the Drawing Templates (.drwdot) option for Save as type before you browse to the MY-TEMPLATES folder. SolidWorks selects the SolidWorks\data/templates folder by default when you select Drawing Templates (.drwdot).

Test the Drawing Template located in the MY-TEMPLATES folder. Create a new drawing document.

Activity: Save As and Test Drawing Template

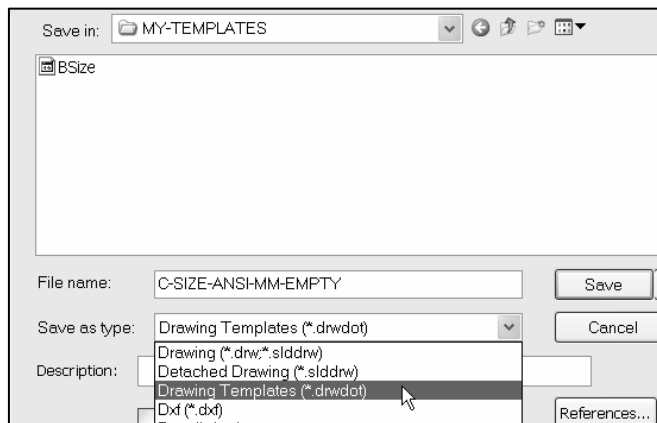
Save the empty Drawing Template.

130) Click **File, Save As** from the Main menu.

131) Select **Drawing Templates (*.drwdot)** from the Save as Type list.

132) Browse and select the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS\ MY-TEMPLATES** for the Save in file folder.

133) Enter **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY** for the File name. The file extension for the template is .drwdot.



134) Click **Save**.

135) Click **Windows, Close All** from the Main menu.



Conserve browsing time to your favorite folder. Utilize the Save button drop down arrow, Add to Favorites option. Add the MY-TEMPLATES folder to your Favorites folder.

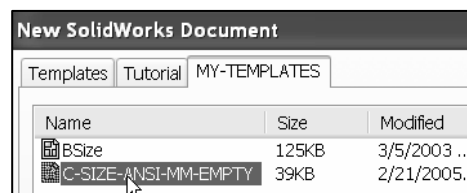


Create a new drawing.

136) Click **File, New** from the Main menu.

137) Select **MY-TEMPLATES** tab from the New SolidWorks Document dialog box.

138) Double-click **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY**.

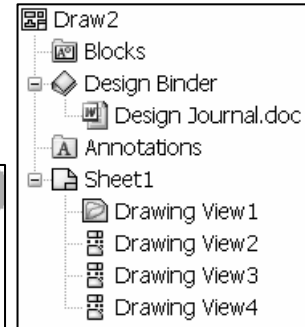
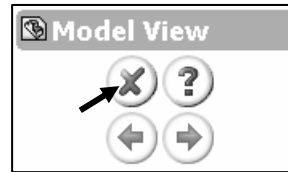


139) The Sheet Format/Size box displays C-Landscape. Uncheck **Display sheet format**. Click **OK**.

140) Click **Cancel**  from the Model View PropertyManager. Draw2 is the current drawing document.

Close all documents.

141) Click **Windows, Close All** from the Main menu.



You created a C size drawing with no sheet format when you selected the C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY template from the New SolidWorks Document box.

The Drawing Template controls sheet size and Document Properties. The Sheet Format controls the Title block, company logo and Custom Properties.



Conserve design time. Utilize the C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY template to create empty templates for A and B sizes. Modify the Sheet Properties size option and utilize the Save As options for Drawing Template.

More Information

Additional details on Sheet Properties, System Options and Document Properties is available in Online help. Keywords: sheet properties, paper (size), drawings (display modes, edge and display), options (annotations, balloon, detailing, dimensions, file locations, font, note and units).

Note: The keyword “options” in Online help displays all System Options and Document Property option categories.



Review

The Sheet Properties option displayed: Sheet name, scale and size. You selected a C paper size with no Sheet Format.

You reviewed the System Options Drawings and File Locations. The Drawings Display Style option controlled the display mode and tangent edges of the view.

The File Locations option created the MY-TEMPLATES folder tab in the New SolidWorks Document dialog box.

Document Properties are stored in the current document. You utilized the Detailing (Dimensions, Notes, Balloons, Arrows and Annotations Font), Line Font and Units options in the Drawing Template. There are hundreds of System Options and Document Properties.

Sheet Format

Customize drawing Sheet Formats to create and match your company drawing standards.

A customer requests a new product. The engineer designs the product in one location, the company produces the product in a second location and the field engineer supports the customer in a third location.

The ASME Y14.24M standard describes various types of drawings.

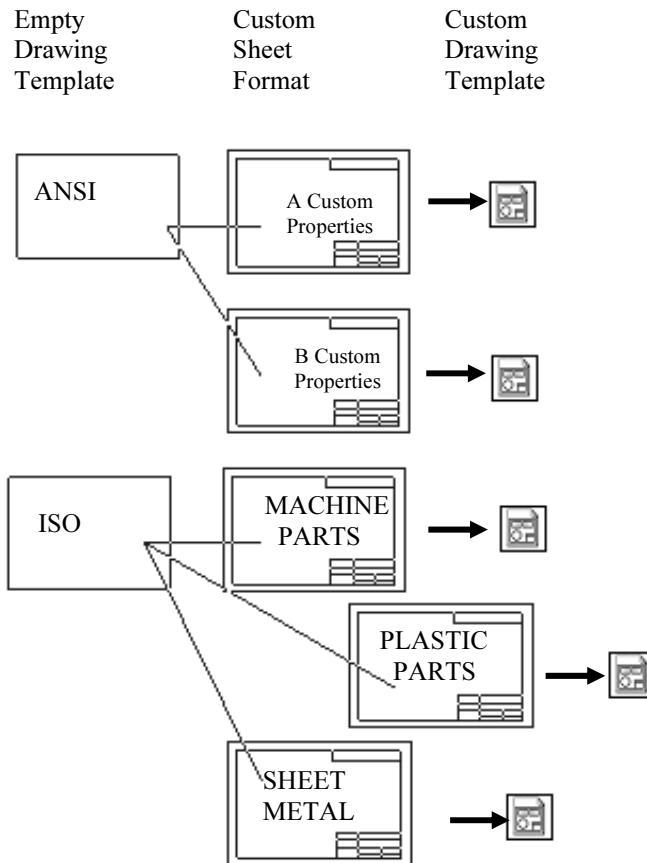
Example: The Engineering department produces detail and assembly drawings. The drawings for machined, plastic and sheet metal parts contain specific tolerances and notes used in fabrication.

Manufacturing adds vendor item drawings with tables and notes. Field Service requires installation drawings that are provided to the customer.

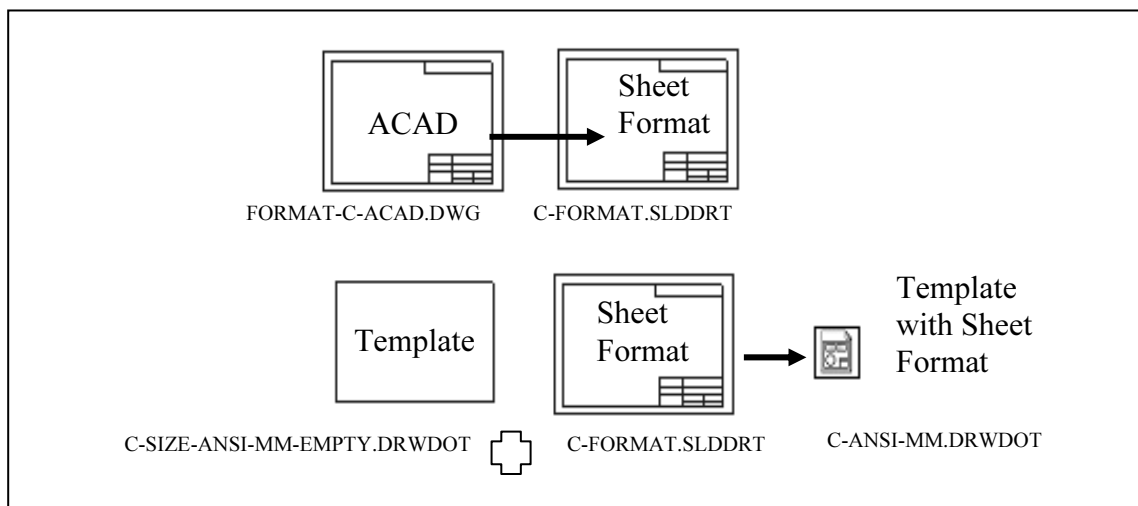
Create Sheet Formats to support various standards and drawing types.

There are numerous ways to create a custom Sheet Format:

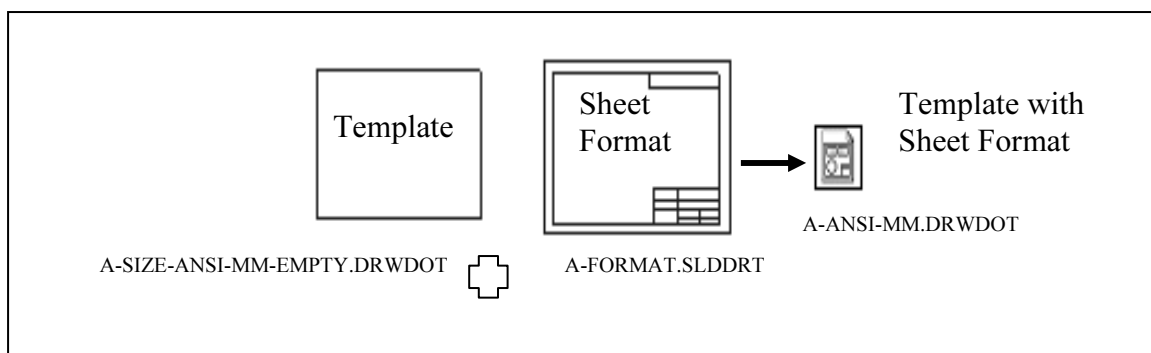
- Open a “.dwg” file created with another CAD application. Save the “.dwg” file as a Sheet Format.
- Right-click in the Graphics window. Select Edit Sheet Format. Create drawing borders, title block, notes and zone locations for each drawing size. Save each drawing format.
- Right-click Properties in the Graphics window. Select Properties. Check Display Sheet Format option from the Sheet Format drop down list. Browse to select an existing Sheet Format.
- Add an OLE supported Sheet Format such as a bitmap file of the title block and notes. Use the Insert, Object command.



