









Lesson

O

2

#### **Revit Families**

Revit projects use Revit families.

There are three types of families:

- System
- In-Place
- Loadable

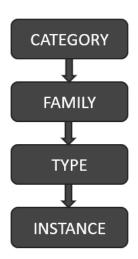
System families are specific to a project. You can copy system families from one project to another, but they are not stand-alone files, like loadable/model families. Examples of system families are walls, conduits, wires, and ceilings.

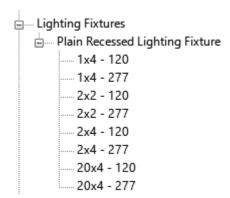
In-Place families are elements which are created "on the fly" using massing tools. Users often create an in-place family for a feature that is unique to a project. A generator or electrical equipment that is specialized may be created using massing tools, so that users can see the amount of space it takes up in a project.

Loadable families are the most common type of family. Examples include cable trays, power devices, and electrical equipment. These are external files which are inserted/loaded into a project and placed in the desired location. These families can be counted, and their properties can be organized in schedules. These elements can be created from scratch using the Family Editor using family templates. They can be created and loaded into a project, as well as deleted or saved from a project.

Revit families are defined using parameters. There are two types of parameters: Type and Instance.

Revit elements are defined by a hierarchy.



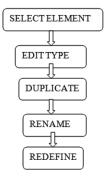


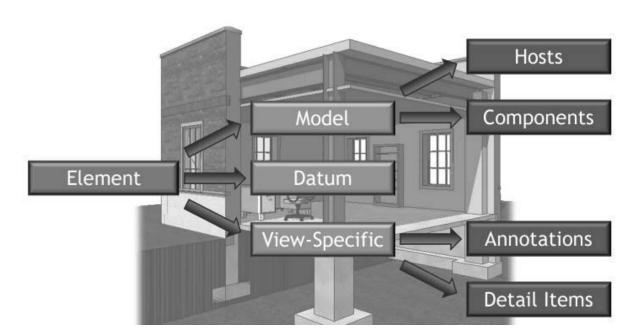
In the Revit Project Browser under the Families folder, you see the families organized into categories. Lighting Fixtures is a Category. The Plain Recessed Lighting Fixture is a Family. A family is an element that represents a specific component used in a project. Each Family can have several different types. This lighting fixture has different types which are defined by size and voltage. The family type doesn't change regardless of where it is placed in the project. If you place a 1x4 lighting fixture in the living room or the bedroom, it is still a 1x4 lighting fixture.

Every time you place or define a family in a project, you are creating an "instance" of that family. Location is an instance parameter. Hardware or finish can be unique to each family places, so these can also be instance properties. Type properties are properties that are common to all elements of that type. Instance properties are properties that are unique to each individual element.

Throughout the rest of the text, we will be creating new types of families. Here are the basic steps to creating a new family.

- 1. Select the element you want to define (switch gear, receptacle, panel, etc.).
- 2. Select **Edit Type** from the Properties pane.
- 3. Select **Duplicate**.
- 4. Rename: Enter a new name for your family type.
- 5. Redefine: Edit the structure, assign new materials, and change the dimensions.
- 6. Reload or Reassign: Assign the new type to the element.





Elements are the building blocks of any Revit Project. Everything used in a Revit project is considered an element.

There are three classes of Revit families:

- Model
- Datum
- View-Specific

Model families are families which you can physically touch if you were walking through a building, such as walls or electrical panels. A host model family is an element which can be used to hold or place other components. For example, a wall can host a door, window, or electrical panel. An element which is placed on a host is considered a component. Datums are levels, grids, and survey points. They are used to constrain the project. View-specific families are annotations, like dimensions or text, and detail items, like filled regions

Non-hosted families can be placed anywhere in the view. They are typically placed aligned to the elevation of the view. If you need to offset them from the elevation, place the element in the view, then select it, then change the offset from elevation value in the Properties palette to the desired location.

Hosted families must be placed on a surface or work plane and the surface must be visible in the view. If a fixture needs to be placed on a ceiling, the view needs to be a ceiling plan. Check on the ribbon to specify the type of face to be used for placement. If the placement face is deleted, any elements hosted by the face will also be deleted. If the placement face is moved, then the elements will also move.

#### **Electrical Devices**

The workflow to add electrical devices.

