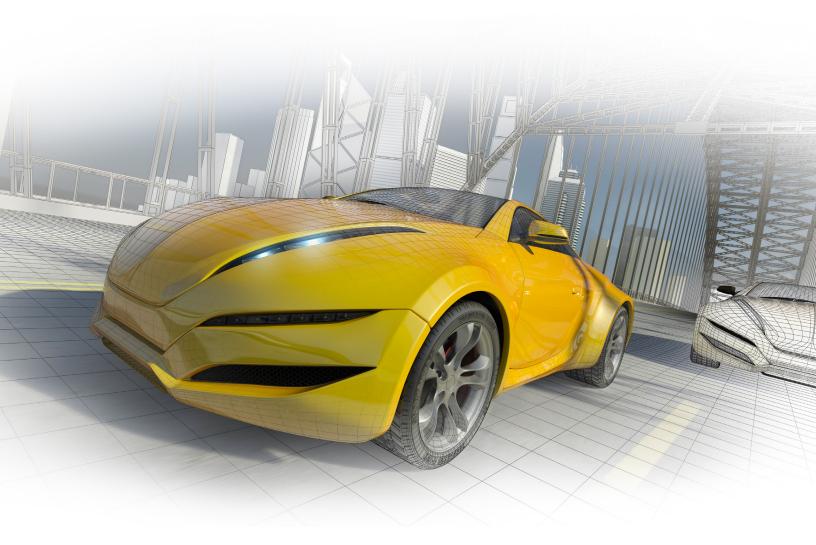
# SOLIDWORKS 2016 Advanced Techniques

Mastering Parts, Surfaces, Sheet Metal, SimulationXpress, Top Down Assemblies, Core & Cavity Molds



Paul Tran CSWE, CSWI

# Visit the following websites to learn more about this book:



amazon.com





# Introduction To 3D Sketch

# Introduction to 3D Sketch 3

SOLIDWORKS enables you to create 3D sketches. A 3D sketch consists of lines and arcs in series and splines. You can use a 3D sketch as a sweep path, as a guide curve for a loft or sweep, a centerline for a loft, or as one of the key entities in a piping system. Geometric relations can also be added to 3D Sketches.

#### **Parameters**



Y Coordinate

**Z** Coordinate

Curvature (Spline curvature at the frame point)

Tangency (In the XY plane)

Tangency (In the XZ plane)

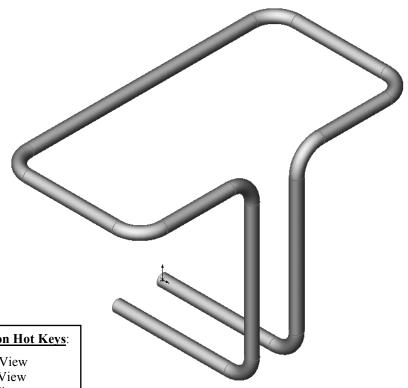
Tangency (In the YZ plane)



### Space Handle >

When working in a 3D sketch, a graphical assistant is provided to help you maintain your orientation while you sketch on several planes. This assistant is called a *space handle*. The space handle appears when the first point of a line or spline is defined on a selected plane. Using the space handle you can select the axis along which you want to sketch.

# **Introduction to 3D Sketch**



#### **View Orientation Hot Keys**:

Ctrl + 1 = Front View

Ctrl + 2 = Back View

Ctrl + 3 = Left View

Ctrl + 4 = Right View

Ctrl + 5 = Top View

Ctrl + 6 = Bottom View

Ctrl + 7 = Isometric View

Ctrl + 8 = Normal To

Selection

Dimensioning Standards: **ANSI** Units: **INCHES** – 3 Decimals

### **Tools Needed:**

3D

3D Sketch



2D Sketch



Sketch Line

0

Circle



Dimension



Add Geometric Relations



Sketch Fillet

Tab

Tab Key



Base/ Boss Sweep

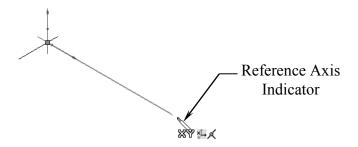
### 1. Starting a new part file:

- Click File / New.
- Select the Part template and click OK.