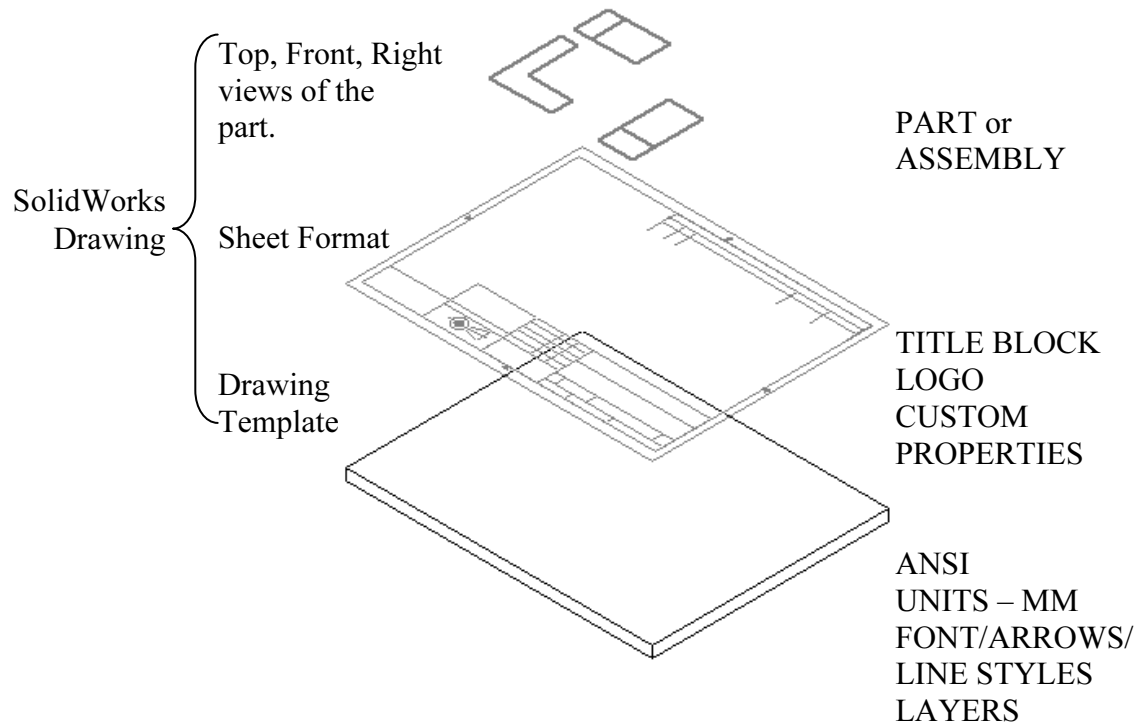
- Utilize an existing AutoCAD drawing to create a SolidWorks Sheet Format.
- Open the AutoCAD drawing as the Sheet Format. Save the C-FORMAT.slddrt
- Sheet Format. Add the Sheet Format C-FORMAT.slddrt to the empty C-size Drawing Template. Create a new drawing template named C-ANSI-MM.drwdot.



- Add an A-size Sheet Format, A-FORMAT.slddrt to an empty A-size Drawing Template. Create an A-ANSI-MM.drwdot Drawing Template.



Insert views from the part or assembly into the SolidWorks Drawing.



Data imported from other CAD systems for a Sheet Format may require editing in SolidWorks. Delete extraneous lines in the imported Sheet Format.

The drawing sheet contains two modes:

- Edit Sheet.
- Edit Sheet Format.

Utilize Edit Sheet to insert views and dimensions. Utilize Edit Sheet Format to modify the Title block information.

Edit in the Edit Sheet Format mode for lines and text created in the AutoCAD title block.

Add drawing notes and title block information in the Edit Sheet Format mode.

The sheet boundary and major title block headings are displayed with a THICK line style. Modify the drawing layer THICKNESS.

Activity: Sheet Format, Import From AutoCAD

Open the AutoCAD drawing: FORMAT-C-ACAD.dwg.

142) Click **File, Open** from the Main menu.

143) Select **DWG (*.dwg)** from the Files of type drop down list.

144) Double-click **FORMAT-C-ACAD** from the DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS\MY-SHEETFORMATS folder. A DXF/DWG Import dialogue box appears.

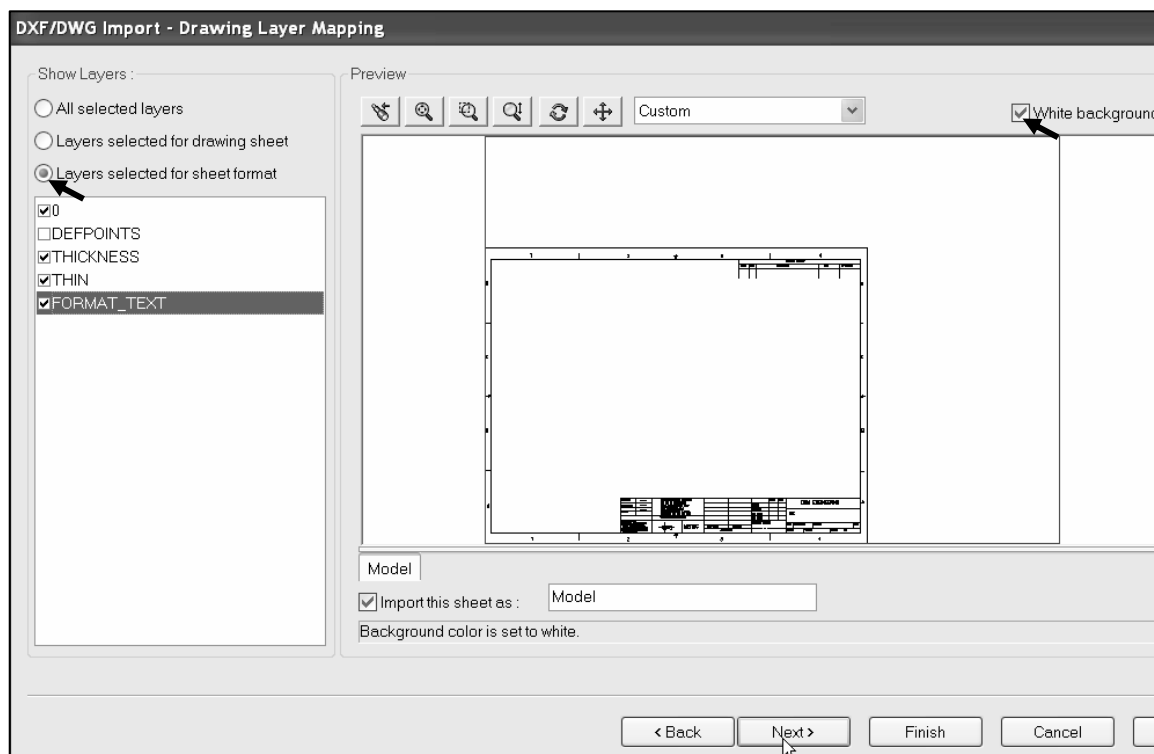
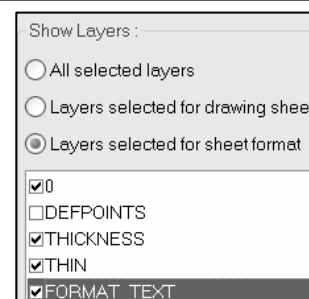
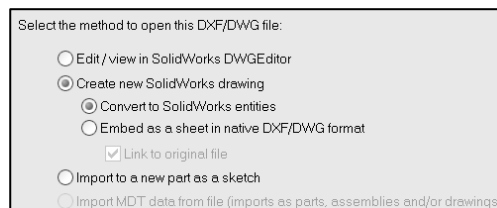
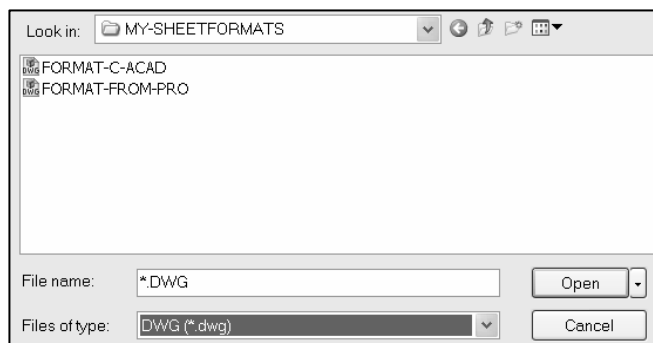
145) Click **Next**.

146) Click **Layers selected for sheet format**.

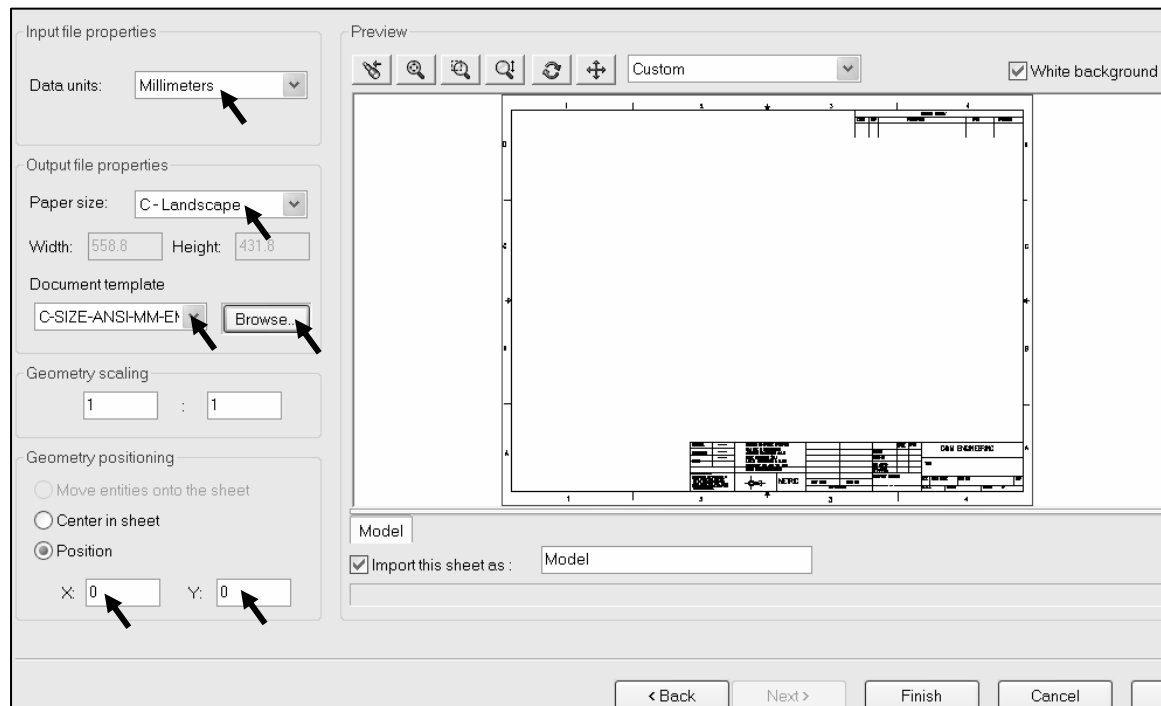
147) Check **0**, **THICKNESS**, **THIN** and **FORMAT-TEXT** layers.