- 1. Select a category of family to add to the model on the ribbon.
- 2. Use the Type selector to choose the exact type in the category.
- 3. Place it as required on a vertical, horizontal, or work plane face.
- 4. Adjust the instance properties of the family in the Properties palette.
- 5. Tag if needed.

Some guidelines when working with Revit families to help you work efficiently:

- Familiarize yourself with the content libraries which come with the software as well as the libraries used within your company. Then, when you are looking for a specific family, you might be able to use or modify an existing family.
- When you modify a Revit family or element, save the family under a new name and save it to a custom library location, preferably on your company's server. This will make the family type available across projects as well as to other users in your company.
- Avoid accidentally selecting elements in a view so they don't get modified.
- If you hover your cursor over an element, a small dialog will appear informing you of the family and type.

### **Lighting Fixtures**

Lighting fixtures follow the same workflow as other electrical devices and are powered the same way. They also have the ability to calculate an average estimated illumination level for spaces.

When loading light fixture families, make sure to pull them from the MEP folder, not the Architectural folder.

## Exercise 2-1:

### **Working with Revit Families and Elements**

Drawing Name: *elements.rvt*Estimated Time: 20 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- □ Identifying elements and their families in a project
- □ Place a Component



Open elements.rvt.

This file is downloaded from the publisher's website.

Open the Level 2 Lighting Plan.

2. Electrical

Lighting

Floor Plans

Level 1 Lighting Plan

Level 2 Lighting Plan

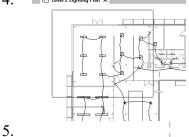
Level 3 Light Plan

North Level 1 Lighting Plan

Right click and select **Zoom In Region**.

Zoom In Region
Zoom Out (2x)
Zoom To Fit

4. Draw a rectangle/region in the upper left corner of the building.



Hover the cursor over one of the lighting fixtures labeled 'C'.

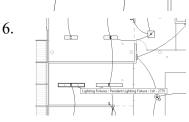
Note that the family and type are displayed.

Pan down.

Hover the cursor over one of the lighting fixtures labeled 'B'.

Note that the family and type are displayed.

The 'B' and 'C' lighting fixtures are the same family, but different types.



7.

Properties

Pendant Lighting Fixture
1x4 - 277V

Lighting Fixture (1)

Properties

Select the 'C' lighting fixture that is located on the upper left.

Note that the Family and Type are displayed in the Properties panel.

Properties X 6

Pendant Lighting Fixture
1x4 - 277V

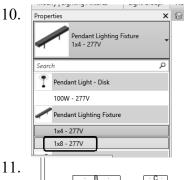
Lighting Fixture (1) Pla Felit Type

Select the small down arrow located at the top of the Properties panel.

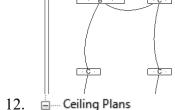
This is called the Type Selector.

Select the 1x8-277v from the Type Selector list.

Click **ESC** to release the selection.



Notice that the element is updated to the new type which you selected.



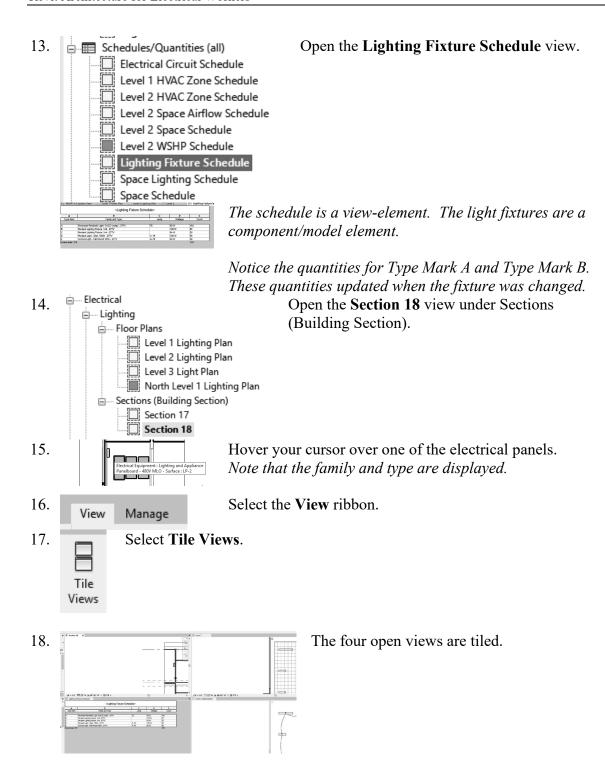
Open the Level 2 view under Ceiling Plans.