### 2. Creating a 3D Sketch:

- Click or select Insert / 3D Sketch, and change to Isometric view
- Select the Line tool and sketch the first line along the X axis.

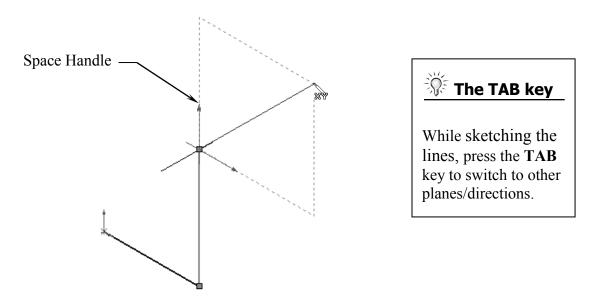




- Sketch the second line along the Y axis as shown. 5.096 14/ Inference lines - Reference TRIAD

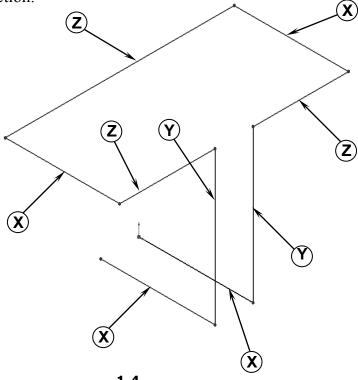
### 3. Changing direction:

- By default your sketch is relative to the default coordinate system in the model.
- To switch to one of the other two default planes, press the **TAB** key and the reference origin of the current sketch plane is displayed on that plane.



### 4. Completing the profile:

- Follow the axis as labeled; press **TAB** if necessary to change the direction.



### 5. Adding dimensions:

- Click or select Tools / Dimensions / Smart Dimension.

- Click on the first line and add a dimension of **3.00in**.

- There is not a general sequence to follow when adding dimensions, so for this lesson, add the dimensions in the same order you sketched the lines.

\* Note: To make the dimensions parallel to the lines as shown, select the line and an endpoint

- Continue adding the dimensions to fully define the 3D sketch as shown.

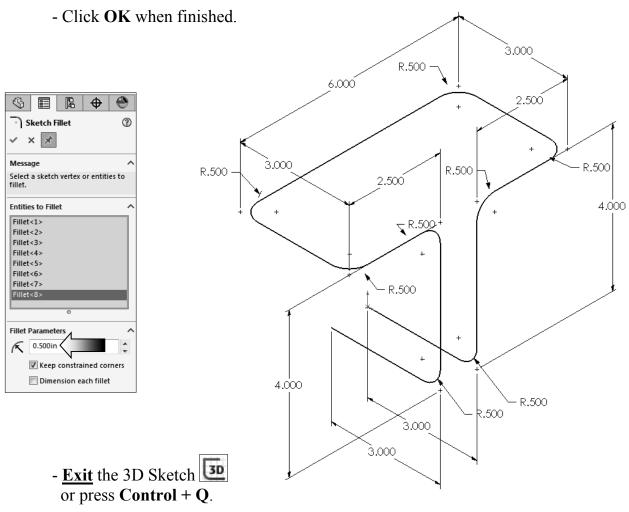
instead of selecting just the line.

3,000

- Rearrange the dimensions so they are easy to read, which will make editing a little easier later on.

### 6. Adding the Sketch Fillets:

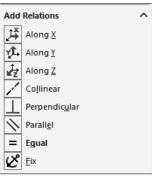
- or select Tools / Sketch Tools / Fillet.
- Add .500" fillets to all the intersections as indicated.
- Enable the **Keep Constrained Corner** check box (Maintains the virtual intersection point if the vertex has dimensions or relations).