148) Click **White background**.

149) Click **Next**.



- 150)** Select **Millimeters** for Data units.
- 151)** Select **C-Landscape** for Paper Size.
- 152)** Click the **Browse** button.
- 153)** Select the **MY-TEMPLATES** folder.
- 154)** Select the **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY** for Drawing Template.
- 155)** Enter **0** for the X position.
- 156)** Enter **0** for the Y position.
- 157)** Click **Finish**.



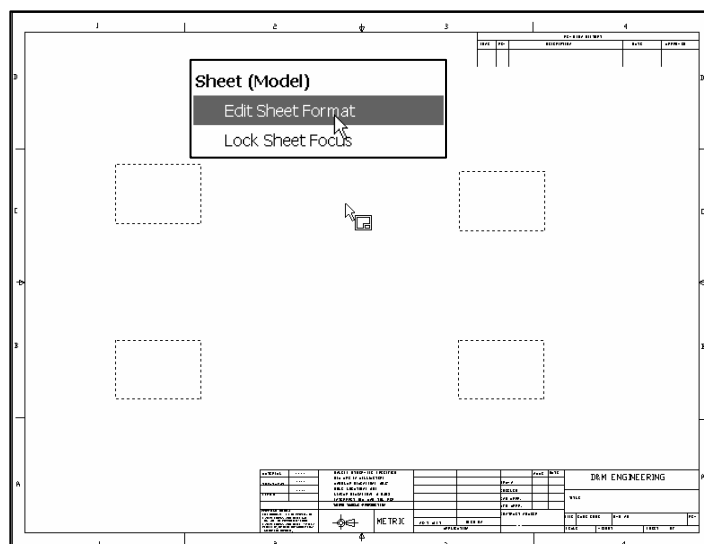
Save Draw2.

- 158)** Click **File, Save As** from the Main menu. Select the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS** folder. Enter **Draw2** for Filename. Click **Save**.

Note: Draw2 is the temporary drawing document utilized to create the Sheet Format.

Edit the Title block.

- 159)** Right-click in the **Graphics window**.
- 160)** Click **Edit Sheet Format**.



Delete the Title block lines.

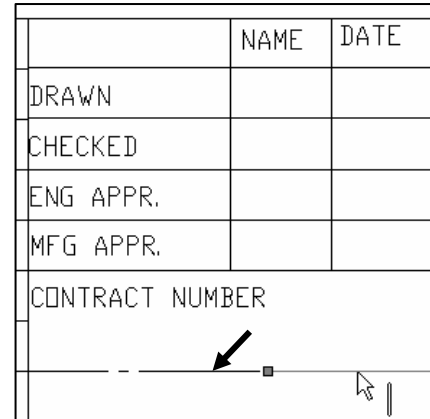
161) Click **Zoom in** on the Title block.

162) Click the first **horizontal line** below the CONTRACT NUMBER.

163) Press the **Delete** key.

164) Click the second **horizontal line** below the CONTRACT NUMBER.

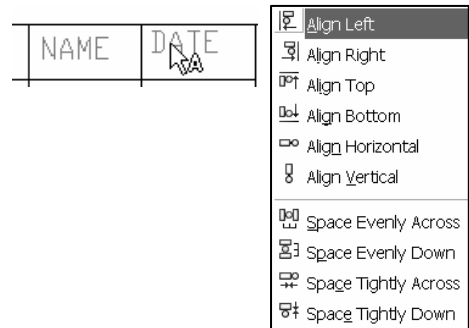
165) Press the **Delete** key.



Align the NAME and DATE text.

166) Click and drag the **NAME** text.

167) Click and drag the **DATE** text. Note: You can use the Ctrl key, right-click Align and select the Align option.



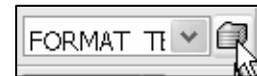
Display the Layer toolbar.

168) Right-click a **position** in the gray area, to the right of the Help menu.

169) Check **Layers** ☒ Layer .

Modify Thick Layer properties.

170) Click the **Layer Properties** folder from the Layer toolbar.



Rename the AutoCAD layer

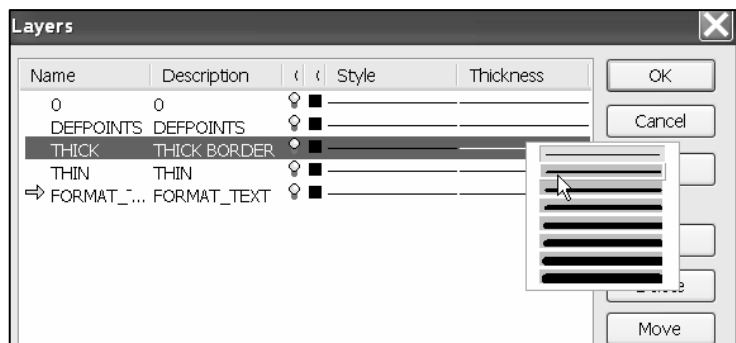
171) Rename Name from **THICKNESS** to **THICK**.

172) Rename Description from **THICKNESS** to **THICK BORDER**.

173) Click the **line Thickness** in the THICK layer.

174) Select the **second line**.

175) Click **OK**.



The border and title block display the Thick line.

The left line in the title block is on the Thin layer. Modify the line layer from the Thin layer to the Thick layer.

Modify a Line layer.

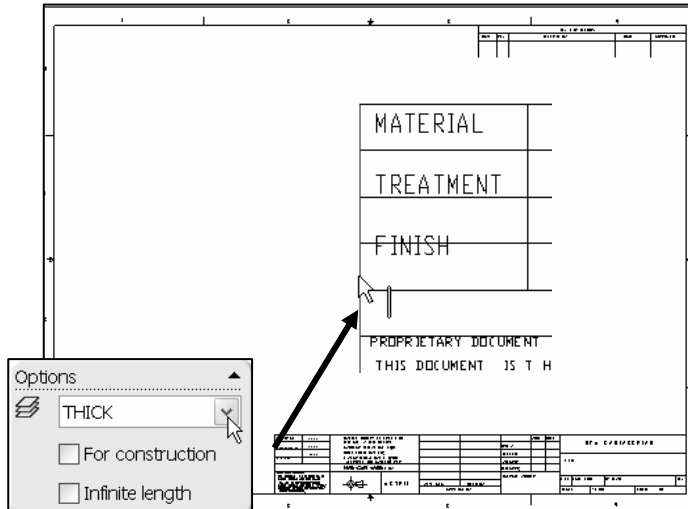
176) Click on the **left line**.

177) Click **THICK** layer from the Options box.

178) Click **OK**  from the Line Properties PropertyManager.
Note: Align the MATERIAL, TREATMENT and FINISH text as an exercise.

Save Draw2.

179) Click **Save** .



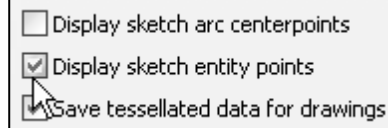
The C-FORMAT requires additional information and editing in the Title block. The Title block created from AutoCAD only contains text headings such as: Drawing Number, Revision and Drawn by. Each heading is located in a different box in the Title block.

Insert additional Notes into the Title block in the Edit Sheet Format Mode. The Notes in the Sheet Format are linked to Properties. Properties are variables shared between parts, assemblies and drawing documents.



View Line segments clearly. The System Options, Drawings, Display Sketch Entity Points displays the endpoints of the line segments. Check this option before editing the lines in the Title block.

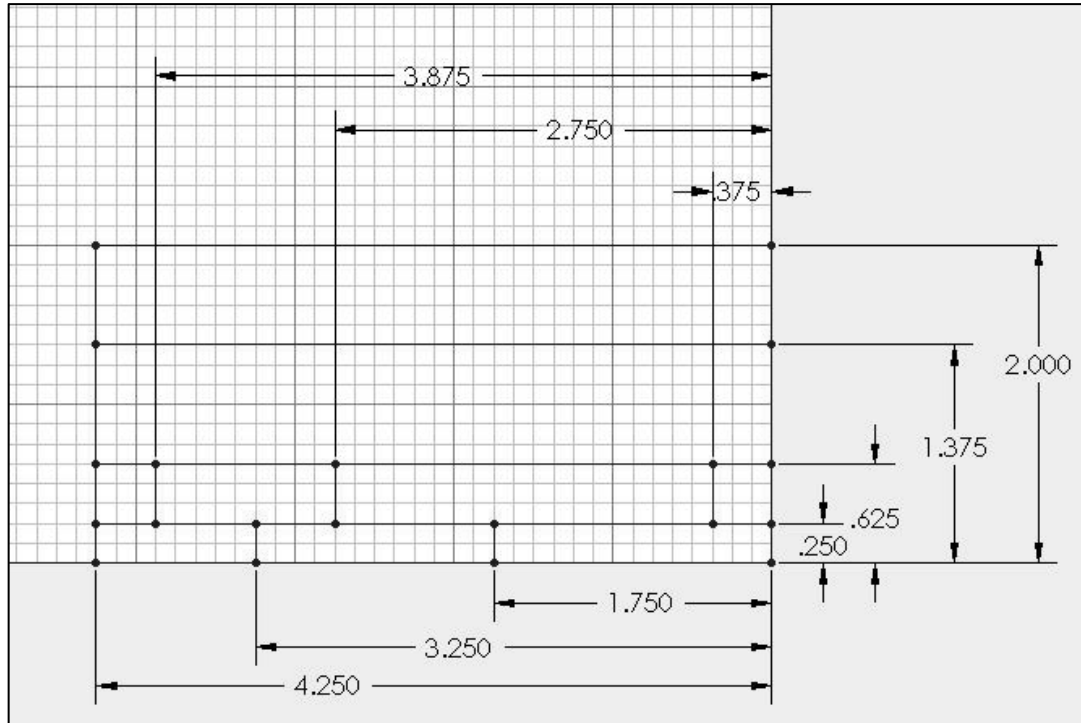
Drawings



Utilize the Sketch tools to create and edit Title block lines. Utilize dimensions and geometric relations to create Title block lines for A, B, C, D and E Sheet Formats according to the ASME Y14.1 Decimal Inch Drawing Sheet Size and Format and ASME Y14.1M Metric Drawing Size and Format.