Look in the Coordination category.

Note that the lighting fixture which was changed in the previous view updated in this view.

Revit has bi-directional associativity. This means that if you make a change to a model element in one view, the change is propagated throughout the model. All the views update.

This only applies to model elements – NOT to annotation elements. Annotation elements, like dimensions and notes, are view-specific.



19.

Click in the upper left window to activate it. Double click on the mouse wheel to Zoom All.

Repeat for the other windows.

A Recessed Parabolic Light: 2'x2'(2 Lamp) - 277V

A Recessed Parabolic Light: 2'x2'(2 Lamp) - 277V

B Pendant Lighting Feture: 1x8 - 277V

C Pendant Lighting Feture: 1x8 - 277V

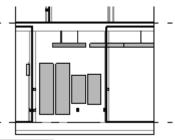
B Pandant Lighting Feture: 1x8 - 277V

C Pendant Lighting Feture: 1x8 - 277V

A Carant Intel: 3'R

In the window with the schedule:

Put your mouse in the field for Family and Type for the 'C' type mark fixture.



Notice how the lighting fixture is highlighted in the other windows.

21. Click **Tab Views** on the View ribbon.



The windows close to a single active window. There are tabs that allow you to switch between the open windows.

23. Close without saving.

Many electricians need to determine the location of the stud framing in a wall as they are routing their wiring between the studs. Most Revit projects created by electrical workers are defined by using a host project which links to the files provided by the architect and the other subcontractors. It is helpful to be able to select elements that reside in the linked file, so you can identify them and determine how they are defined.

## Exercise 2-2:

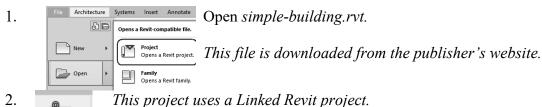
### **Identifying a Wall in a Linked File**

Drawing Name: simple-building.rvt

Estimated Time: 10 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- System Families
- Revit Links
- □ Walls



Open the Insert ribbon.

Manage
Links

Select Manage Links.

3. Revit IFC CAD Formats DWF Markups Point Clouds

Link Name Status

Simple-Building-Arch.rvt Not Found C

The linked file is named *Simple-Building-Arch.rvt*.

Because the files are now in a new location, the link has to be reestablished.

Highlight the file name.



#### Select Reload From.

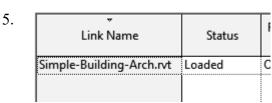
Locate the file in the downloaded files from the publisher's website.

#### Select Open.

The file now shows as loaded.

Click **OK** to close the dialog.







In the lower right hand corner of the display are selection tools.



The link tool allows you to select elements which are linked to the host file.



The select underlay tool allows you to select elements which are part of the linked file.

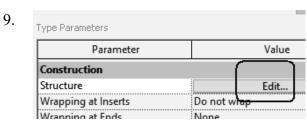
Click on these icons to enable.

7. Wester the task of the task

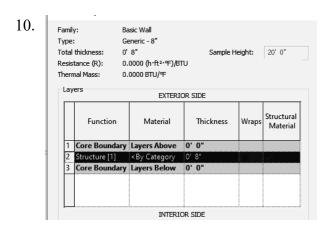
See if you can select the right vertical wall using the TAB key.



On the Properties palette, select **Edit Type**.



Select Edit next to Structure.



You see how the wall has been defined by the architect.

Notice that it has an exterior side and an interior side.

The Core boundary is the boundary around the stud or framing. Anything outside of the core boundary is considered a wrapped layer and is usually a finish, like gypsum board or siding.

- 11. Click **OK** twice to close the dialogs.
- 12. Left click in the window to release the selection.
- 13. Close the file without saving.

