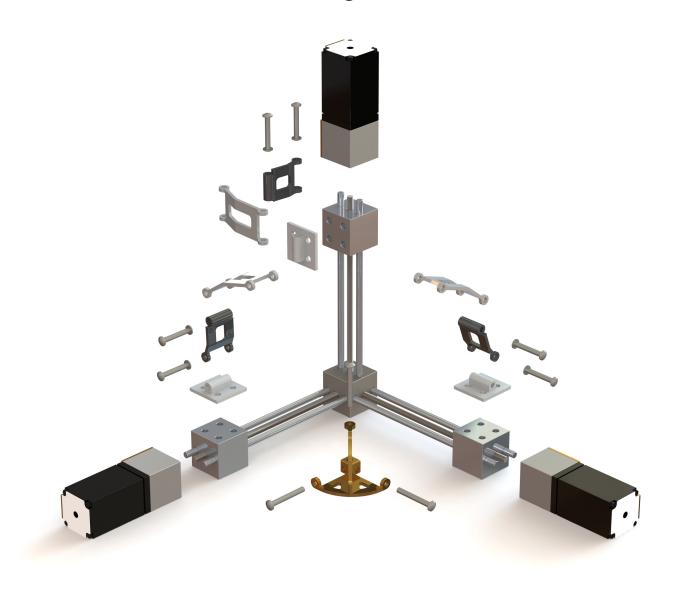
SOLIDWORKS 2022 Basic Tools

Getting Started with Parts, Assemblies and Drawings



Paul Tran CSWE, CSWI

Visit the following websites to learn more about this book:





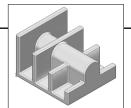




CHAPTER 3

Daric Solid Modeling — Extrude Options

Basic Solid Modeling Extrude Options



Upon successful completion of this lesson, you will be able to:

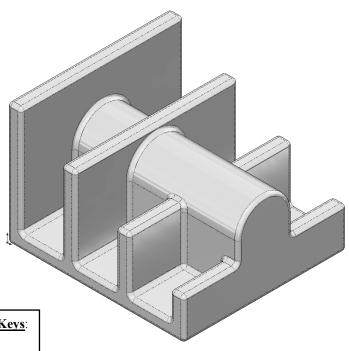
- * Sketch on planes and/or planar surfaces.
- * Use the sketch tools to construct geometry.
- * Add the geometric relations or constraints.
- * Add/modify dimensions.
- * Explore the different extrude options.

The following 5 basic steps will be demonstrated throughout this exercise:

- * Select the sketch plane (or sketch face)
- * Activate Sketch toolbar
- * Sketch the profile using the sketch tools
- * Define the profile with dimensions or relations
- * Extrude the profile

Be sure to review the self-test questionnaires at the end of the lesson prior to moving to the next chapter.

Basic Solid Modeling Extrude Options



View Orientation Hot Keys:

Ctrl + 1 = Front View

Ctrl + 2 = Back View

Ctrl + 3 = Left View

Ctrl + 4 = Right View

Ctrl + 5 = Top View

Ctrl + 6 = Bottom View

Ctrl + 7 = Isometric View

Ctrl + 8 = Normal To Selection Dimensioning Standards: ANSI

Units: **INCHES** – 3 Decimals

Tools Needed:

t

Insert Sketch



Line



Circle

뇨

Add Geometric Relations



Dimension



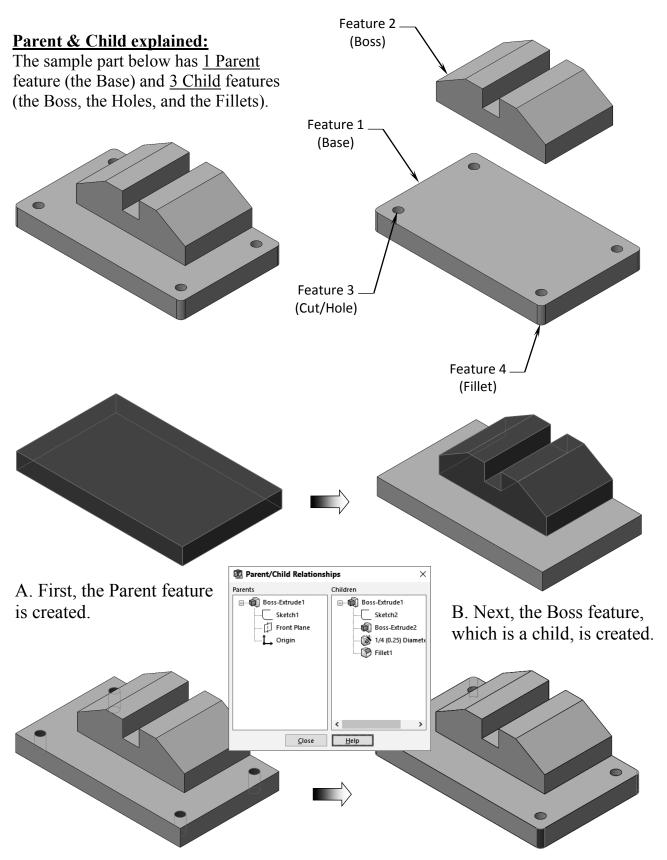
Sketch Fillet



Trim Entities



Boss / Base Extrude

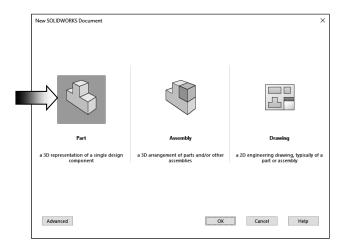


C. The features that remove material such as Extruded Cuts or Holes are created next.

D. Finally, the Fillets and Chamfers features are added last.

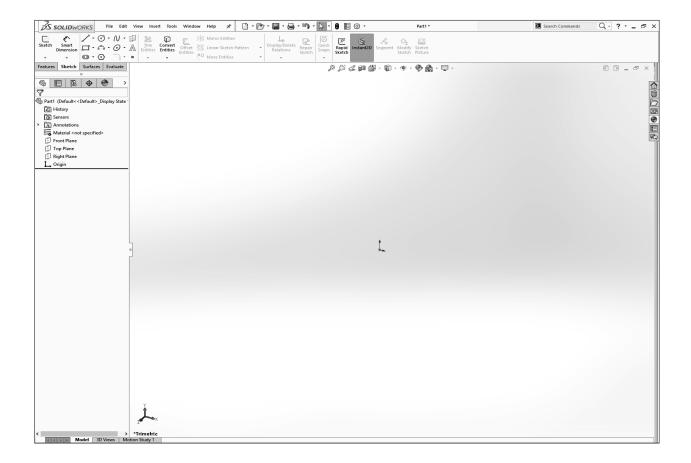
1. Starting a new Part:

From the File menu, select New / Part, or click the New icon.



Select the **Part** template from either the Templates or Tutorial folders.

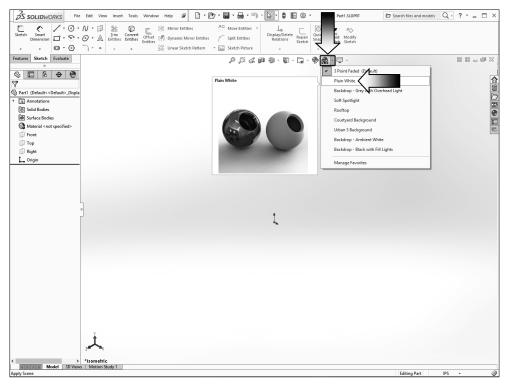
Click **OK** or a new part template is opened.