Utilize the Document Property Grid/Snap for quick sketching. The ASME Y14.1 Title block is based on 0.125 increments. Set the Document Properties Grid/Snap to 0.125. The following dimensions below are recommended for A, B, C and G sizes.



Title Block Notes and Properties

The Title block contains vital part and assembly information. Each company creates a unique version of a title block. The imported AutoCAD Sheet Format contains heading names in each area of the title block such as: TITLE, DWG NO. and SCALE.

Utilize SolidWorks System Properties and User defined Custom Properties to link Notes in the Sheet Format to the drawing, part and assembly.

System Properties

System Properties extract values from the current drawing. System Properties are determined from the SolidWorks documents. Insert System Properties as linked Notes in the Sheet Format.

System Properties begin with the prefix SW. There are two categories of Properties: System Properties and Drawing Specific System Properties.

Set System Properties in the File, Properties, Summary Information dialog box as follows:

System Properties:	Summary Information Summary Custom Configuration Specific Author: D. PLANCHARD Keywords: ROD, PNEUMATIC, STEEL Comments: SMC ROD FOR GUIDE CYLINDER Title: ROD Subject: DRAWING AND DETAILING Statistics Created: Saturday, November 17, 2001 12:53:10 PM Last Saved: Thursday, February 10, 2005 9:28:44 AM Determined from the Document File Name, Folder location and System Date.
SW-Author	
SW-Keywords	
SW-Comments	
SW-Title	
SW-Subject	
SW-Created Date	
SW-Last Saved Date	
SW-Last Saved By	
SW-File Name	
SW-Folder Name	
SW-Long Date	
SW-Short Date	

Set Drawing Specific System Properties: SW-Sheet Name, SW-Sheet Scale SW-Sheet Format Size and SW-Template Size in the Sheet Properties dialog box.

Drawing Specific:	Sheet Properties Name: Sheet Format1 Scale: 1 : 2 Type of projection: ☐ First angle ☒ Third angle Next view label: A Next datum label: A Sheet Format/Size ☒ Standard sheet size A - Landscape A - Portrait B - Landscape C - Landscape D - Landscape E - Landscape & n - Landscape c - landscape.slddr Browse... ☒ Display sheet format Preview: Determined from the current sheet selected in the drawing and the total number of sheets selected in the drawing.
SW-Sheet Name	
SW-Sheet Scale	
SW-Sheet Format Size	
SW-Template Size	
SW-Current Sheet	
SW-Total Sheet	

User Defined Properties

There are two types of User defined Properties: Custom Properties and Configuration Specific Properties.

Custom Properties link all of the configurations of a part or an assembly. Configuration Specific Properties link only a single configuration of a part or an assembly.

Assign User defined Property values to named variables in the document.

The default variables are listed in the text file
\\SolidWorks\\Lang\\English\\Properties.txt. Create your own User defined Property named variables.

Conserve design time. Utilize System Properties and define Custom Properties and Configuration Specific Properties in your Sheet Formats.

```

Description
PartNo
Number
Revision
Material
Weight
Finish
StockSize
UnitofMeasure
Cost
MakeorBuy
LeadTime
CheckedBy
CheckedDate
DrawnBy
DrawnDate
EngineeringApproval
EngAppDate
ManufacturingApproval
MfgAppDate
QAApproval
QAAppDate
Vendor
VendorNo
Client
Project
Status
DateCompleted
CompanyName
Department
Division
Group
Author
Owner
Source
    
```

User Defined Properties

Linked Notes

Insert Notes into the Title block. Link the Notes to SolidWorks Properties and Custom Properties.

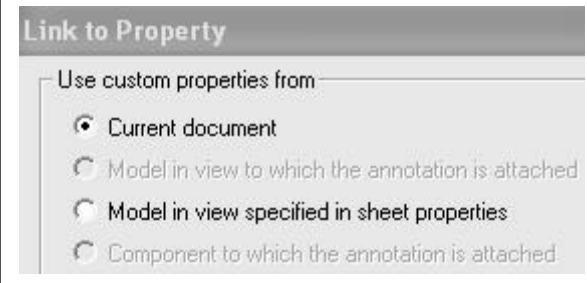
Review your company's Engineering Documentation Practices to determine the Notes displayed in the Title block.

In the next activity, DWG NO. is linked to the SW-File Name System Property and Revision is linked to the Revision Custom Property in the part or assembly.



DWG. NO.	REV
\$PRP:"SW-File Name"	

Linked Notes begin with the four different prefixes listed below:

Prefix:	Evaluated from:	
\$PRP:	Current document.	
\$PRPVIEW:	Model in the drawing view to which the Note is attached.	
\$PRPSHEET:	Model in view specified in Sheet Properties. For Sheet Format notes, the first view listed in the FeatureManager is used.	
\$PRPMODEL:	Component to which annotation is attached.	Utilize \$PRP and \$PRPSHEET in the Sheet Format.

Linked Notes that reference Custom Properties in the drawing utilize the prefix: \$PRP:

Enter double quotes to define the property name: Example: \$PRP:"CompanyName".

Linked Sheet Format Notes that reference Custom Properties in the part utilize the prefix: \$PRPSHEET. Linked Sheet Format Notes are displayed blank in the Edit Sheet mode.

Linked Sheet Format Notes are displayed with their property Name in the Edit Sheet Format mode. Example: \$PRPSHEET{Material}.

Insert the following Linked Notes:

System Properties Linked to fields in the default Sheet Format. Prefix: \$PRP	Custom Properties of drawings linked to fields in the default Sheet Formats. Prefix: \$PRP	Custom Properties copied from the default SW Sheet Format to a Custom Sheet Format. Prefix: \$PRP		Custom Properties of parts and assemblies linked to the fields in default Sheet Formats. Prefix:\$PRPSHEET
SW-File Name (in DWG. NO. field)	CompanyName	DrawnBy	DrawnDate	Description (in TITLE field):
SW-Sheet Scale	CONTRACT NUMBER	CheckedBy	CheckedDate	Weight
SW-Current Sheet		EngineeringApproval	EngAppDate	Material, Finish and TREATMENT
SW-Total Sheets		ManufacturingApproval	MfgAppDate	Revision

User-defined Custom Property Names CONTRACT NUMBER and TREATMENT are displayed in capital letters for clarity. Utilize Large and small letters for Custom Property Names. Create a new layer for the Title block Notes. The large yellow arrow in the Name column indicates the current layer.

Activity: Title Block and SW-File Name

Insert the Title block TEXT layer.

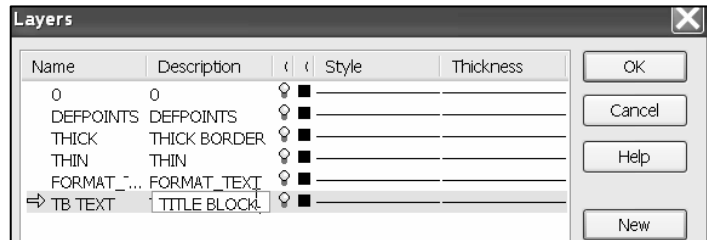
180) Click the **Layer Property Manager**.

181) Click the **New** button.

182) Enter **TB TEXT** for Name.

183) Enter **TITLE BLOCK TEXT** for Description.

184) Click **OK**.



Create a Linked Note for the DWG NO. System Property.

185) Click **Annotations** , **Note** from the Annotations toolbar.

186) Click a **point** below the DWG NO. text.

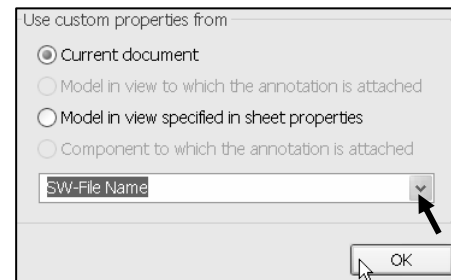
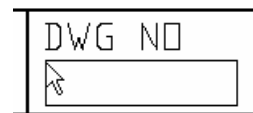
187) Click **Link to Property** from the Text Format box.

188) Select **SW-File Name** from the drop down list.

189) Click **OK**. The variable \$PRP:"SW-File Name" is displayed in the Note text box.

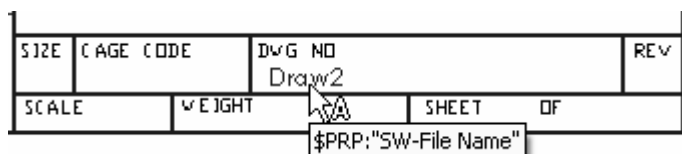
190) Click **OK** from the Note PropertyManager.

191) Position the mouse pointer on the **Draw2** text. The variable name is displayed.



Save Draw2.

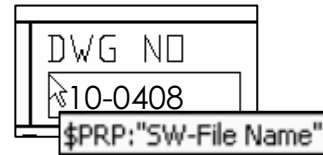
192) Click **Save**.



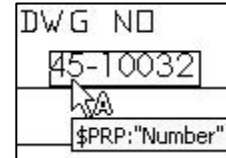
Note: Draw2 is the current file name. The default Draw number varies depending on the number of drawings opened in a SolidWorks session.

The \$PRP:“SW-File Name” property updates to contain the part or assembly filename.

Example: Insert the part 10-0408 into a Drawing Template. The filename 10-0408 is linked to the SW-FileName property and is displayed in the DWG NO. box.



What action do you take to control the DWG NO. by a separate property not linked to the part filename? Answer: Create a Note linked to the Custom Property \$PRP: "Number" in the Sheet Format. Enter the value 45-10032 for the Number Custom Property in the drawing document.



Size, Sheet and Scale Properties

Additional Linked Notes are required in the Title block.

SIZE	CAGE CODE	DWG NO
SCALE	WEIGHT	SHEET

Create the SIZE, SHEET and SCALE text with Linked Properties. Position the text below the headings.

The Sheet Scale value changes to reflect the sheet scale properties in the drawing. The Sheet box combines two System Properties: SW-Current Sheet and SW-Total Sheets. The Current Sheet value and Total Sheets value change as additional sheets are added to the drawing.

Activity: Size, Sheet and Scale Properties

Create a Linked Property to the SIZE text.

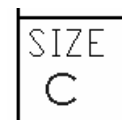
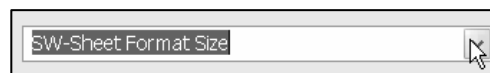
193) Click **Annotations** , **Note**  from the Annotations toolbar.

194) Click a **point** below the SIZE text.