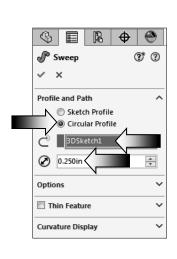
## **Geometric Relations**

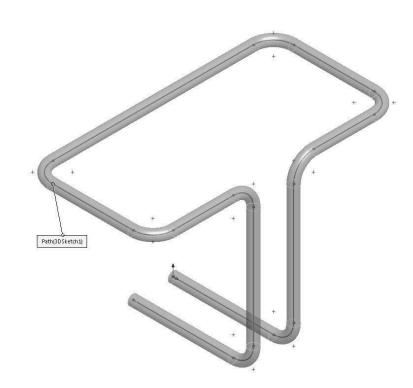
Geometric Relations such as Along X, Y, Z and Equal can also be used to replace some of the duplicate dimensions.



### 7. Creating the Swept feature:

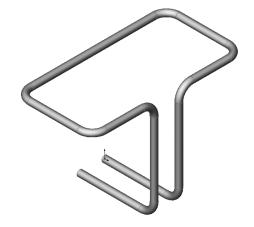
- SOLIDWORKS 2016 introduces the new Circular Profile sweep option. It allows you to create a solid rod or hollow tube along a path, edge, or curve directly on a model without having to sketch the circular profile. This enhancement is available for Swept Boss/Base, Swept Cut, and Swept Surface features.
- Click or select Insert / Boss-Base / Sweep.
- Select the Circle Profile option and enter .250in for the diameter of the profile .
- Select the **3D Sketch** for Sweep Path (3Dsketch1).
- Click **OK** .





### 8. Saving your work:

- Select File / Save As.
- Enter **3D Sketch** for the file name.
- Click Save.



# **Questions for Review**

# Introduction to 3D Sketch

- 1. When using 3D Sketch you do not have to pre-select a plane as you would in 2D Sketch.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 2. The space handle appears only after the first point of a line is started.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 3. To switch to other planes in 3D Sketch mode, press:
  - a. Up Arrow
  - b. Down Arrow
  - c. TAB key
  - d. CONTROL key
- 4. Dimensions cannot be used in 3D Sketch mode.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 5. Geometric Relations cannot be used in 3D Sketch mode.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 6. All sketch tools in 2D Sketch are also available in 3D Sketch.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 7. When adding sketch fillets, the option Keep Constrained Corner will create a virtual intersection point but will not create a dimension.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 8. 3D Sketch entities can be used as a path in a swept feature.
  - a. True

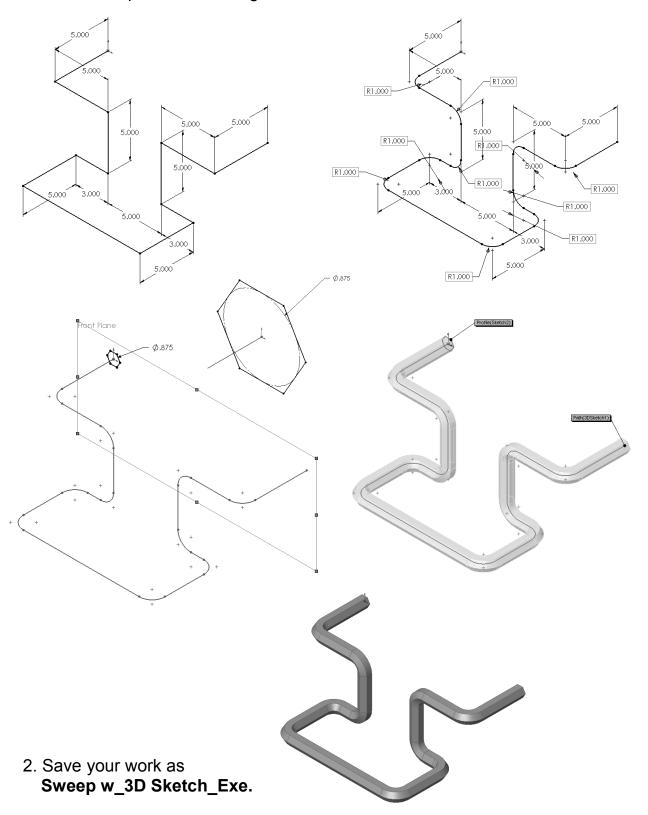
b

o. False	B. TRUE	7. FALSE
	9. FALSE	9. FALSE
	4. FALSE	J. C

1. TRUE 2. TRUE

# **Exercise:** Sweep with 3D Sketch

1. Create the part shown using 3D Sketch.



### **Exercise: 3D Sketch & Planes**

A 3D sketch normally consists of lines and arcs in series, and splines. You can use a 3D sketch as a sweep path, as a guide curve for a loft or sweep, a centerline for a loft, or as one of the key entities in a routing system.