2. Changing the Scene:

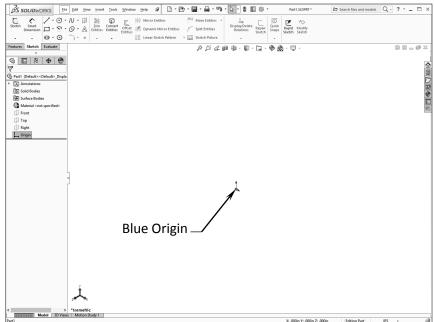
From the View (Heads-up) toolbar, click the **Apply Scene** button (arrow) and select the **Plain White** option (arrow).

By changing the scene color to **Plain White**, we can see the colors of the sketch entities and their dimensions a little better.



To show the Origin, click the View, Hide /Show dropmenu and select Origins.

The Blue color Origin is the Zero position of the part and the Red Origin is the Zero position of a sketch.



3. Starting a new Sketch:

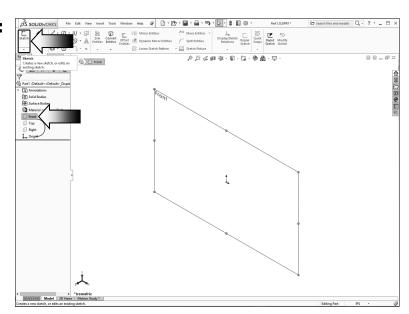
Select the <u>Front</u> plane from the Feature-Manager tree and click the **Sketch** dropdown arrow and select the **Sketch** command to start a new sketch.

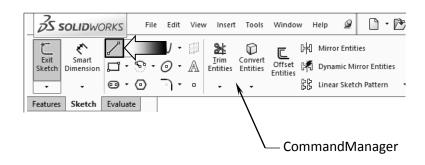
A sketch is usually created first, relations and dimensions are added after, and then it gets extruded into a 3D feature.

From the Command-Manager toolbar, select the **Line**



command.





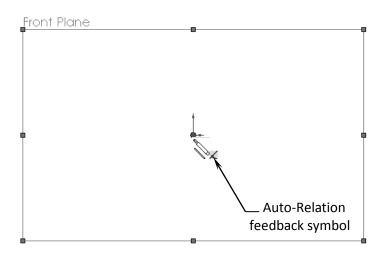


Mouse-Gesture

OPTION:

Right-Drag to display the Mouse-Gesture wheel and select the Line command from it. (See the Introduction section, page XVIII for details on customizing the Mouse Gesture.)

Hover the mouse cursor over the Origin point; a yellow feedback symbol appears to indicate a relation (Coincident) is going to be added automatically to the 1st endpoint of the line. This endpoint will be locked at the zero position.



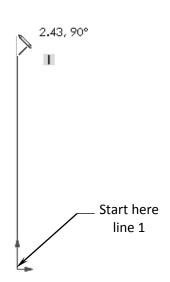
<u>Note:</u> There are 3 different ways to use the line tool: **Single lin**e, Multiple (connecting) Lines, and Line-to-Arc (transitioning from a line to a tangent arc).

The following steps are examples to demonstrate how to use all embedded functions of the Line command. We will delete the example and go back to the lesson on page 3-8.

A. To sketch a <u>single line</u>, use the **click** + **hold** + **drag** method:

With the Line tool already selected, click on the Origin point to start the line (press and the mouse button), drag the cursor upward, look for the **vertical relation symbol**, and release the mouse button.

Only 1 line is drawn; the mouse cursor <u>is not connecting</u> to the last line.



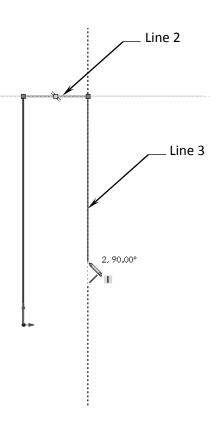
B. To sketch <u>multiple lines</u>, use the **click** + **release** + **click** method.

Position the mouse cursor at the **top end point** of the first line and click to start the line (do not hold the mouse button this time).

Move the cursor to the right and look for the **Horizontal relation symbol** and click to complete the line.

The next line <u>is connecting</u> to the previous line. Move the mouse cursor downward, look for the **vertical relation symbol** and click to complete the line.

The next line is connecting to the previous line.

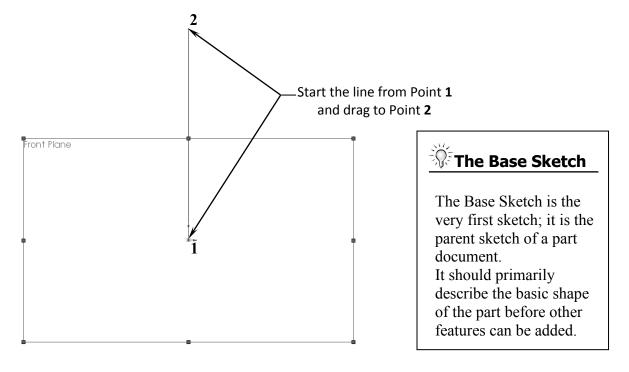


C. To change from a Line to a Tangent Arc, use the click + release + press A method. Start a new line at the bottom of the 3rd line and drag the mouse cursor outward approx. as shown. Move downward D. Press once on the A key and then move the cursor slightly to the left or to the right. The line is changed into a **Tangent Arc**. Move the cursor back and forth, up and down to see how the Tangent Arc maintains its tangent relation with the line that it is connecting with. Press A Based on the starting point, the arc changes its direction from negative to positive when the cursor moves past its zero point. Move the mouse cursor towards the lower right side and click to complete the arc. Starting point -Delete all sketch entities before

moving on to step number 4 (press Control+A then push Delete).

4. Using the Click + Hold + Drag technique:

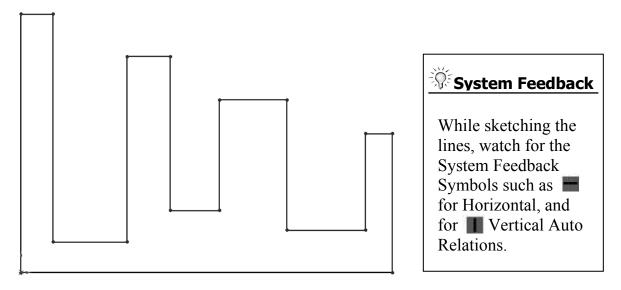
Select the **Line** command. Click the Origin point and *hold* the mouse button to start the line at point 1, *drag upwards* to point 2, then release the mouse button.



Continue adding other lines using the *Click-Hold-Drag* technique.

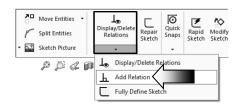
The relations like Horizontal and Vertical are added automatically to each sketch line. Other relations like Collinear and Equal are added manually.

The size and shape of the profile will be corrected in the next few steps.



5. Adding Geometric Relations*:

Click **Add Relation** under Display/Delete Relations - OR - select **Tools** / **Relations** / **Add**.



Select the **4 lines** shown below.

Click **Equal** from the Add Geometric Relation dialog box. This relation makes the length of the four selected lines equal.

* Geometric relations are one of the most powerful features in SOLIDWORKS.

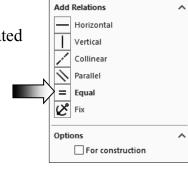
They are used in the sketch level to control the behaviors of the sketch entities when they are moved or rotated and to keep the associations between one another.

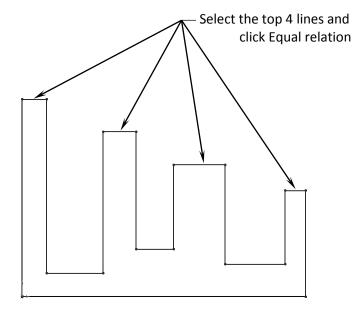
(When applying geometric relations between entities, one of them should be a 2D entity and the other can either be a 2D sketch entity, a model edge, a plane, an axis, or a curve, etc.)