195) Click **Link to Property**  from the Text Format box.

196) Select **SW-Sheet Format Size** from the drop down list.

197) Click **OK**. The variable \$PRP:“SW-Sheet Format Size” is displayed in the Note text box.



Modify the font size and style of the SIZE text.

198) Double-click **C** in the SIZE box

199) Enter **5** for font height. Click **Bold** for style.

200) Click **Close** .

201) Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.

Create a Linked Property to SCALE.

202) Click **Annotations** , **Note**  from the Annotations toolbar.

203) Click a **point** to the right of the SCALE text.

204) Click **Link to Property** .

205) Select **SW-Sheet Scale** from the drop down list.

206) Click **OK**. The variable \$PRP:"SW-Sheet Scale" is displayed in the Note text box.

207) Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.

Delete text in the title box.

208) Click the **OF** text in the lower right corner of the title box. Press the **Delete** key.

Combine Link Properties for the SHEET text.

209) Double-click the **SHEET** text. Position the **cursor** at the end of the text. Press the **space bar**.

210) Click **Link to Property**  from the Text Format box.

211) Select **SW-Current Sheet** from the drop down list.

212) Click **OK**. Press the **space bar**. Enter the text **OF**.

213) Press the **space bar**.

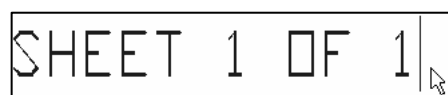
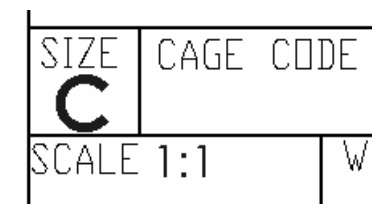
214) Click **Link to Property** .

215) Select **SW-Total Sheets** from the drop down list.

216) Click **OK**. Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.

Save Draw2.

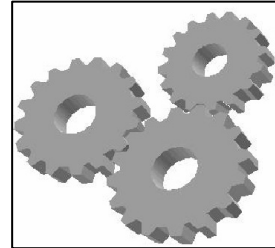
217) Click **Save** .



Custom Property and Logo Picture

Utilize D&M ENGINEERING or your own value for CompanyName in the next step. The CompanyName Property is controlled through a Custom Property in the Sheet Format.

The Company logo is a picture file inserted as an OLE object into the drawing.



Activity: Custom Property and Logo Picture

Delete the current Company Name Note text.

218) Right-click on the **D&M ENGINEERING** text in the drawing.



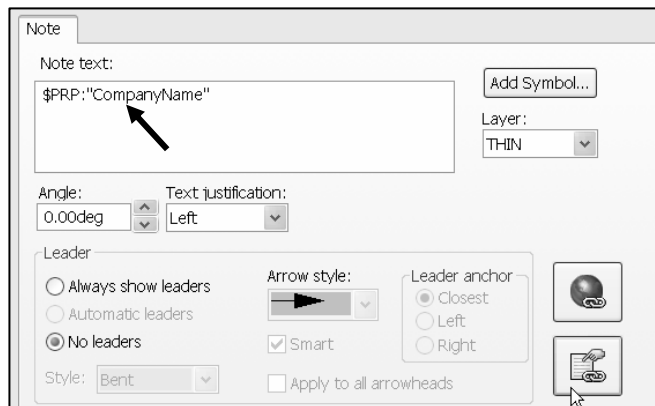
219) Click **Properties**  Properties...

220) Delete **D&M ENGINEERING** in the Properties Note text box.

Insert the CompanyName Property.

221) Enter **\$PRP:"CompanyName"** in the Note text box.

222) Click **Propertylink** .



223) Select the **File Properties** button from the Link to Property box.



224) Click the **Custom** tab from the Summary Information box.

225) Click the **Property Name** spin box.

226) Select **CompanyName**.

227) Click the **Value / Text Expression** box.

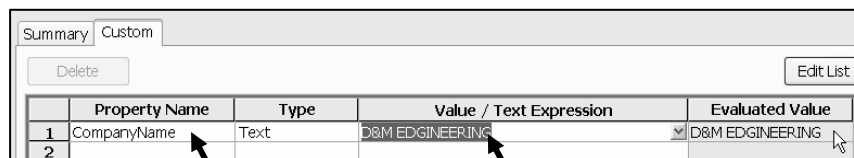
228) Enter **D&M ENGINEERING** for CompanyName.

229) Click in the **Evaluated Value** box.

230) Click **OK** from the Summary Information box.

231) Click **OK**.

232) Click **OK** .



Note: The Title block displays the CompanyName Linked Note. The current document stores the CompanyName Property. Select Custom Properties through the Link to Property drop down list.

Modify the Font of D&M ENGINEERING.

233) Double-click **D&M ENGINEERING** text.

234) Select the **D&M ENGINEERING** text.

235) Click **Bold**.

236) Click **Close** .

237) Click **OK**  from the Note Property Manager.

 Position the mouse pointer over the Linked Note to display the Custom Property value. Utilize Ctrl-A to select all the text in the Note text box.

A company logo is normally located in the title block. Create a company logo by inserting a picture file into the Title block.

Example: the picture file 3-Gears.jpg is located in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder. Utilize any picture file, scanned image or bitmap.

Insert a picture.

238) Click **Insert, Object** from the Main toolbar.

239) Click **Create from File**.

240) Click **Browse**.

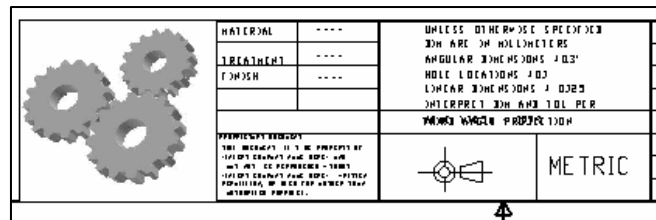
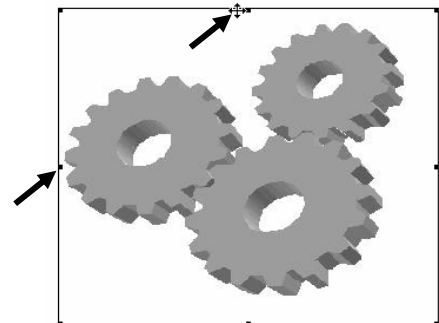
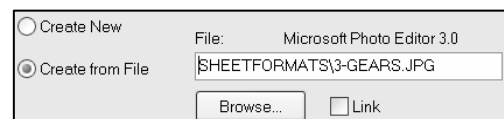
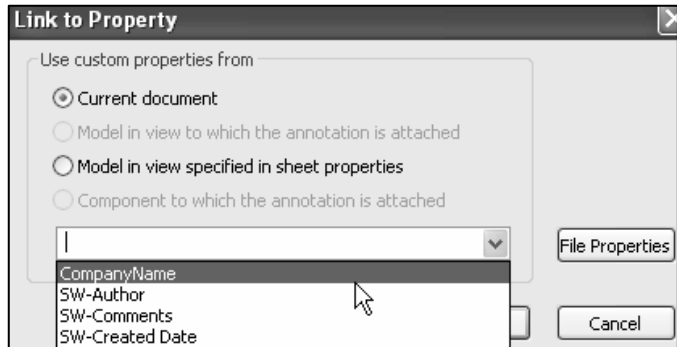
241) Double-click **MY-SHEETFORMATS\3-GEARS.JPG**.

242) Click **OK**.

243) Size the **picture** by dragging the picture handles.

Save Draw2.

244) Click **Save** .



User Defined Custom Property

Your company has a policy that a contract number must be contained in the title block for all associated drawings in a project. The contract number is not a predefined SolidWorks Custom Property.

Create a user defined Custom Property named CONTRACT NUMBER. Add it to the drawing title block. The Custom Property is contained in the Sheet Format.

Activity: User Defined Custom Property

Create a User defined Custom Property.

245) Click **Annotations** , **Note**  from the Annotations toolbar.

CONTRACT NUMBER

246) Click a **point** in the upper left hand corner below the CONTRACT NUMBER text.

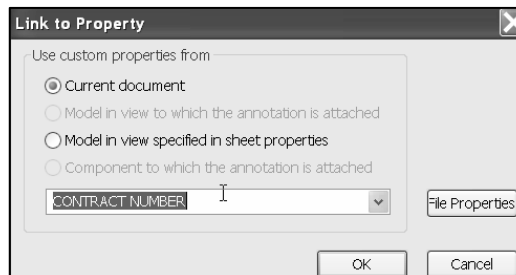
247) Click **Link to Property** . Select the **File Properties** button.

248) Click the **Custom** tab. Click the **Property Name** spin box. Enter **CONTRACT NUMBER** for Name. Click the **Value / Text Expression** box. Enter **101045-PAP** for Value. Click the **Evaluated Value** box. Click **OK**.

	Property Name	Type	Value / Text Expression	Evaluated Value
1	CompanyName	Text	D&M ENGINEERING	D&M ENGINEERING
2	CONTRACT NUMBER	Text	101045-PAP	101045-PAP

249) Select **CONTRACT NUMBER** in the Property Name text box.

250) Click **OK**.



251) The Note text box displays: \$PRP:

"CONTRACT NUMBER". Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.

Fit the drawing to the Graphics window.

252) Press the **f** key. Click **Save** .

CONTRACT NUMBER
101045-PAP

Copy/Paste Custom Properties

Conserve design time. Share information from Templates and Sheet Formats. Copy DrawnBy, DrawnDate, CheckedBy, CheckedDate, EngineeringApproval, EngAppDate, ManufacturingApproval and MfgAppDate from a default SolidWorks C Sheet Format to the Custom C Format.

Activity: Copy/Paste Custom Properties

Open the default SolidWorks C Drawing Template.

253) Click **File, New**  from the Main menu.

254) Select the **Templates** tab. Double-click **Drawing**.

255) Select **C-landscape** for the Sheet Format. Click **Display sheet format**. Click **OK**.

256) Click **Cancel**  from the Model View PropertyManager.

257) **Zoom in**  on the NAME and DATE area in the Title block.

Display the Linked text.

258) Check **View, Annotation Link Errors** from the Main toolbar. An Error indicates the value for the Custom Property is empty.

	NAME	DATE
DRAWN		
CHECKED		
ENG APPR.		
MFG APPR.		

	NAME	DATE	
DRAWN	ERROR!: DrawnBy	ERROR!: DrawnDate	
CHECKED	ERROR!: CheckedBy	ERROR!: CheckedDate	TITLE
ENG APPR.	ERROR!: EngineeringAppr	ERROR!: EngAppDate	
MFG APPR.	ERROR!: ManufacturingAppr	ERROR!: MfgAppDate	

Invoke the Edit Sheet Format mode.