## Exercise 2-3:

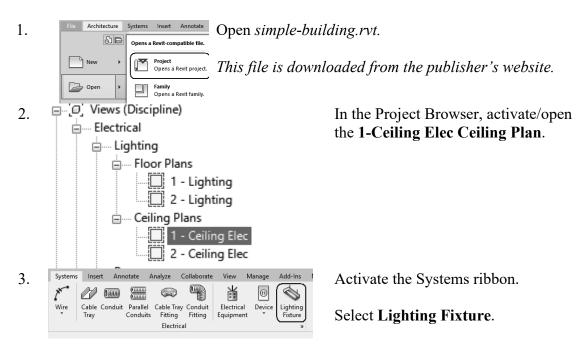
### Place a Lighting Fixture and a Switch

Drawing Name: simple-building.rvt

Estimated Time: 10 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

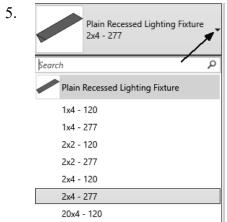
- System Families
- Revit Links
- □ Walls



4. | Work Plane | X | If the Work Plane dialog opens: | Name: | Show | Dissociate | Enable Name.

O Pick a line and use the work plane it was sketched in

Click OK.



Use the Type Selector to select Plain Recessed Lighting Fixture: 2x4 – 277.

The Type Selector is the small down arrow located to the right of the family name. The Type Selector is used when a family has more than one version available.



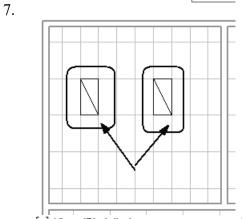
The ribbon has changed to a contextual style.

#### Enable Place on Face.

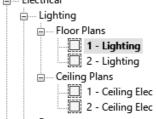
This means the fixture will be hosted by a work plane.

Use the SPACEBAR to rotate the light fixture.

Place two lighting fixtures in the upper left room.

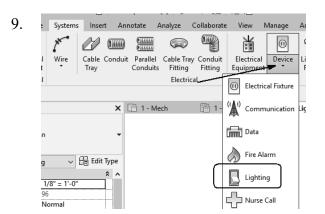


8. [O] Views (Discipline)



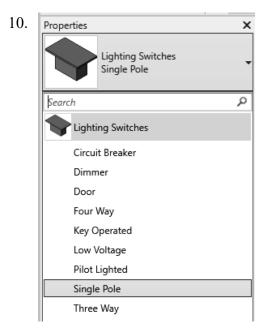
In the Project Browser, activate/open the **1-Lighting** floor plan.

Notice you see the lighting fixtures you placed in the ceiling plan. This is because Revit is a BIM software. If you make a change to the model, any relevant views will update.

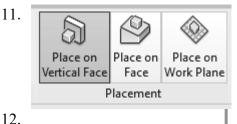


Activate the Systems ribbon.

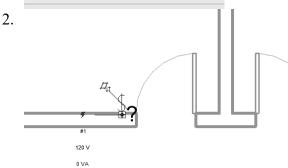
Select **Lighting** under the **Device** dropdown list.



Use the Type Selector to select **Lighting Switches – Single Pole**.

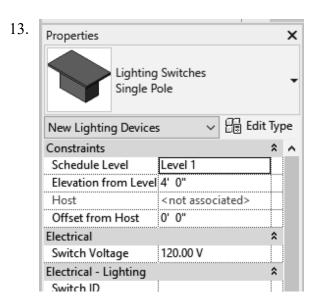


Enable Place on Vertical Face on the ribbon.



Place the switch to the left of the door in the upper left room where the lighting fixtures were placed.

Right click and select Cancel to exit the command.



Select the switch that was just placed.

Note that the Elevation from the Level is set to 4'-0".

Save the project as *ex2-3.rvt*.

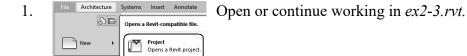
## Exercise 2-4:

## **Select and Modify a Component**

Drawing Name: *modify.rvt*Estimated Time: 5 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- □ Filter
- □ Type Selector



2. Manage Links

Revit IFC CAD Formats DWF Markups Point Clouds 1

Link Name Status

Simple-Building-Arch.rvt Loaded

i Lighting

If you open the modify file, remember you have to reload the linked file.

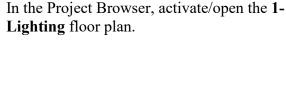
3. [a] Views (Discipline)

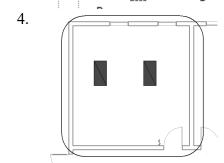
- Floor Plans

≟ .... Ceiling Plans

1 - Lighting 2 - Lighting

1 - Ceiling Elec 2 - Ceiling Elec





Left click at the upper left corner of the room with the lighting fixtures. Hold down the left mouse button to create a window.