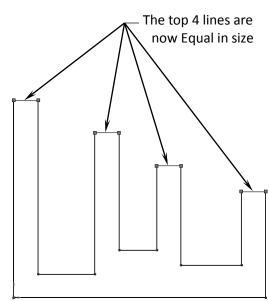


Adding the EQUAL relations to these lines eliminates the need to dimension each line.

Geometric relations can be created manually or automatically. The next few steps in this chapter will demonstrate how geometric relations are added manually.







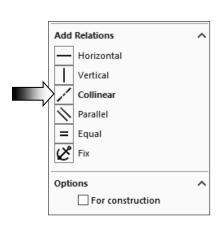
6. Adding a Collinear relation**:

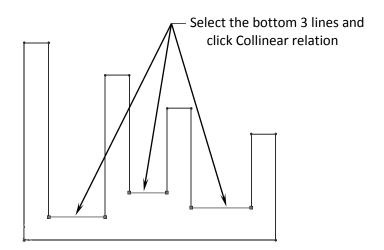
Select the **Add Relation** L command again.

Select the 3 lines shown below.

Click Collinear from the Add Geometric Relations dialog box.

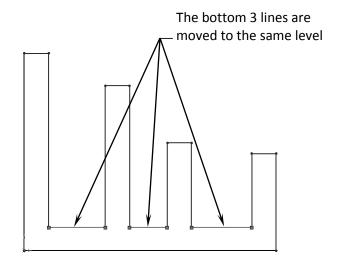
Click OK.





Collinear Relations

Adding a Collinear relation to these lines puts them on the same height level; only one dimension is needed to drive the height of all 3 lines.

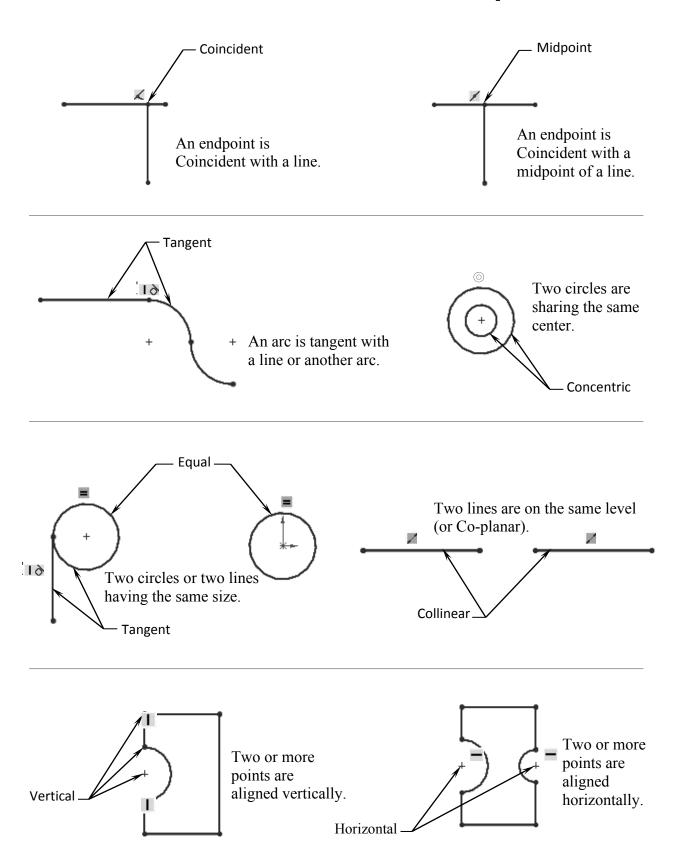


** Collinear relations can be used to constrain the geometry as follows:

Collinear between a line and another line(s) (2D and 2D).

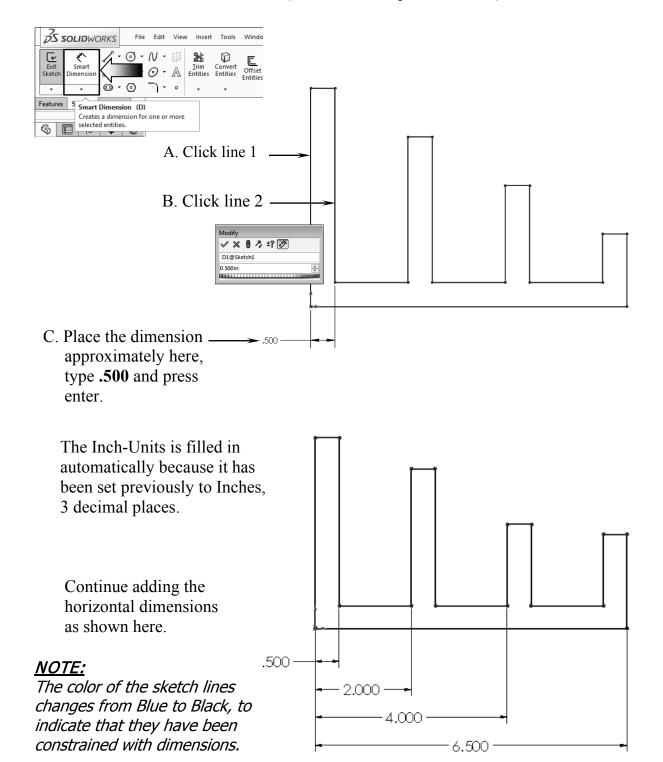
Collinear between a line(s) to a linear edge of a model (2D and 3D).

Geometric Relations Examples



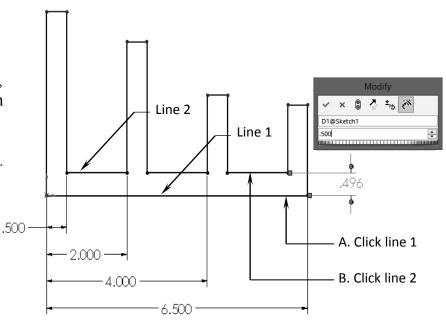
7. Adding the horizontal dimensions:

Select from the Sketch toolbar - OR - select **Insert / Dimension**, and add the dimensions shown below (follow the 3 steps A, B and C).

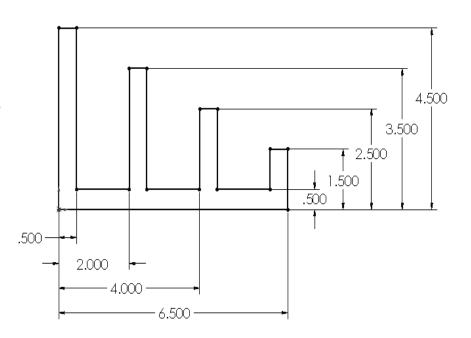


8. Adding the Vertical dimensions:

With the Smart-Dimension tool still selected, click on line 1 and line 2, place the dimension approximately as shown, and change the value to .500 in.



Continue adding other dimensions until the entire sketch turns into the Black color.



The Status of a Sketch:

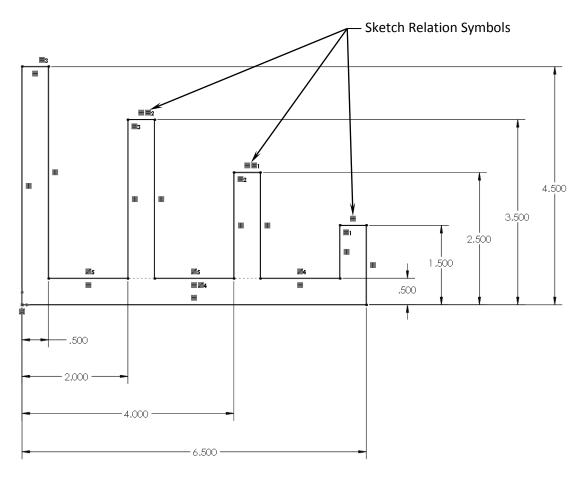
The current status of a sketch is displayed in the lower right corner of the screen.