259) Right-click in the **sheet boundary**.

260) Click **Edit Sheet Format**.

Copy the drawing Custom Properties.

261) Hold the **Ctrl** key down.

262) Select the **text** in the columns under Name and Date. Do not select the QA text row. Release the **Ctrl** key.

263) Press **Ctrl-C**.

264) Press **Ctrl-Tab** to return to the custom C Sheet Format; Draw2.

265) Click a **position** between the NAME and DATE column and the CHECKED and ENG APPR. row.

266) Press **Ctrl-V**.

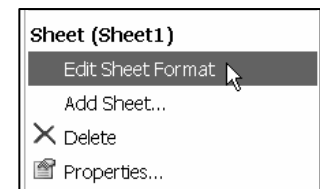
267) Window-select the **text** in the Name column and the Date column.

268) Drag the **text** to center in the NAME column and DATE column.

269) Position the **mouse pointer** on the DrawnBy text. The Custom Property \$PRP:"DrawnBy" is displayed.

Hide the Linked text.

270) Click **View**, uncheck **Annotation Link Errors** from the Main menu.



	NAME	DATE	
DRAWN	ERROR!: DrawnBy	ERROR!: DrawnDate	
CHECKED	ERROR!: CheckedBy	ERROR!: CheckedDate	TITLE
ENG APPR.	ERROR!: EngineeringAppr	ERROR!: EngAppDate	
MFG APPR.	ERROR!: ManufacturingAppr	ERROR!: MfgAppDate	
CONTRACT NUMBER			SIZE
101045-PAP			C

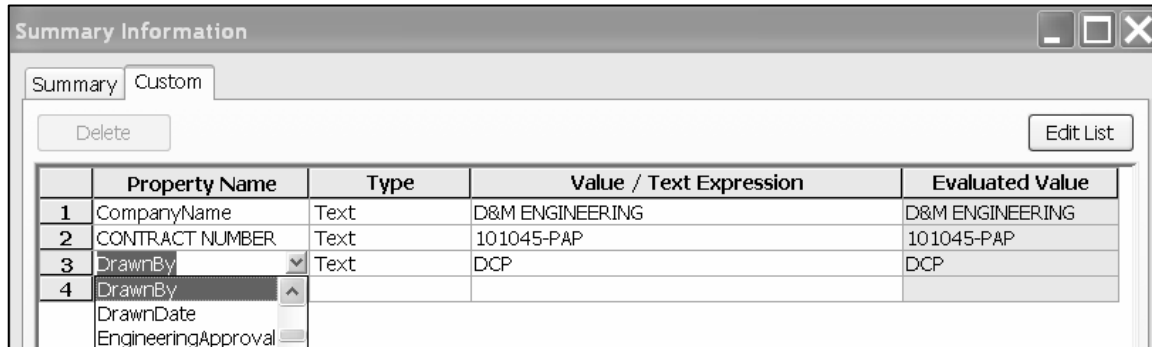
Insert the Custom Property DrawnBy.

271) Click **File, Properties** from the Main toolbar.

272) Click the **Custom** tab.

273) Select **DrawnBy** for Property Name. Enter your name, example **DCP**, in the Value / Text Expression box. Click the **Evaluated Value** box.

274) Click **OK**. Click **Save** .



Note: In this example, you saved the DrawnBy Custom Property with the Sheet Format. The DrawnBy Custom Property may also be left blank in the Sheet Format and entered by the designer in the drawing.

	NAME	DATE
DRAWN	DCP	
CHECKED		

Custom Properties in Parts and Assemblies

Define Custom Properties in parts and assemblies through the ConfigurationManager, Properties option. Insert Custom Properties from a part or assembly into the drawing. Create Description, Weight, Material and Revision Custom Properties as Linked Notes in the Sheet Format. Enter values for these Custom Properties in the part or assembly.

Activity: Custom Properties in Parts and Assemblies

Insert the Description Property.

275) Click **Note** .

276) Click a **position** to the right of the TITLE.

277) Enter **\$PRPSHEET: "Description"**.

278) Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.



The Note displays \$PRPSHEET:{Description}. Enter the Description value in the part or assembly Custom Properties. The value is linked to the TITLE box Note.

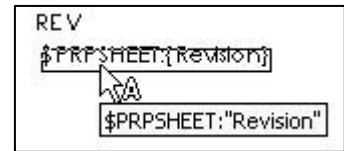
Insert the Revision Property.

279) Click **Note**  .

280) Click a **position** below the REV text.

281) Enter **\$PRPSHEET: "Revision"**. The blue text indicates that the Sheet Property is valid.

282) Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.



The Note displays \$PRPSHEET:{Revision}. Enter the Revision value in the part or assembly Custom Properties.

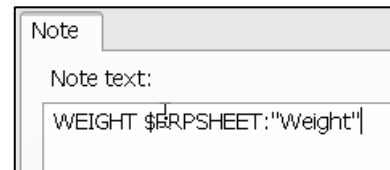
Edit the WEIGHT text and append the text \$PRPSHEET:"Weight".

Insert the Weight Property.

283) Right-click **WEIGHT** text.

284) Click **Properties**  Properties...

285) Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"Weight"** to the right of the WEIGHT text. Click **OK**  .



Insert the Material Property.

286) Delete the ----- to the right of the MATERIAL box.

287) Click **Note**  .

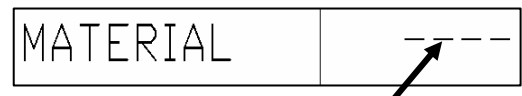
288) Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"Material"** to the right of the MATERIAL box. Click **OK**.

289) Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.

290) Repeat for TREATMENT. Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"TREATMENT"** to the right of the TREATMENT box.

291) Repeat for FINISH. Enter **\$PRPSHEET:"Finish"** to the right of the FINISH box.

292) Click **Save**  .



MATERIAL	\$PRPSHEET:{Material}
TREATMENT	\$PRPSHEET:{Treatment}
FINISH	\$PRPSHEET:{Finish}

Description, Revision, Weight, Material and Finish are predefined Custom Properties. Assign values in the part and assembly. The TREATMENT Custom Property is not defined. Create the TREATMENT Custom Property Name and value in the part through the ConfigurationManager, Custom Properties or a Design Table.

General Notes

General notes are annotations that describe additional information on a drawing. Conserve drawing time. Place common general notes in the Sheet Format.

The Engineering department stores general notes in a Notepad file, GENERALNOTES.TXT. General notes are usually located in a corner of a drawing.

Activity: General Notes

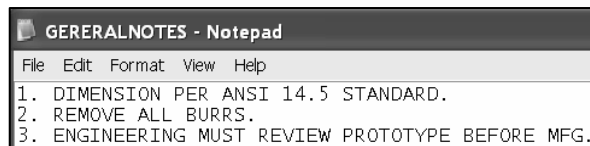
293) Minimize the **SolidWorks** window. Do not close.

Create general notes from a text file.

294) Double-click on the Notepad file, **MY-SHEETFORMATS\GENERALNOTES.TXT**.



295) Click **Ctrl A** to select the text in the Notepad file.



296) Click **Ctrl C** to copy the text into the windows clipboard.

297) Click the **Alt** tab.

298) Select the **SolidWorks** icon.

299) Click **Note**  from the Annotations toolbar.

300) Click a **point** in the lower left hand corner of the Sheet.

1. DIMENSION PER ANSI 14.5 STANDARD.
2. REMOVE ALL BURRS.
3. ENGINEERING MUST REVIEW PROTOTYPE BEFORE MFG.

301) Click **inside** the Note text box.

Paste the three lines of text.

302) Click **Ctrl V**.

303) Click **OK**  from the Note PropertyManager.

304) Click **Save**  .

Tables

There are four different SolidWorks tables: Revision Table, Bill of Materials, Weldment and Hole Tables. Each table contains an Anchor point. An Anchor point locates the Table position in the Sheet Format. Access to the Anchor point is through the Table entry in the FeatureManager.

The Revision Table documents the history of a drawing. Locate the Revision Table Anchor point in the upper right corner of the Sheet Format. Address other tables in future projects.

Activity: Revision Table-Anchor Point

Delete the current Revision Table created in the Autocad format.

305) Zoom in  on the upper right corner of the Sheet Format.

306) Window-select the Revision Table.

307) Click Delete to remove all imported table lines and text.

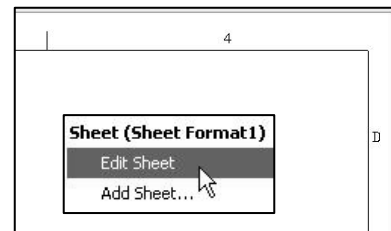
Return to the drawing sheet.

308) Right-click in the Graphics window.

309) Click Edit Sheet.

Fit the drawing to the Graphics window.

310) Press the f key.



Set the default layer.

311) Click None from the Layer text box.

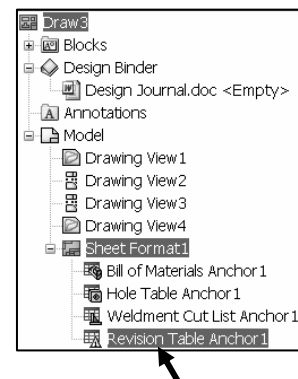


Set the Revision Table anchor point.

312) Expand Sheet Format1 in the Drawing FeatureManager.

313) Right-click Revision Table Anchor1.

314) Click Set Anchor.



315) Click a **position** in the upper right corner of the Title block. You are in the Edit Sheet Format mode.

316) Click **Save** .

Two additional areas of the title block require editing. This action is addressed as an exercise at the end of the project.

The AutoCAD Format utilized blocks in the original Proprietary Document statement.

PROPRIETARY DOCUMENT THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY OF <INSERT COMPANY NAME HERE> AND MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT <INSERT COMPANY NAME HERE> WRITTEN PERMISSION, OR USED FOR AOTHER THAN AUTHORIZED PURPOSES.	
--	--

Imported from Autocad, in block format.

The paragraph was imported.
Letters are missing. Each line is a separate block.

Delete the old note. Retype the note in SolidWorks. Modify the text font to Century Gothic.

THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY OF D&M ENGINEERING AND MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT D&M ENGINEERING WRITTEN PERMISSION, OR USED FOR ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PURPOSES.
--

Recreated in SolidWorks in paragraph format.

The Tolerance block is located in the title block. The Tolerance block provides information to the manufacturer on the minimum and maximum variation for each dimension on the drawing. If a specific tolerance or note is provided on the drawing, the specific tolerance or note will override the information in the Tolerance block.