The following exercise demonstrates how several planes can be used to help define the directions of 3D Sketch Entities.

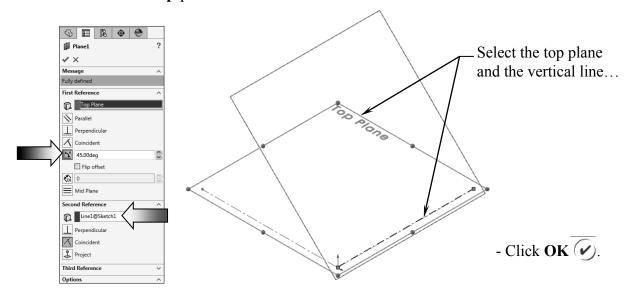
### 1. Sketching the reference Pivot lines:

- Select the <u>Top</u> plane and open a new sketch .

   Sketch **2 Centerlines**and add Dimensions
- 2. Creating the 1st 45° Plane:

as shown.

- Select Insert/Reference Geometry/Planes .
- Click the **At Angle** button and enter **45** for Angle (arrow).
- Select the **Top** plane and the **Vertical line** as noted.

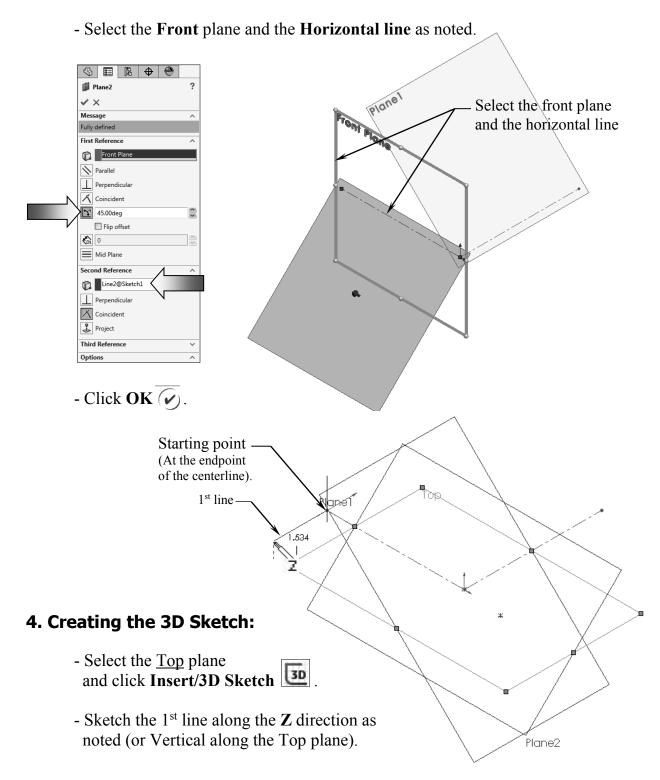


### 3. Creating the 2nd 45° Plane:

- Click the Plane command or select Insert/Reference Geometry/Planes .



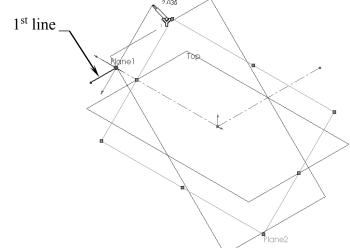
- Click the At Angle option and enter 45 for Angle (arrow).