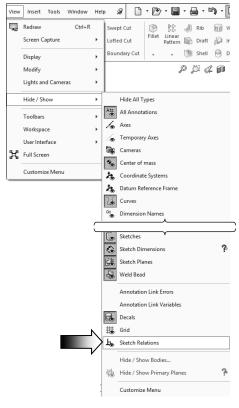
Fully Defined = Black
Under Defined = Blue
Over Defined = Red

Fully Defined

Under Defined

Over Defined

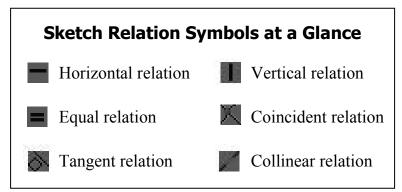




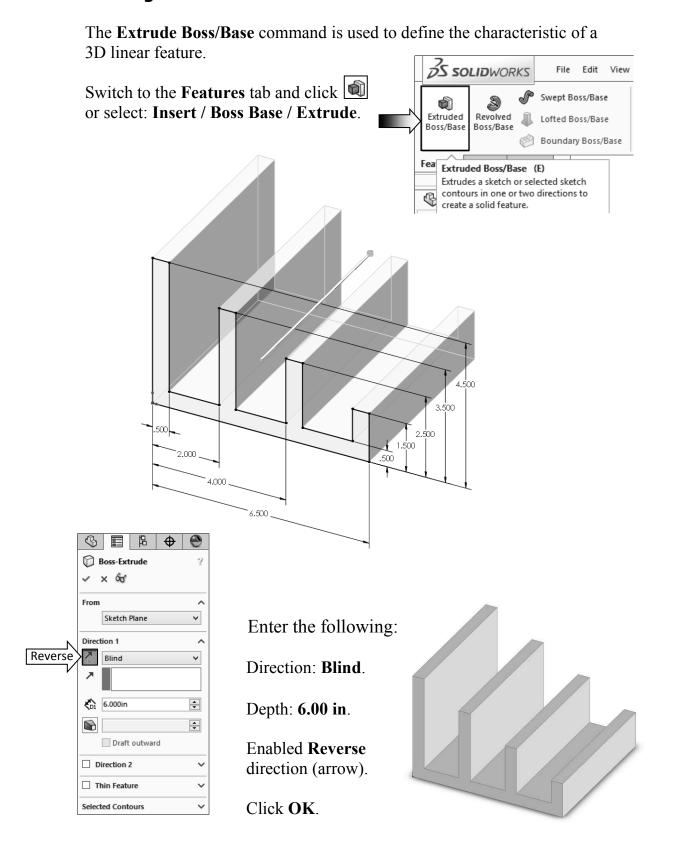
9. Hiding the Sketch Relation Symbols:

The Sketch Relation Symbols indicate which geometric relation a sketch entity has, but they get quite busy as shown.

To hide or show the Sketch Relation Symbols, go to the **View**, **Hide/Show** menus and click off the **Sketch Relations** option.



10. Extruding the Base:

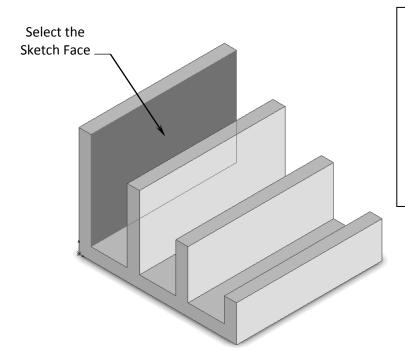


11. Sketching on a Planar Face:

Select the <u>face</u> as indicated.

Click or select **Insert/Sketch** and press the shortcut keys **Ctrl+7** to change to the Isometric view.

Select the **Circle** command from the Sketch Tools toolbar.



Planar Surfaces

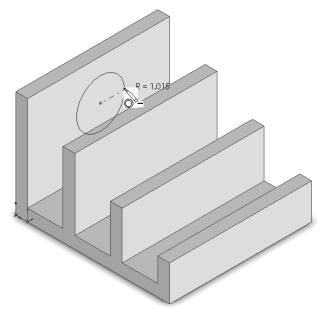
A planar surface of the model can also be used as a Sketch Plane.

The Sketch will then be extruded normal to the selected surface.

Position the mouse cursor near the center of the selected face, click and drag outward to make a circle.

While sketching the circle, the system displays the radius value next to the mouse cursor.

Dimensions are added after the profile is created.



Select the Smart Dimension

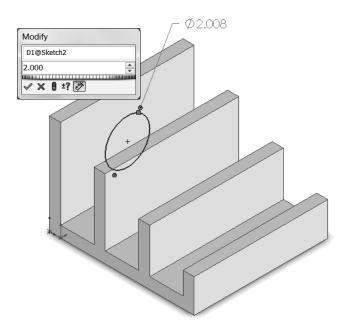
command command and add a diameter dimension to the circle. (Click on the edge of the circle and move the cursor outward at approximately 45 degrees, and click to place the dimension.)

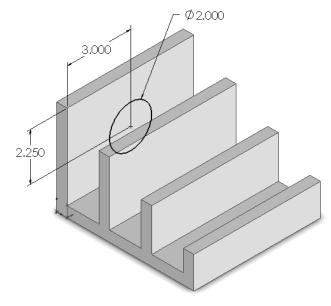
To add the location dimensions, click the edge of the circle and the edge of the model, place the dimension, then correct the value.

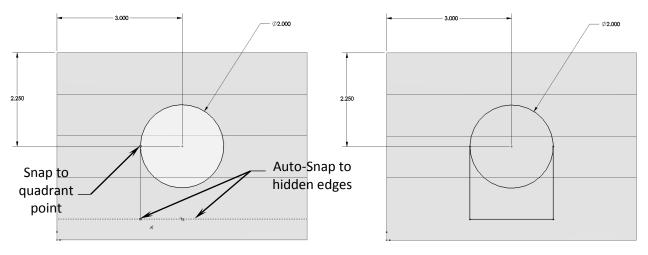
Continue adding the location dimensions as shown to fully define the sketch.

Select the Line command and sketch the 3 lines as shown below. Snap to the hidden edge of the model when it lights up.

The color of the sketch should change to black at this point (Fully Defined).

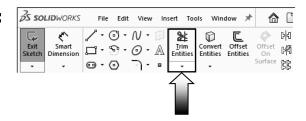




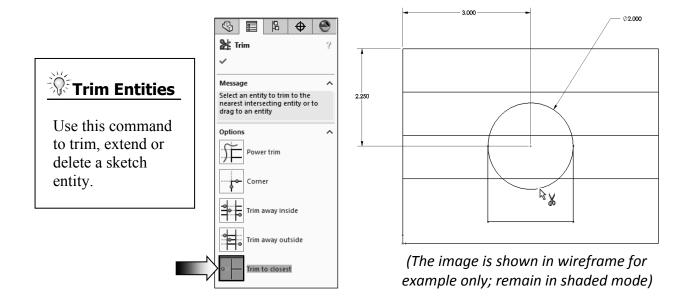


12. Using the Trim Entities command:

Select the **Trim Entities** command from the Sketch toolbar (arrow).



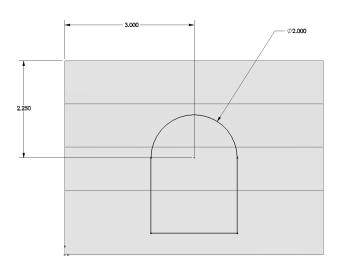
Click the **Trim to Closest** option (arrow). When the pointer is hovered over a sketch entity, this trim command will highlight the entity prior to trimming them to the next intersection.