The design requirements and the manufacturing process determine the general tolerance values.

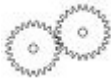
The original Tolerance block lists values for inch parts. The Sheet Format is developed for a metric part. Modify the LINEAR DIMENSIONS tolerance to +/- 0.2mm.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIM ARE IN MILLIMETERS ANGULAR DIMENSIONS $\pm 0.3^\circ$ HOLE LOCATIONS ± 0.1 LINEAR DIMENSIONS ± 0.2 INTERPRET DIM AND TOL PER ASME Y14.5M - 1994
--



More Information

Additional details on Sheet Properties, Properties and Custom Properties are available in Online help. Keywords: sheet properties, properties (custom, summary information), link (notes to property) and tables (anchor).



Review

The Sheet Format contains System Properties, Custom Properties and General Notes.

SW-File Name, SW-Sheet Scale, SW-Current Sheet and SW-Total Sheets were Notes in the Sheet Format linked to System Properties.

CompanyName, CONTRACT NUMBER, DrawnBy and DrawnDate were Notes in the Sheet Format linked to the Drawing Custom Properties. DrawnBy and DrawingDate were copied from an existing default Sheet Format.

Description, Revision, Material, Weight, Finish, and TREATMENT were Notes in the Sheet Format linked to Custom Properties in the part and assembly.

You inserted a picture file as an OLE object for a company logo and General Notes from a text file. You utilized a table anchor point to position future Revision Tables in the Title block.



Create Sheet Formats for different parts types. Example: sheetmetal parts, plastic parts and high precision machined parts. Create Sheet Formats for each category of the parts that are manufactured with unique sets of Notes and Custom Properties.

Review the Engineering Drawing Practices in your company as they relate to Custom Properties and Sheet Formats. Create a table. List the following:

- Identify the required Sheet Formats.
- Identify the required SolidWorks Properties to control the design process.
- Identify the required Custom Properties to control the design process.
- Determine the required values for each Property.
- Determine the correct location to define the Property: part, assembly or drawing.

Save Sheet Format and Save Drawing Template

The Sheet Format (.slddrt) and Drawing Template (.drwdot) utilize two different commands to save the current drawing document (.drw). Utilize the File, Save Sheet Format option to create the Sheet Format. Sheet Formats are stored in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder.

Utilize the File, Save As and select Drawing Template option to create the Drawing Template. Combine the C-FORMAT Sheet Format with the empty Drawing Template. The C-FORMAT Sheet Format is contained in every Sheet of the drawing in the C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template.

Save the Sheet Format and Drawing Templates in the Edit Sheet mode. Insert Views into the drawing in Edit Sheet mode. Views cannot be displayed in the Edit Sheet Format mode. Set the layer option to None. The current layer saves with the Drawing Template.

Create a new drawing to test the Sheet Format and the Drawing Template. The Add Sheet option inserts a second sheet into the current drawing.

Activity: Save Sheet Format and Save Drawing Template

Set the Layer.

317) Click **None** from the Layers toolbar.

Save the Sheet Format.

318) Click **File, Save Sheet Format** from the Main menu.

319) Enter **C-FORMAT.slddrt** sheet format in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder. Click **Save**. Click **OK**.

Close all documents.

320) Click **Windows, Close All** from the Main menu.

Combine the C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY template with the C-FORMAT Sheet Format.

321) Click **File, New** from the Main menu. Double-click **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY** from the MY-TEMPLATES folder. Click **Browse**.

322) Select **C-FORMAT** from the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder. Click **Open**. Check **Display Sheet format**.

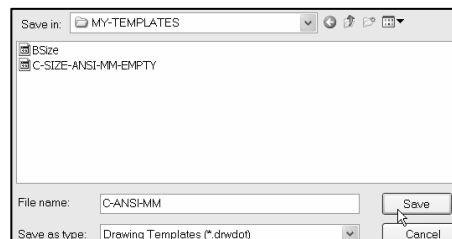
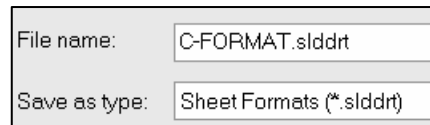
323) Click **OK**. Click **Cancel** .

Save the Drawing Template.

324) Click **File, Save As** from the Main menu.

325) Select **Drawing Template (*.drwdot)** for Save as Type.

326) Select **MY-TEMPLATES** for Save in folder. Enter **C-ANSI-MM** for File name. Click **Save**.



Close all documents.

327) Click **Windows, Close All** from the Main menu.

Verify the template.

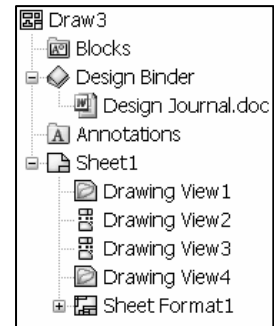
328) Click **File, New**  from the Main menu.

329) Click the **MY-TEMPLATES** tab.

330) Click the **C-ANSI-MM** template. The C-ANSI-MM Drawing Template is displayed with the Sheet Format.

331) Click **OK**.

332) Click **Cancel**  from the Model View PropertyManager.

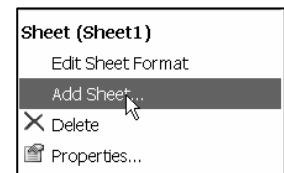


Add Sheet2

333) Right-click in **Sheet1**.

334) Click **Add Sheet**.

335) The MY-SHEETFORMATS\C-Format is displayed in the Preview window. Click **OK**.



Save the Draw3 drawing.

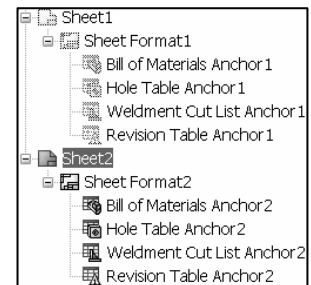
336) Click **File, Save As**.

337) Select the **DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS** folder.

338) Enter **Draw3** for Filename.

Close all files.

339) Click **Windows, Close All** from the Main menu.



A-Size Drawing Template

Create an A size Drawing Template and an A size Sheet Format. Text size for an A-size drawing is the same as a C-size drawing.

Utilize the empty C-size Drawing Template to copy the Document Properties.

Create an A-ANSI-MM Drawing Template. Add an A-size Sheet Format.

SolidWorks copies the Document Properties in the C-size Drawing Template to the A-size Drawing Template. The MY-SHEETFORMATS folder contains a predefined Sheet Format named, A-FORMAT. The A-FORMAT contains geometry, text and dimensions. The current layer is set to None. The Drawing Template controls the units.

Activity: A-Size Drawing Template

Create a new A-size drawing template.

340) Click **File, New**  from the Main menu.

341) Double-click **C-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY**.

342) Select **A-Landscape** for Standard sheet size.

343) Uncheck **Display Sheet Format**.

344) Click **OK**.

345) Click **Cancel**  from the Model View PropertyManager.

346) Click and drag the **pre-determined views** into the Sheet boundary.

Fit the template to the Graphics window.

347) Press the **f** key.

Save the A-size Drawing Template.

348) Click **File, Save As** from the Main menu.

349) Select **Drawing Templates** for Save as type.

350) **Browse** to the MY-TEMPLATES file folder.

351) Enter **A-SIZE-ANSI-MM-EMPTY** for File name.

352) Click **Save**.

Load the Custom A-size sheet format.

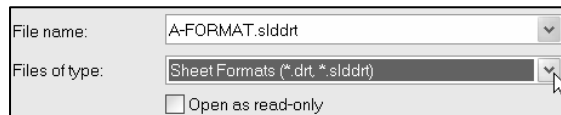
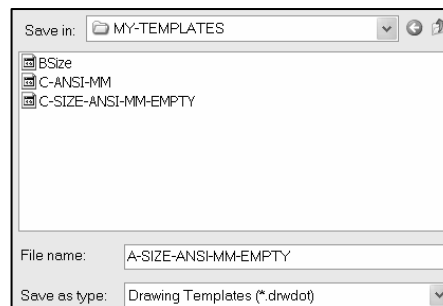
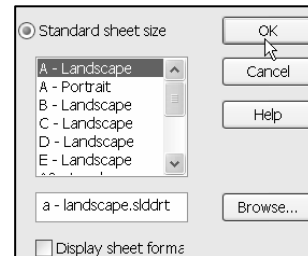
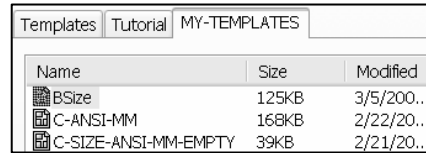
353) Right-click in the **Graphics window**.

354) Click **Properties**  Properties...

355) Click **Standard sheet size** for the Sheet Format.

356) Click **Browse**.

357) Select **A-FORMAT.slddrt** in the MY-SHEETFORMATS folder. Check **Display sheet format**. Click **OK**. Note: The current layer is set to None.



Save the new Drawing Template.

358) Click **File, SaveAs** from the Main menu.

359) Select **Drawing Templates(*.drwdot)** for Save as type.

360) Select the **MY-TEMPLATES** file folder.

361) Enter **A-ANSI-MM**. Click **Save**.

Close all documents.

362) Click **Windows, Close All** from the Main menu.

Verify the Template.

363) Click **File, New** from the Main menu.

364) Click the **MY-TEMPLATES** tab.

365) Click the **A-ANSI-MM** template.

366) Click **OK**. The new drawing is displayed in the Graphics window.

Close all documents.

367) Click **Windows, Close All** from the Main menu.

Project Summary

In this project, you created a custom C-size and A-size Drawing Template and Sheet Format. The Drawing Template and Sheet Format contained global drawing and detailing standards.

You obtained and applied drawing properties that reflect the ASME Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Drawing Practices.

You performed the task of importing an AutoCAD drawing to create and modify a custom Sheet Format.

The Sheet Format utilized System Properties and User defined Custom Properties through Linked Notes.

The A-ANSI-MM and C-ANSI-MM Drawing Templates and A-FORMAT and C-FORMAT Sheet Formats are use in the next Project.

Review additional topics in the project exercise. Example: Create Drawing Templates for inch Document Properties. Import a Pro\ENGINEER Sheet Format into SolidWorks.

Project Terminology

ANSI: American National Standards Institute.

ASME: American Society of Mechanical Engineers. ASME is the publisher of the Y14 Engineering Drawing and Related Documentation Practices. ASME Y14.5M-1994 is a revision of ANSI Y14.5-1982.

CommandManager: Display of toolbars based on the selection in the Control Area.