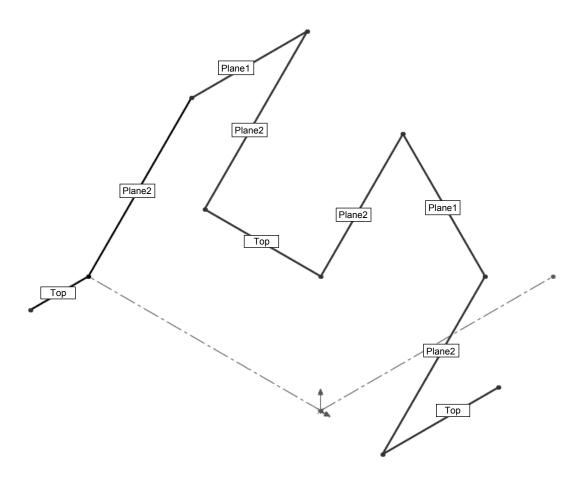
- Select the **Plane2** (45 deg.) from the Feature Manager tree and Sketch the 2<sup>nd</sup> line along the **Y** direction (watch the cursor feedback symbol).

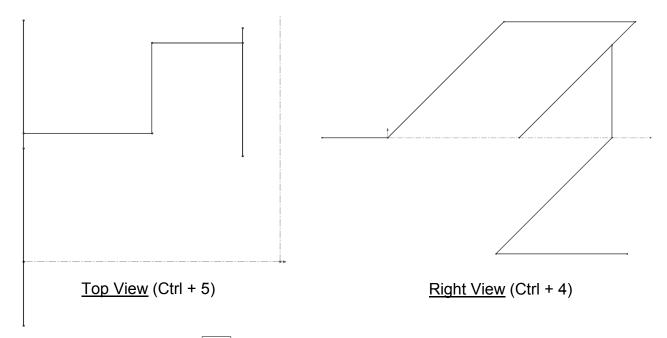
# **Switching Planes**

While sketching the lines, hold the **Control** key and click a plane to switch from one plane to another, or simply select them from the Feature tree each time.

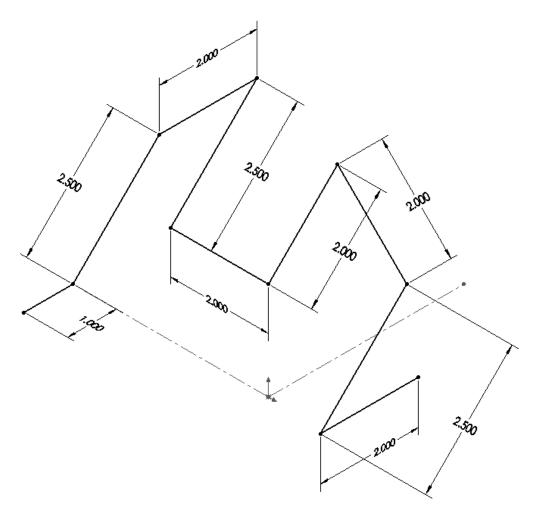


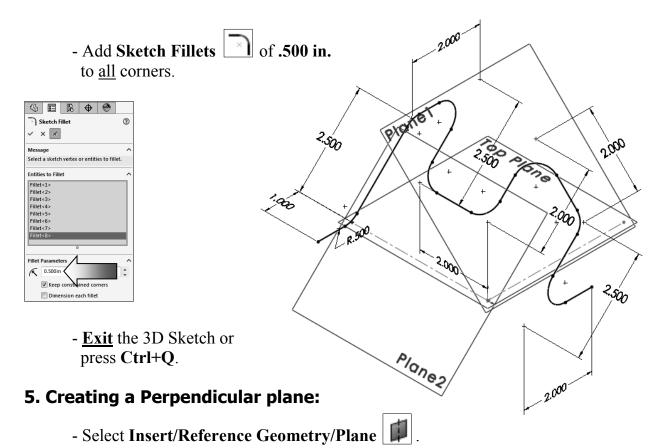
- Sketch the rest of lines on the planes as labeled.
- For clarity, hide all the planes (select the **View** menu and click off **Planes**). We will select the planes from the FeatureManager tree when needed.



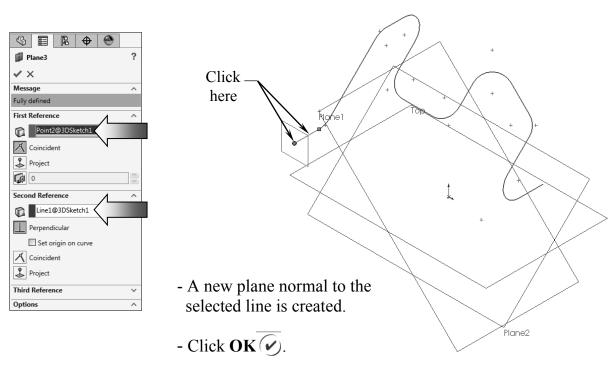


- Add Dimensions to fully define the sketch.