Hover the pointer over the lower portion of the circle; the portion that is going to be trimmed will highlight. Click the mouse button to trim.

The bottom portion of the circle is trimmed, leaving the sketch as one-continuous-closed-profile, suitable to extrude into a feature.

Next, we are going to look at some of the extrude options available in SOLIDWORKS.



13. Extruding a Boss:

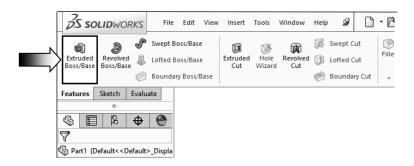
Switch to the Features tab and click or select:

Insert / Boss-Base / Extrude.

Extrude Options...

Explore each extrude option to see the different results.

Press Undo to go back to the original state after each one.



(A) Using the Blind option:

When extruding with the Blind option, the following conditions are required:

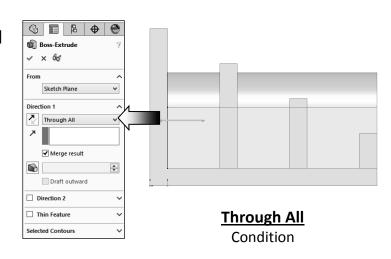
- * Direction
- * Depth dimension

Drag the direction arrow on the preview graphics to define the direction, and then enter a dimension for the extrude depth.

<u>Blind</u> Condition

B Using the Through All option:

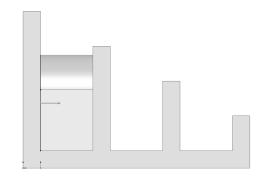
When the Through All option is selected, the system automatically extrudes the sketch to the length of the part, normal to the sketch plane.



C Using the Up To Next option:

With the Up To Next option selected, the system extrudes the sketch to the very next set of surface(s), and blends it to match the geometry of the surface(s).

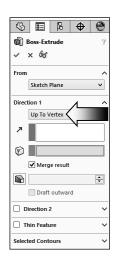


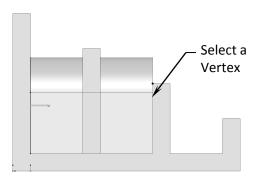


Up To Next
Condition

D Using the Up To Vertex option:

This option extrudes the sketch from its plane to a vertex, specified by the user, to define its depth.



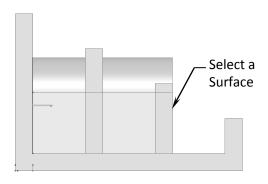


Up To Vertex Condition

E Using the Up To Surface option:

This option extrudes the sketch from its plane to a single surface to define its depth.

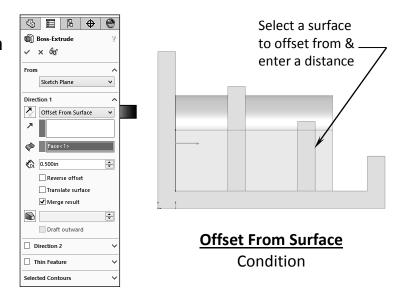




Up To Surface Condition

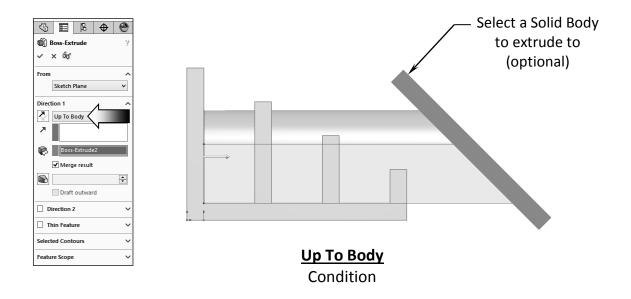
F Using the Offset From Surface option:

This option extrudes the sketch from its plane to a selected face, and then offsets at a distance specified by the user.



(G) Using the Up To Body option (optional):

This option extrudes the sketch from its sketch plane and blends to a selected body.



The Up To Body option can also be used in assemblies or multi-body parts.

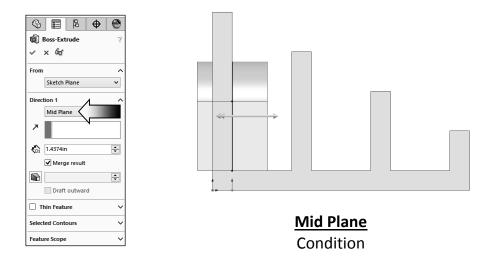
The Up To Body option works with either a solid body or a surface body.

It is also useful when making extrusions in an assembly to extend a sketch to an uneven surface.

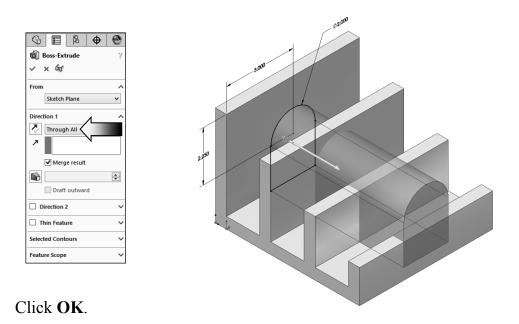
(H) Using the Mid Plane option:

This option extrudes the sketch from its plane equally in both directions.

Enter the Total Depth dimension when using the Mid-Plane option.



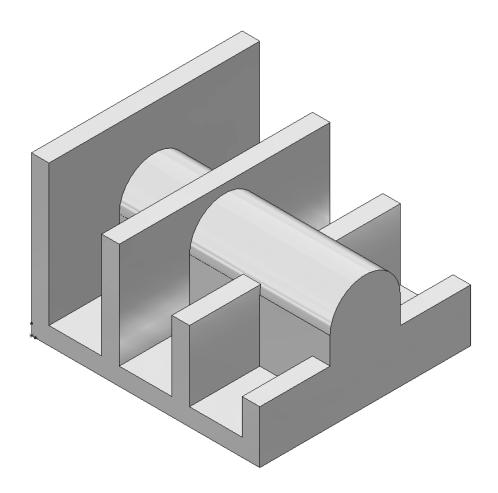
After you are done exploring all the extrude options, change the final condition to **Through All**.



The system extrudes the sketch to the outermost surface as the result of the Through All end condition.

The overlapped material between the first and the second extruded features is removed automatically.

If the Merge Result checkbox is cleared, all interferences will be kept and the model became a multibody part.

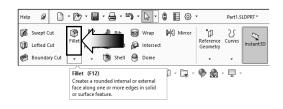


Extrude summary:

- * The Extrude Boss/Base command is used to add thickness to a sketch and to define the characteristic of a 3D feature.
- * A sketch can be extruded in both directions at the same time, from its sketch plane.
- * A sketch can also be extruded as a solid or a thin feature.

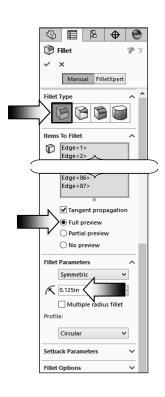
14. Adding the model fillets:

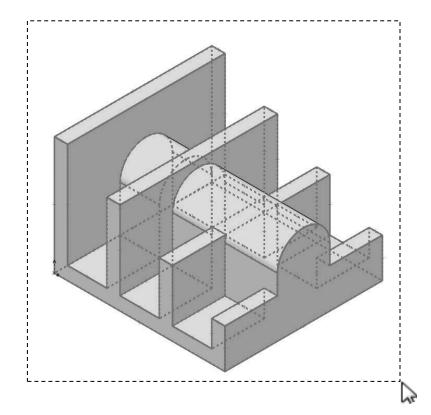
Fillet/Round creates a rounded internal or external face on the part. You can fillet all edges of a face, select sets of faces, edges, or edge loops.