Drawing Template: A document that is the foundation of a new drawing. The Drawing Template contains document properties and user-defined parameters such as sheet format. The extension for the Drawing Template filename is .DRWDOT.

Drawing: A 2D representation of a 3D part or assembly. The extension for a SolidWorks drawing filename is .SLDDRW.

Feature Manager: An outline view of the active part, assembly or drawing displayed on the left side of the SolidWorks window.

Hidden Lines Removed (HLR): A view mode. All edges of the model that are not visible from the current view angle are removed from the display.

Hidden Lines Visible (HLV): A view mode. All edges of the model that are not visible from the current view angle are shown gray or dashed.

Import: The ability to open files from other software applications into a SolidWorks document. The A-size sheet format was created as an AutoCAD file and imported into SolidWorks.

Layers: Simplifies a drawing by combining dimensions, annotations, geometry and components. Properties such as: display, line style and thickness are assigned to a named layer.

Menus: Menus provide access to the commands that the SolidWorks software offers.

Mouse Buttons: The left and right mouse buttons have distinct meanings in SolidWorks.

OLE (Object Linking and Embedding): A Windows file format. A company logo or EXCEL spreadsheet placed inside a SolidWorks document are examples of OLE files.

Part: A 3D object made up of features. A part inserted into an assembly is called a component. Insert part views, feature dimensions and annotations into 2D drawing. The extension for a SolidWorks part filename is .SLDPRT.

Plane: To create a sketch, choose a plane. Planes are flat and infinite. Planes are represented on the screen with visible edges. The default reference plane for this project is Front.

Properties: Variables shared between documents through linked notes.

Sheet Format: A document that contains the following: page size and orientation, standard text, borders, logos and title block information. Customize the sheet format to save time. The extension for the Sheet Format filename is .SLDDRT.

Sheet: A page in a drawing document.

System Feedback: Feedback is provided by a symbol attached to the cursor arrow indicating your selection. As the cursor floats across the model, feedback is provided in the form of symbols riding next to the cursor.

Toolbars: The toolbar menus provide shortcuts enabling you to access the most frequently used commands.

Questions

1. Name the drawing options defined in the Drawing Template.
2. Name five drawing items that are contained in the Sheet Format.
3. Identify the paper dimensions required for an A-Size horizontal drawing.
4. Identify the paper dimensions required for an A4 horizontal drawing.
5. Name the Size Option you select in order to define a custom paper width and height.
6. Identify the primary type of projection utilized in a drawing in the United States.
7. Describe the steps to display and modify the Properties in a Drawing Sheet.
8. Identify the location of the stored System Options.
9. Name the Display Modes for drawing views using SolidWorks 2005.
10. True or False. SolidWorks Line Font Types define all ASME Y14.2 type and style of lines.
11. Identify all Dimensioning Standards Options supported by SolidWorks.
12. Identify 10 drawing items that are contained in a Title Block.
13. SolidWorks Properties are saved with the _____ Format.
14. The Drawing Template ends with the file extension _____.
15. A Sheet Format ends with the file extension _____.
16. An AutoCAD drawing ends with the file extension _____.
17. Describe the procedure to insert a Picture file into the Sheet Format.
18. True or False. Custom Properties are defined only in the Drawing Template.

Exercises

Notes for Exercise 1.1 through Exercise 1.3:

Create Drawing Templates for both inch and Metric units. ASME Y14.5M has different rules for English and Metric unit decimal display.

English decimal display: If a dimension value is less than 1 inch, no leading zero is displayed before the decimal point. See Table 1 for details.

Metric decimal display: If a dimension value is less than 1mm, a leading zero is displayed before the decimal point. See Table 1 for details.

Specify General Tolerances in the Title Block. Specific tolerances are applied to an individual dimension.

Select ANSI for the SolidWorks Dimensioning Standard. Select inch or metric for Drawing units.

Table 1 Tolerance Display for INCH and METRIC DIMENSIONS (ASME Y14.5M)		
Display	Inch	Metric
Dimensions less than 1	.5	0.5
Unilateral Tolerance	1.417 ^{+0.005} _{-0.000}	36 ⁰ _{-0.5}
Bilateral Tolerance	1.417 ^{+0.010} _{-0.020}	36 ^{+0.25} _{-0.50}
Limit Tolerance	.571 .463	14.50 11.50

Exercise 1.1:

Create an A-size ANSI Drawing Template using inch units. Use an A-FORMAT Sheet Format.

Create a C-size ANSI Drawing Template using inch units. Use a C-FORMAT Sheet Format.

The minimum ASME Y14.2M letter height for the Title Block is displayed in Table 2.

Create three new Layers named:

- DETAILS.
- HIDE DIMS.
- CNST DIMS (Construction Dimensions).

Create new Layers to display the CHAIN, PHANTOM and STITCH lines.

Name	Description	0	C	Style	T
FORMAT_...	FORMAT_TEXT	☐	■	_____	
TB TEXT	TITLE BLOCK TEXT	☐	■	_____	
DETAILS	DIM&NOTES	☐	■	_____	
HIDE DIMS	HIDE DIM NOT REQ'D	☐	■	_____	
CNST DIMS	CONSTRUCTION DIM REQ'D	☐	■	_____	
L-CHAIN	CHAIN LINE FOR DETAILING	☐	■	-----	
L-PHANTOM	PHANTOM LINE FOR DETAIL	☐	■	-----	
L-STITCH	STITCH LINE FOR DETAILI...	☐	■	-----	

TABLE 2 Minimum Letter Height for TITLE BLOCK (ASME Y14.2M)	
Title Block Text	Letter Height (inches) for A, B, C Drawing Size
Drawing Title, Drawing Size, Cage Code, Drawing Number, Revision Letter	.12
Section and view letters	.24
Drawing block letters	.10
All other characters	.10

Exercise 1.4:

You are not required to have Pro/E to perform the following exercise. Your company uses SolidWorks and Pro/ENGINEER to manufacture Sheet Metal parts, Figure EX1.4. Import the empty A-size drawing format, FORMAT-A-PRO-E.DWG located in the DRAWING-W-SOLIDWORKS file folder. The document was exported from Pro/E as a DWG file. Save the Pro/E drawing format as a SolidWorks Sheet Format.

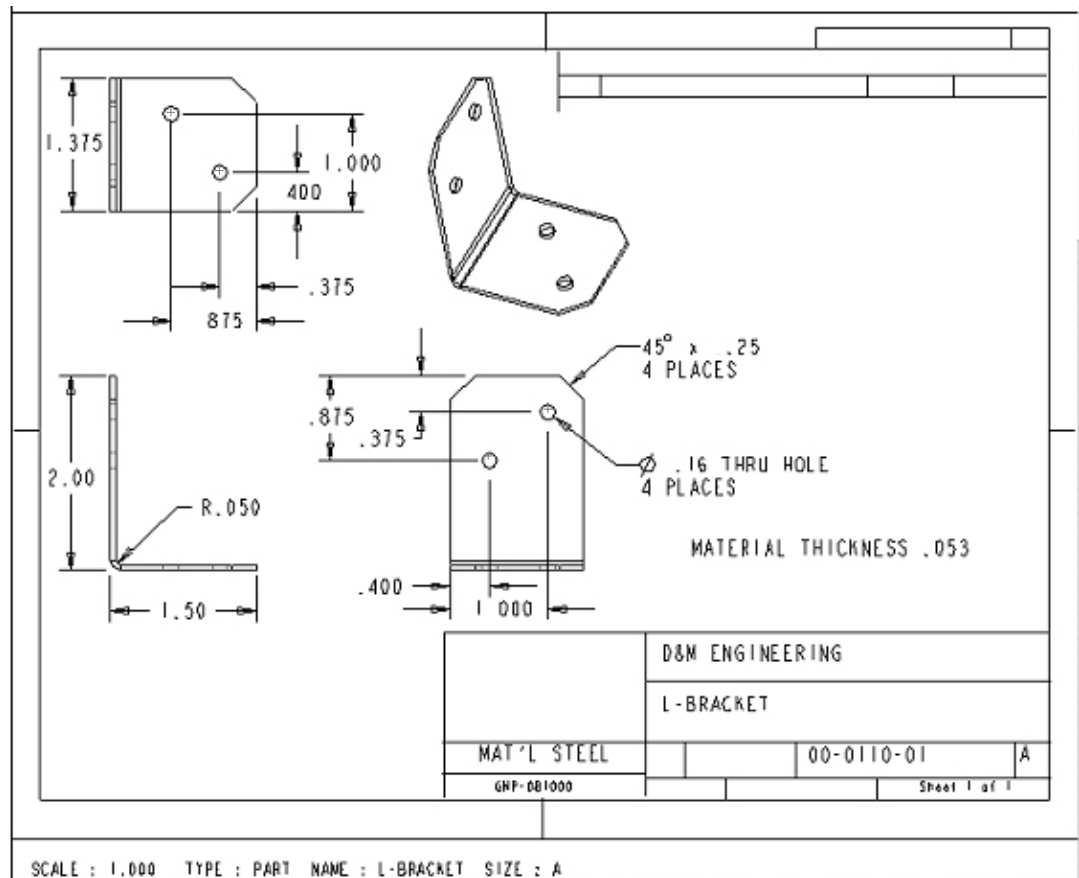


Figure EX1.4
Sheet Metal Strong Tie Reinforcing Bracket,
Courtesy of Simpson Strong Tie Corporation, CA, USA.

Exercise 1.5:

You are required to have AutoCAD to perform the following exercise. Your company uses SolidWorks and AutoCAD. Open an A-size drawing template from AutoCAD. Review the Dimension Variables (DIMVARS) in AutoCAD. Record the DIMSTATUS for the following variables:

AutoCAD:	Function:
DIMTXSTY	Dimensioning Text Style
DIMASZ	Arrow size
DIMCEN	Center Mark size
DIMDEC	Decimal Places
DIMTDEC	Tolerance Decimal Places
DIMTXT	Text Height
DIMDLI	Space between dimension lines for Baseline dimensioning

Identify the corresponding values in SolidWorks Document Properties to contain the AutoCAD dimension variables. Utilize Help, Moving from AutoCAD to SolidWorks. Use CommandMap, Draw Toolbar and Dimension Toolbar in this exercise.

Define Favorite dimension style settings for a particular dimension. Apply Favorite dimension styles to other dimensions on the drawing, part and assembly documents.

Note: Early AutoCAD drawing formats contain fonts not supported in a Windows environment. These fonts imported into SolidWorks will be misaligned in the Sheet Format. Modify older AutoCAD formats to a True Type Font in SolidWorks.

For additional information on the transition between 2D AutoCAD and 3D SolidWorks, Use the Draw Toolbar option in Online help.