Left click at the lower right corner of the room with the lighting fixtures.

This creates a selection group using a window.

Face
Pick
New
Place
Filter
Filter

Select the **Filter** tool from the ribbon.

6. Filter
Category: Count:

Lighting Devices

Uncheck any items in the list except for **Lighting Fixtures.** 

Click OK.

Properties

Plain Recessed Lighting Fixture
2x4 - 277

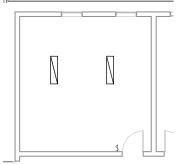
Plain Recessed Lighting Fixture
1x4 - 120

1x4 - 277

Use the Type Selector to change the lighting fixtures to 1x4 - 277.

Click **ESC** to release the selection.

8.



The lighting fixtures update.

Save the project as *ex2-4.rvt*.

# Exercise 2-5:

### **Copy a Component**

Drawing Name: *copy.rvt*Estimated Time: 5 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- □ Copy
- □ Type Selector



Open copy.rvt.

You may have to use Manage Links to reload the linked file.

2. Electrical

Lighting

Floor Plans

Lighting

1 - Lighting

2 - Lighting

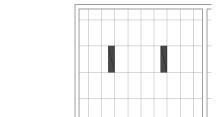
Ceiling Plans

1 - Ceiling Elec

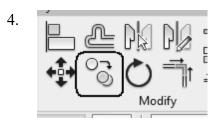
2 - Ceiling Elec

3.

In the Project Browser, activate/open the **1-Ceiling Elec** Ceiling plan.

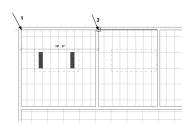


Window around the first room to select the two lighting fixtures.



Select the **Copy** tool on the ribbon.

5.

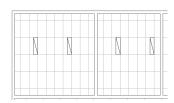


Select the top left corner of the first room as the base point.

Select the top left corner of the second room as the target point.

Right click and select Cancel to exit the command.

6.



Save the file as *ex2-5.rvt*.

# Exercise 2-6:

#### **Mirror a Component**

Drawing Name: *mirror.rvt*Estimated Time: 5 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

□ Mirror→Draw Axis



Open mirror.rvt.

You may have to use Manage Links to reload the linked file.

2. Electrical

Lighting

Lighting

Lighting

Lighting

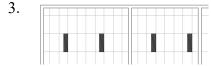
Lighting

Ceiling Plans

Lighting

Lighti

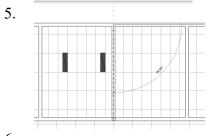
In the Project Browser, activate/open the **1-Ceiling Elec** Ceiling plan.



Window around the lighting fixtures to select them.



Select the Mirror→Draw Axis tool.



Select the top of the center line of the wall.

Select the bottom of the center line of the wall.

6.

The light fixtures are mirrored to the other rooms.

Save as ex2-6.rvt.

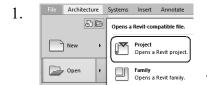
## Exercise 2-7:

### **Align a Component**

Drawing Name: align.rvt
Estimated Time: 5 minutes

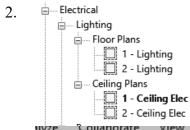
This exercise reinforces the following skills:

□ Align

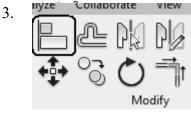


Open align.rvt.

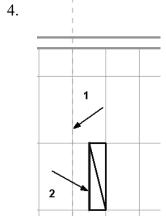
You may have to use Manage Links to reload the linked file.



In the Project Browser, activate/open the **1-Ceiling Elec** Ceiling plan.



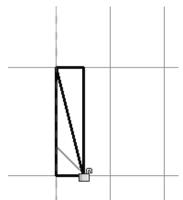
Select the ALIGN tool on the Modify ribbon.



Select the ceiling grid line to the left of the lighting fixture.

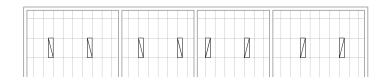
Select the left edge of the lighting fixture.

5.



The lighting fixture's position adjusts.

6. Use the ALIGN tool to adjust the position of the lighting fixtures so they are aligned to the ceiling grid.



Save as *ex2-7.rvt*.