The **radius** value stays in effect until you change it. Therefore, you can select any number of edges or faces in the same operation.

Click Fillet or select Insert / Features / Fillet/Round.





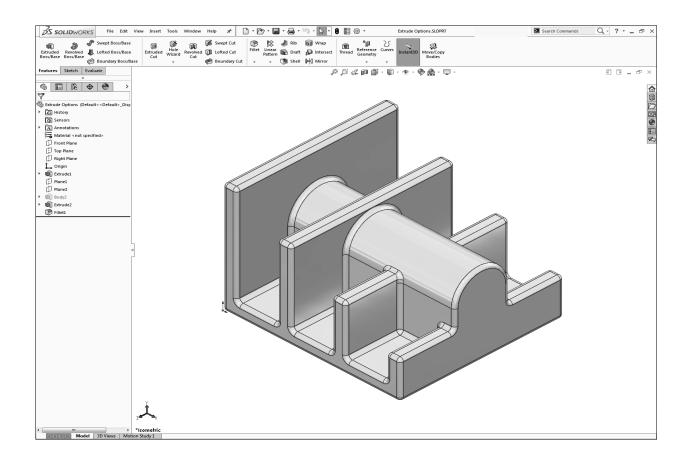
Select the Constant Size Fillet button (arrow).

Either "drag-select" to highlight all edges of the model, or press the shortcut key **Control+A** (select all).

Enter .125 in. for radius size.

Enable the **Full Preview** checkbox.

Click OK.



In the Training Files folder, in the Built Parts folder, you will also find copies of the parts, assemblies, and drawings that were created for cross referencing or reviewing purposes.

Fillet (adds material) KS "knows" aterial d edge. Round

* Fillets and Rounds:

Using the same Fillet command, SOLIDWORKS "knows" whether to add material (Fillet) or remove material (Round) to the faces adjacent to the selected edge.

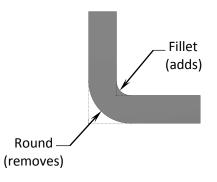
15. Saving your work:

Select File / Save As.

Change the file type to **Part** file (.sldprt).

Enter Extrude Options for the name of the file.

Click Save.



(removes material)

Questions for Review

	1.	To open a new	sketch, first ye	ou must select a plane	from the FeatureManager tree
--	----	---------------	------------------	------------------------	------------------------------

- a. True
- b. False
- 2. Geometric relations can be used only in the assembly level, not in the part level.
 - a. True
 - b False
- 3. The current status of a sketch is displayed in the lower right area of the screen as Under defined, Fully defined, or Over defined.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4. Once a feature is extruded, its extrude direction cannot be changed.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 5. A planar face can also be used as a sketch plane.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 6. The Equal relation only works for Lines, not Circles or Arcs.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 7. After a dimension is created, its value cannot be changed.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 8. When the UP TO SURFACE option is selected, you must choose a surface as the end-condition to extrude up to.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 9. UP TO VERTEX is not a valid Extrude option.
 - a. True
 - b. False

35	9. FALSE		
3UAT .8	J. FALSE		
9. FALSE	S. TRUE		
4. FALSE	3. TRUE		
2. FALSE	JUAT.1		

Search files and models
SOLIDWORKS Help
Commands
Files and Models
MySolidWorks

Knowledge Base

Community Forum
Blogs

CAD Models

Training
You Youtube

☐ Twitter

☐ Manufacturers

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Using the Search Commands:

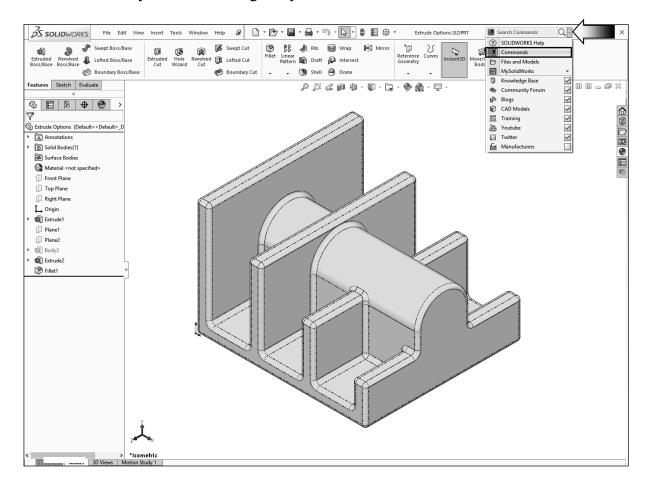
The Search Commands lets you find and run commands from SOLIDWORKS Search or locate commands in the user interface.

These features make it easy to find and run any SOLIDWORKS command:

The results are filtered as you type and typically find the command you need within a few keystrokes.

When you run a command from the results list for a query, Search Commands remembers that command and places it at the top of the results list when you type the same query again.

Search shortcuts let you assign simple and familiar keystroke sequences to commands you use more regularly.



Click the drop-down arrow to see the search options (arrow).

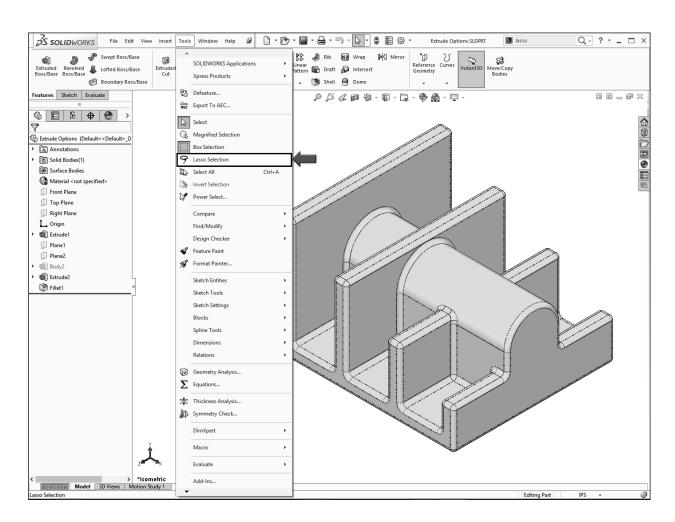
1. Search Commands in Features Mode:

The example below shows how you might use Search Commands to find and run the **Lasso Selection** command in the Feature Mode.

With the part still open, start typing the command **Lasso Selection** in Search Commands. As soon as you type the first few letters of the word Lasso, the results list displays only those commands that include the character sequence **"lasso,"** and **Lasso Selection** appears near the top of the results list.



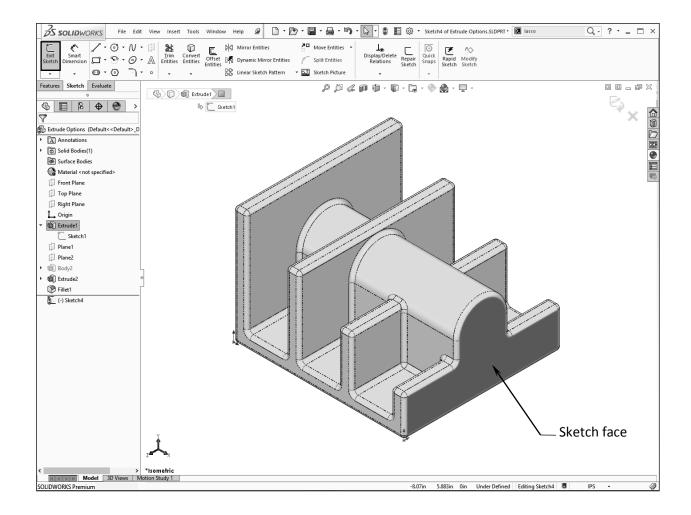
Click **Show Command Location** (a red arrow indicates the command in the user interface.