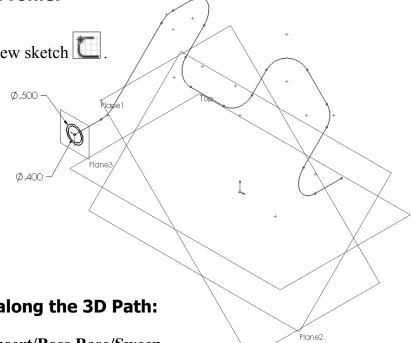
- Select the **line** and its **endpoint** approximately as shown.
- The **Perpendicular** option should be selected by default.



### **6. Sketching the Sweep Profile:**

- Select the <u>new plane</u> (Plane3) and open a new sketch

- Sketch 2 Circles on the same center and add the dimensions as shown to fully define the sketch.

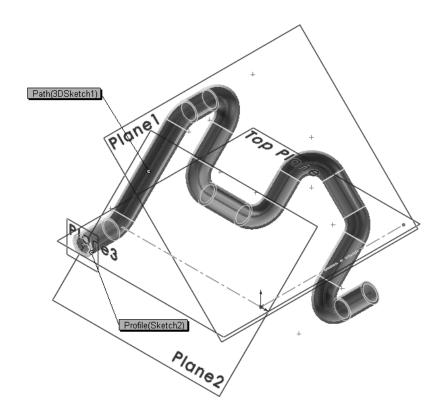


### 7. Sweeping the Profile along the 3D Path:

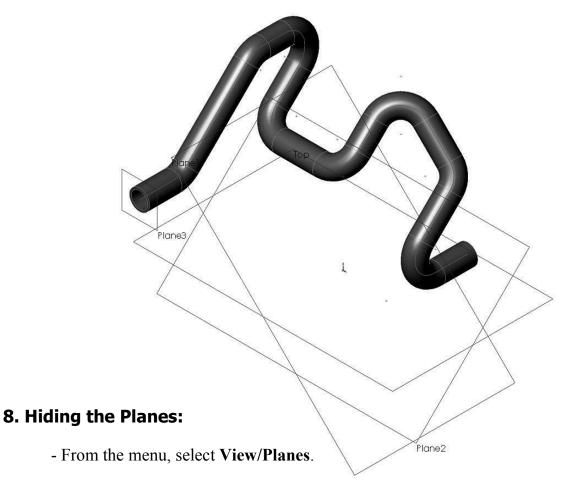
- Click or Select Insert/Boss Base/Sweep.
- Select the **Circles** as the Sweep Profile
- Select the **3D Sketch** as the Sweep Path







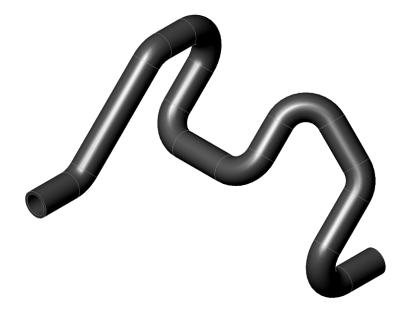
- The resulting Swept feature.



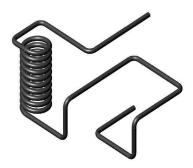
- The planes are temporarily put away from the scene.

### 9. Saving your work:

- Select File / Save As.
- Enter **3D Sketch\_Planes** for the name of the file.
- Click Save.