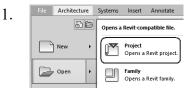
## Exercise 2-8:

### **Draw, Modify, and Offset Cable Trays**

Drawing Name: cable\_trays.rvt
Estimated Time: 30 minutes

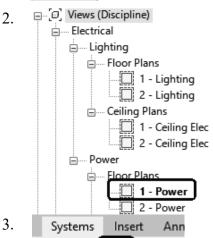
This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- Cable Trays
- □ Offset
- □ Trim
- □ Split
- Options Bar
- Properties



Open cable trays.rvt.

You may have to use Manage Links to reload the linked file.



(0)))))))

Conduit

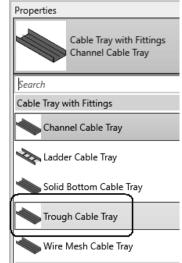
In the Project Browser, activate/open the **1-Power** floor plan.

Activate the Systems ribbon.

Select the Cable Tray tool.

4.

Select the **Trough Cable Tray** from the Type Selector.



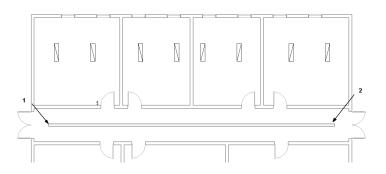
5. On the Options bar:



Set the Width to **6**". Set the Height to **2**". Set the Middle Elevation to **10**"-**0**".

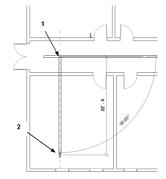
6. Left click to place the start of the cable tray at the left side of the corrider (indicated by 1).

Left click to place the end of the cable tray at the right side of the corrider (indicated by 2).



7. Click **ESC** to complete placing the tray but remain in the Cable Tray command.

8.

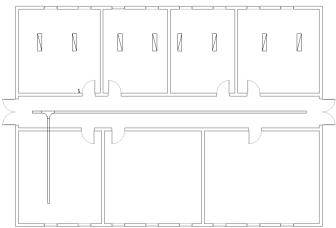


Place a second cable tray perpendicular to the first cable tray and into the Mech/Elec room (lower left).

The new cable tray should be 22' 6" long.

Right click and select Cancel to exit the command.

9. This is what the layout should look like.

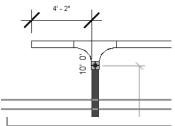


10. Select the ALIGNED DIMENSION tool from the QAT.

Place a dimensio cable tray and the tray.

Place a dimension between the end of the horizontal cable tray and the right side of the perpendicular cable tray.

12. Select the vertical cable tray.



The temporary dimension appears.

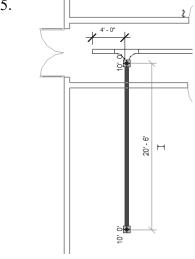
13. Change the horizontal dimension to 4' 0".

14.

Change the vertical dimension to 20' 6".

20' 6'

15. Select the vertical cable tray so it is highlighted.



16.

Select the **Offset** tool.

17. On the Options bar:

Enable Numerical. Set the Offset to 15'-0".

Modify

Enable Copy. 18.

Left pick the cable tray.

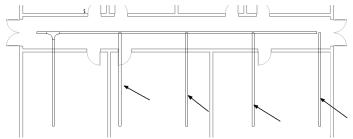
○ Graphical ● Numerical

Use the Preview to determine the cable tray is placed to the right.

Offset:

☑ Сору

19. Repeat the Offset to place a total of five vertical cable trays.

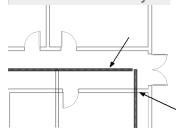


20.



Select the **Trim to Corner** tool on the Modify ribbon.

21.



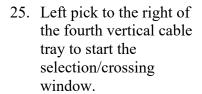
Select the horizontal cable tray and the far right cable tray.

22. The two cable trays are joined.

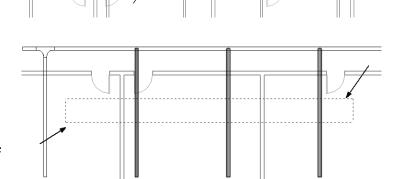
On the Modify ribbon:

Select the Trim/Extend Multiple tool.

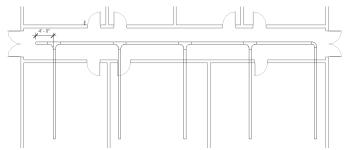
24. Select the lower line of the horizontal cable tray to define the boundary of the trim.