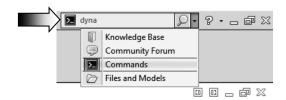
2. Search Commands in Sketch Mode:

The example below shows how you might use Search Commands to find and run the **Dynamic Mirror** command in the <u>Sketch Mode</u>.

Using the same part, open a **new sketch** on the <u>side face</u> of the model as noted.

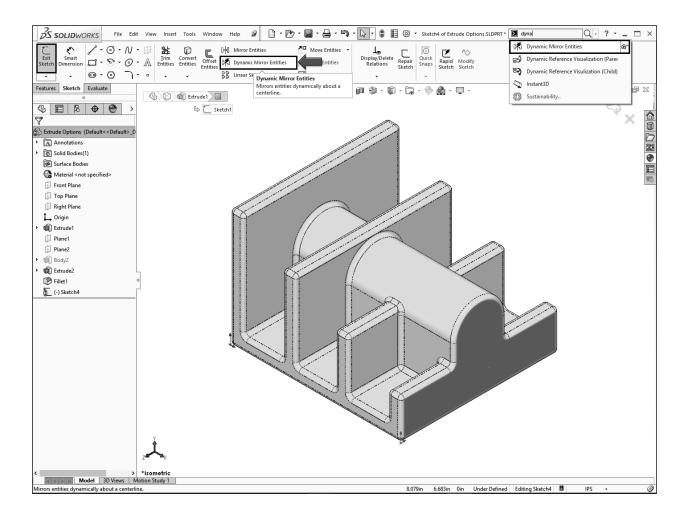


Start typing the command **Dynamic Mirror** in Search Commands. As soon as you type the first few letters of the word Dynamic, the results list displays only those commands that include the character sequence "dyna," and **Dynamic command** appears near the top of the results list.



Click **Show Command Location** ; a red arrow indicates the command in the user interface





Additionally, a Search Shortcut can be assigned to any command to help find it more quickly (see Customize Keyboard in the SOLIDWORKS Help for more info):

- 1. Click **Tools / Customize**, and select the **Keyboard** tab.
- 2. Navigate to the command to which you want to assign a search shortcut.
- 3. In the Search Shortcut column for the command, type the shortcut letter you want to use, and then click OK.

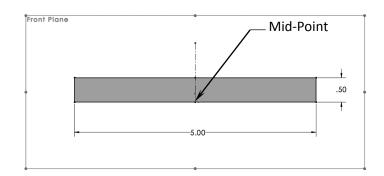
Save and close all documents.

Exercise 1: Extrude Boss & Hole Wizard

<u>NOTE:</u> The exercise gives you the opportunity to apply what you have learned from the lesson. There will be enough instruction provided for you to create the model but some of the steps may require you to plan ahead of time how you should constrain the geometry such as: use only geometric relations, or use only dimensions, or use both.

1. Select the Front plane and open a <u>new sketch</u>.

Sketch a **Rectangle** and add the dimensions and relations needed to fully define the sketch.



2. Change to the Features tab and click Extruded Boss Base.

Select **Mid-plane** for Direction 1.

Enter 3.00in for Depth.

Boss-Extrude1

X

X

Erom

Sketch Plane

Direction 1

Mid Plane

Direction 1

Draft gutward

Selected Contours

Y

Selected Contours

Click OK.

3. Open a new sketch on the face in the back of the part.

Sketch the profile shown.

Add the dimensions and relations as indicated to fully define the sketch.

Sketch on the face Symmetric relation in the back between 3 lines

♥ ■

✓ × **©** <u>F</u>rom

Direction 1

2.00in

Direction 2

Selected Contours

Boss-Extrude2

Sketch Plane

✓ Merge result

Draft outward

剧

4. Change to the Features tab and press Extruded Boss Base.

For Direction 1, select the **Blind** option.

For Depth, enter 2.00in.

Click **Reverse** (arrow) to extrude towards the front.

Click OK.

5. Adding the Holes:

Click the **Hole Wizard** command on the Features tab

Set/select the following:

* Hole Type: Hole

* Standard: ANSI Inch * Type: All Drill Sizes

* Size: 1/4

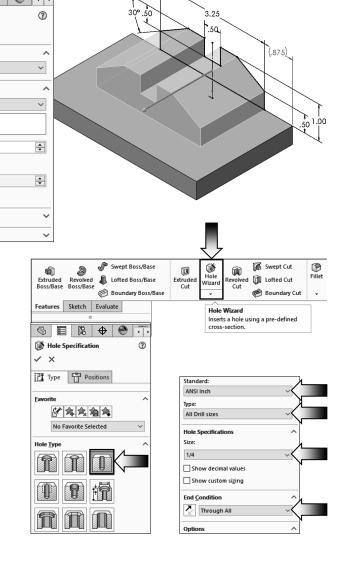
* End Condition: Through All

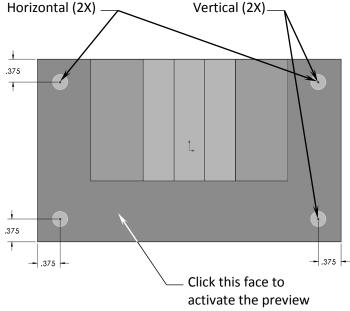
Click the **Position tab** (arrow).



Select the <u>face</u> as indicated to activate the preview graphics.

Place 4 holes and add the dimensions/relations as noted to fully define the sketch.





Click **OK** to accept and exit the Hole Wizard command.

6. Adding Fillets:

Click the Fillet command on the Features tab.

The Constant Size (arrow) option should be selected by default.

For Radius size, enter .125in.

For Items to Fillet, select the 4 vertical edges as indicated.

Enable the Full Preview if needed.

Click OK.

The fillets are added to the selected edges.

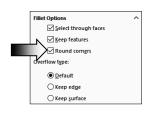
7. Saving your work:

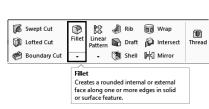
Select File, Save As.

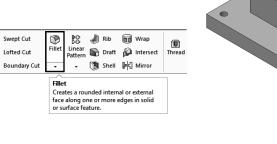
Enter Extrudes Exe2 for the file name.

Click Save.

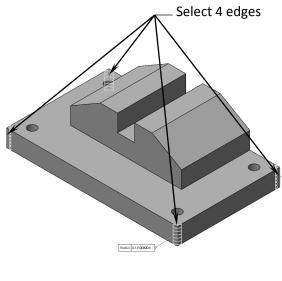
(Try out the option **Round Corners.)**

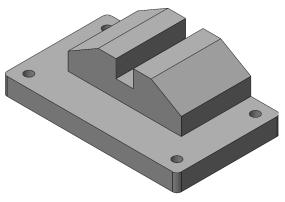


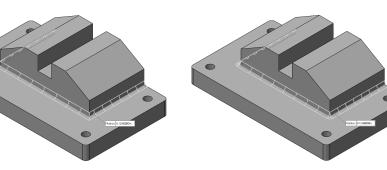












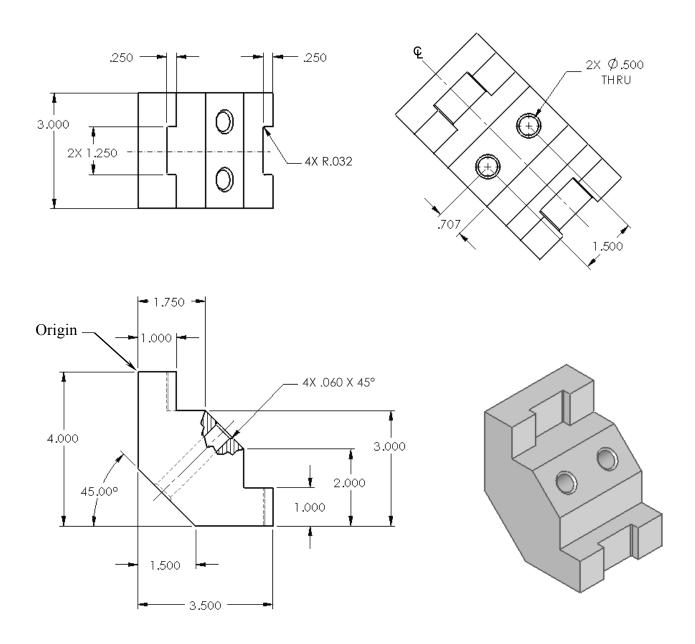
Without Round Corners

With Round Corners

Exercise 2: Extrude Boss & Extrude Cut

NOTE: In an exercise, there will be less step-by-step instruction than those in the lessons which will give you a chance to apply what you have learned in the previous lesson to build the model on your own.