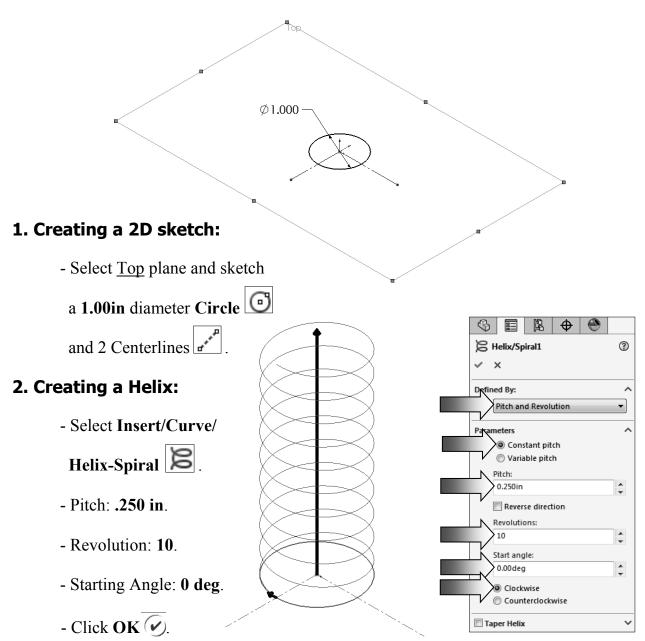


## **Exercise: 3D Sketch & Composite Curve**

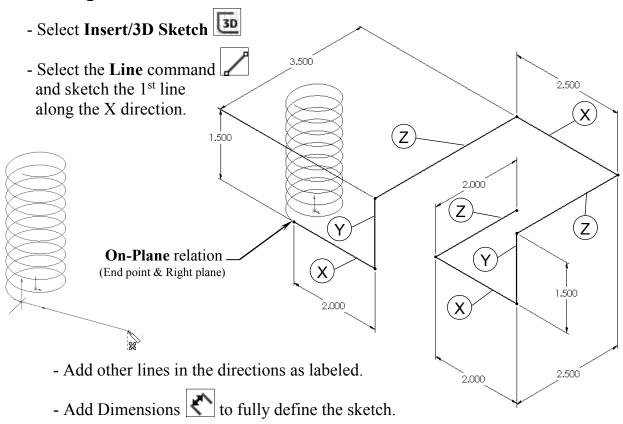


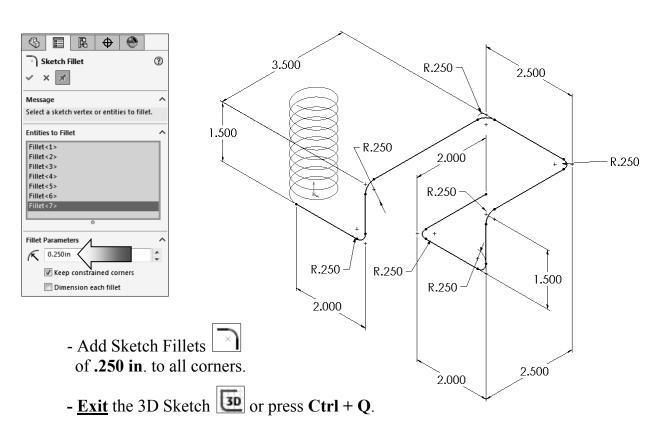
A 3D sketch normally consists of lines and arcs in series and Splines. You can use a 3D sketch as a sweep path, as a guide curve for a loft or sweep, a centerline for a loft, or as one of the key entities in a routing system.

The following exercise demonstrates how several 3D Sketches can be created, combined into 1 continuous Composite Curve, and used as a Sweep Path.