Left pick to the left of the second vertical cable tray to complete the selection/crossing window.



26. This is the cable tray layout so far.

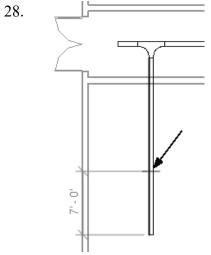


27.

Select the **Split** tool on the Modify ribbon.



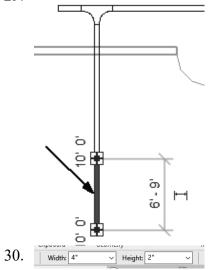
Use the temporary dimension to split the cable tray 7'-0" from the end.



Right click and select Cancel twice to exit the command.

29.

Select the lower part of the cable tray.

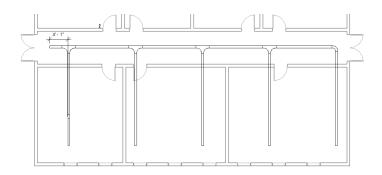


On the Options bar:

Set the Width to 4".

Left click in the display window to release the selection.

#### 31. Save as *ex2-8.rvt*.



## Exercise 2-9:

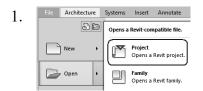
### **Place Light Fixtures and Switches (reprised)**

Drawing Name: *i\_elec\_circuits.rvt* 

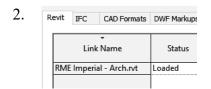
Estimated Time: 20 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

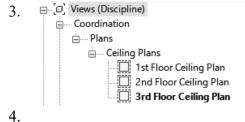
- Place Components
- □ Copy



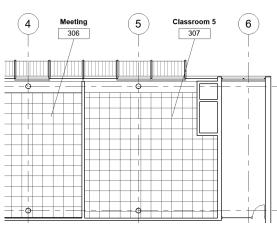
Open i elec circuits.rvt.



This file uses RME Imperial-Arch as the linked file. Use the Manage Links tool on the Insert tab to reload the file, if necessary.



Verify that you are in the 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor Ceiling Plan view.

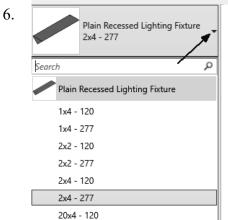


Use **Zoom In Region** to change the display to focus on Classroom 5 Room 307 between Grids 5 and 6.



Activate the Systems tab of the ribbon.

Select Lighting Fixture.



Use the Type Selector to select **Plain Recessed** Lighting Fixture: 2x4 – 277.

The Type Selector is the small down arrow located to the right of the family name. The Type Selector is used when a family has more than one version available.

7. Modify | Place Fixture

| Comparison | Co

The ribbon has changed to a contextual style.

Enable Place on Face.

This means the fixture will be hosted by a work plane.

8. Nearest and Nearest

Use the SPACE BAR to rotate the component prior to placing.

Left click to place in the upper left area of the room.

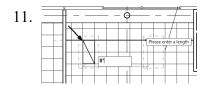
Right click and select Cancel to exit the command.

9.

Select the light fixture you just placed.

10.

Select the **Copy** tool from the ribbon.



Left click to select the upper left corner of the light fixture as the base point.

Move the cursor to the right and type **8'** for the distance. Click ENTER or left click to complete the copy.

Repeat to place a third light fixture 8' to the right of the 12. copied/second light fixture. Exit the COPY command. 13. Use the CTL key to select the three light fixtures. Use the COPY tool to place a copy of the three fixtures 8' below them. Repeat to place a third row of light fixtures 8' below the 14. second row. Exit the COPY command. 15. The room should show a total of nine light fixtures. Open the 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor Lighting floor plan. 16. Electrical im Lighting - Floor Plans 1st Floor Lighting 2nd Floor Lighting 3rd Floor Lighting Plan 17. Switch to the Architecture ribbon. Select Component→Place a Component. Lighting Component Fixture Place a Component

18. Key Operated Pilot Lighted 19.

Switches→Three Way. Notice that the available components are sorted alphabetically.

Use the Type Selector to locate the **Lighting** 

Place a light switch next to each door located at the south wall of the room.