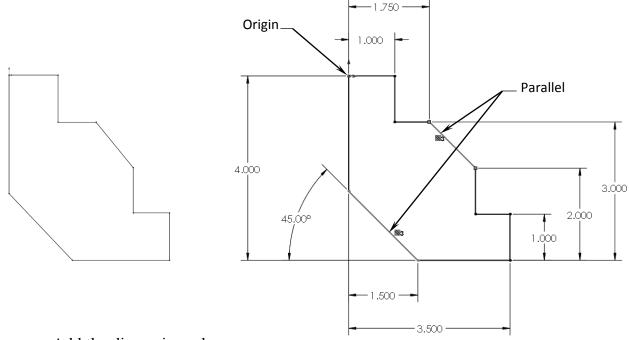
- 1. Dimensions are in inches, 3 decimal places.
- 2. Use Mid-Plane end condition for the Base feature.
- 3. The part is symmetrical about the Front plane.
- 4. Use the instructions on the following pages if needed.



1. Starting with the base sketch:

Select the Front plane and open a new sketch.

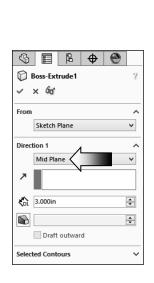
Starting at the top left corner, using the line command, sketch the profile below.

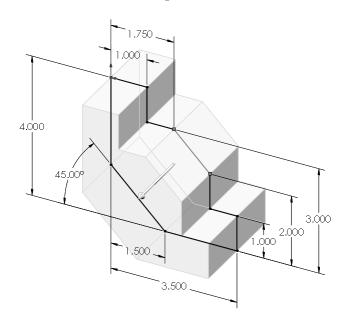


Add the dimensions shown.

Add the Parallel relation to fully define the sketch.

Extrude Boss/Base with Mid Plane and 3.000" in depth.



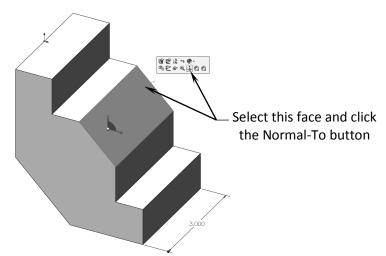


2. Adding the through holes:

Select the <u>face</u> as indicated and click the Normal-To button.

This command rotates the part normal to the screen.

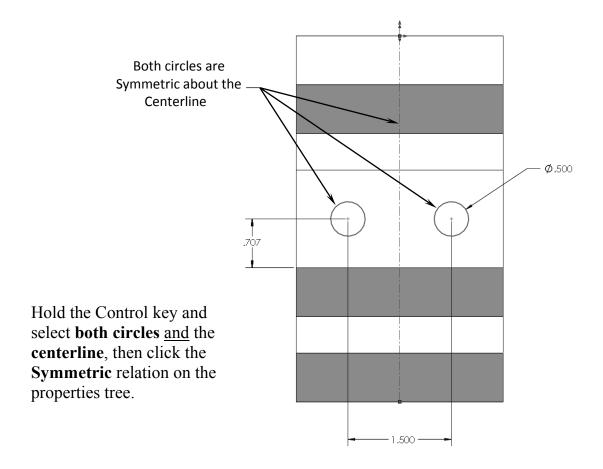
The hotkey for this command is **Ctrl** + **8**.



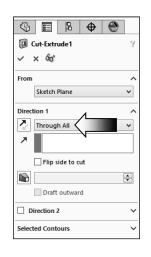
Open a new sketch and draw a **centerline** that starts from the origin point.

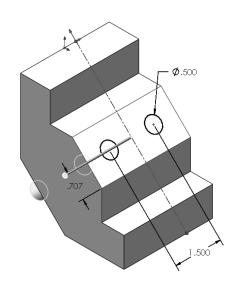
Sketch 2 circles on either side of the centerline.

Add the diameter and location dimensions shown. Push Escape when done.



Create an extruded cut using the **Through-All** end condition.





3. Adding the upper cut:

Select the <u>upper face</u> and click the Sketch button to open a new sketch.

Sketch a **centerline** that starts at the Origin.

Sketch a **rectangle** as shown.

Both lines are Symmetric about the Centerline

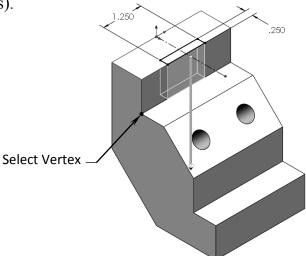
Add the dimensions and relations as indicated.

Create an extruded cut using the Up-To-Vertex

condition (up-to-surface also works).

Select the **Vertex** indicated.





Click OK.

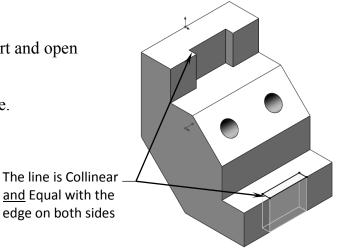
4. Adding the lower cut:

Select the <u>lower face</u> of the part and open a new sketch.

Sketch a **rectangle** on this face.

Add a Collinear <u>and</u> an Equal relation to the **lines** and the **edges** as noted.

Extrude a cut using the **Through All** condition.



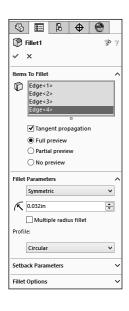
5. Adding fillets:

Select the **Fillet** command from the Features toolbar.

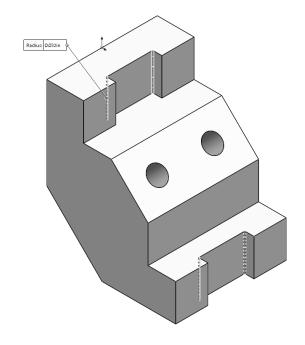
Enter .032in. for radius size.

Select the 4 vertical edges on the inside of the 2 cuts.

Keep all other options at their default settings.



Click OK.



6. Adding chamfers:

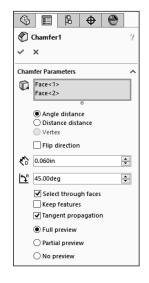
Click **Chamfer** under the Fillet drop-down.

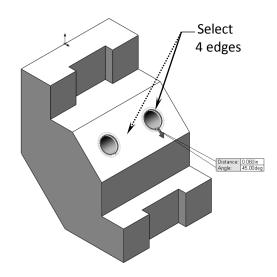


Enter .060 for depth.

Select the 4 circular edges of the 2 holes.

Click OK.





7. Saving your work:

Click File / Save As.

Enter Extrudes_Exe2 for the file name.

Select a location to save the file.

Click Save.