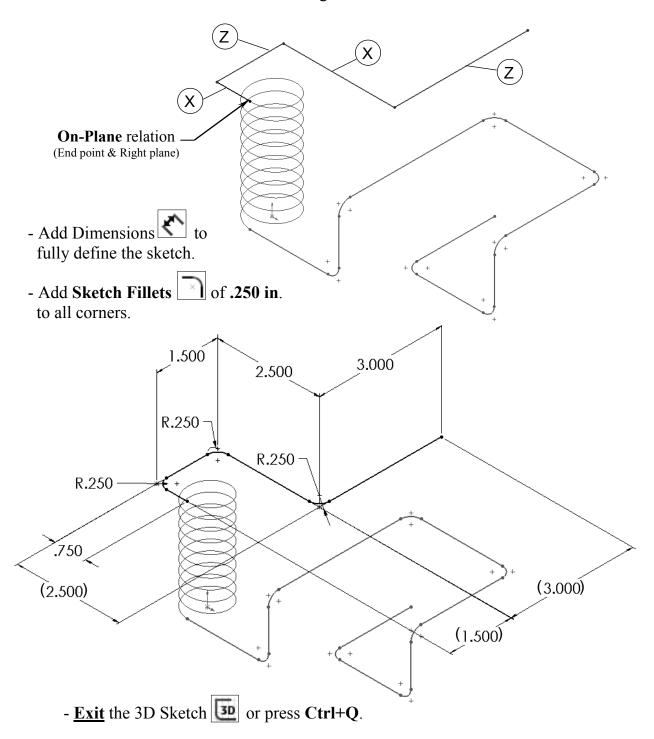
### 3. Creating the 1st 3D sketch:





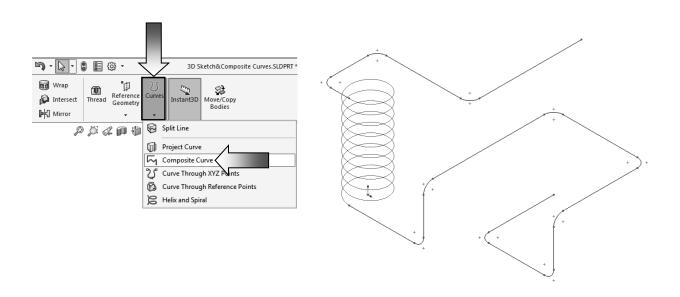
### 4. Creating the 2nd 3D sketch:

- Select Insert/3D Sketch 30
- Select the **Line** command and sketch the 1<sup>st</sup> line along the X direction.
- Sketch the rest of the lines following their direction shown below.

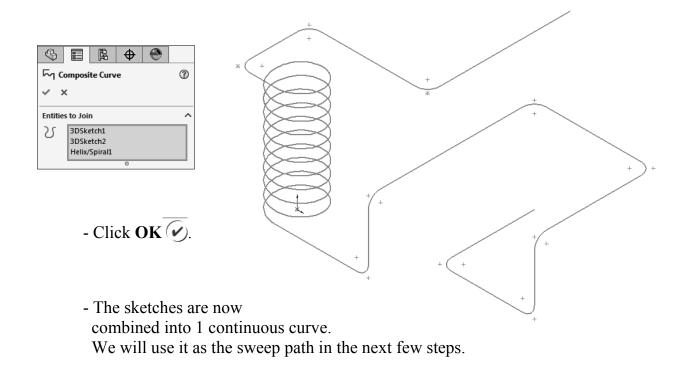


### 5. Combining the 3 sketches into 1 curve:

- Select the Composite Curve command below the Curves button or select Insert / Curve / Composite.

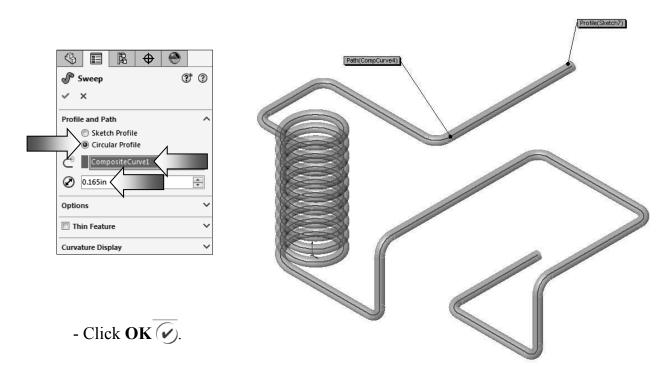


- Select the 3 Sketches either from the Feature Manager tree or directly from the graphics area.



### 6. Creating a Sweep using Circular Profile:

- Select Insert/Boss Base/ Sweep .
- Select the Circle Profile option (arrow).
- Enter .165 in for the diameter of the sweep profile ②.
- Select the **Composite Curve** as the Sweep Path



### 7. Saving your work:

- Click File/Save As.
- Enter **3D Sketch\_ Composite Curve** for the name of the file.
- Click Save.