20. Save as *ex2-9.rvt*.

# Exercise 2-10:

# Adding and Modifying Equipment, Devices and Fixtures

Drawing Name: adding elements.rvt

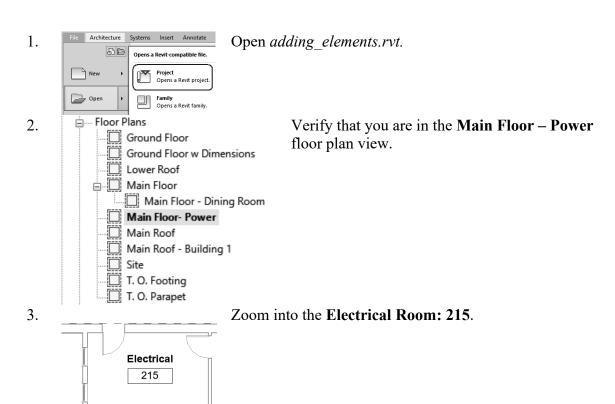
Estimated Time: 20 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

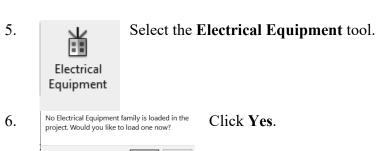
- □ Place Components
- □ Electrical Equipment
- Load Families
- □ Type Selector

Systems

□ Naming Equipment

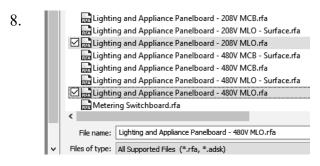


Activate the Systems ribbon.





Browse to the *Distribution* folder under *US Imperial*\*Electrical*\*MEP*\*Electric Power*.



√ ☐ Edit Type

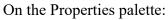
4' 0"

Hold down the CTL key to make a multiple selection.

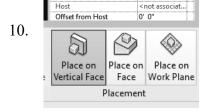
Select Lighting and Appliance Panelboard – 208V MLO and Lighting and Appliance Panelboard – 480V MLO.

#### Click Open.





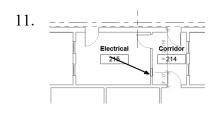
Verify that the *Lighting and Appliance Panelboard* – 208V MLO-225A is active.



New Electrical Equipment Constraints Schedule Level Elevation from Level

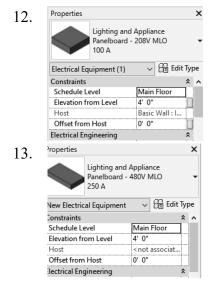
This is a face-based component, meaning it needs a vertical or horizontal face to be placed. Since it is a hosted component, if the wall where it is placed moves, it will also move.

Enable Place on Vertical Face on the ribbon.



Place it on the east wall of Room 215.

Type ESC out of the command.



Select the panel that was just placed.

On the Properties palette, note the elevation from the level.

Left click anywhere in the display window to release the selection.

Return to the Systems ribbon.

Select the **Electrical Equipment** tool.

Using the Type Selector:

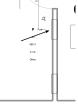
Select Lighting and Appliance Panelboard – 480V MLO 250A.

Note that by default it is located at the same elevation as the other panelboard.

14. Electrical

215

Electrical Equipment



Place the *Lighting and Appliance Panelboard* – 480*V MLO 250A* above the other panelboard close to the door with a space between the two elements.

15. Return to the Systems ribbon.

Select the Electrical Equipment tool.

16. Select Load Family.





Dry Type Transformer -480-208Y120 - NEMA Type 2

45 kVA

Browse to the *Generation and Transformation* folder.

Select the *Dry Type Transformer* – 480-208Y120-NEMA Type 2.

Click Open.

18. Properties × Use the Type Selector to select the **45 kVA** type.

Electrical

215

Electrical Equipment: Lighting and Appliance
Panelboard - 208V MLO: 225 A

20.

General
Mounting
Recessed

Place the transformer next to the panelboards in Room 215.

Use the SPACEBAR to rotate the element prior to placing.

Escape out of the command.

Remember that if you hover the cursor over an element a tooltip will appear showing you the element information.

Select the 208V MLO panelboard.

In the Properties palette: Scroll down to the General area. Type **LP1** in the Panel Name.

 Mounting
 Recessed

 Enclosure
 Type 1

 Panel Name
 HP1

Type 1

Electrical 215

LP1

Enclosure

Location

Panel Name

Select the 480V MLO panelboard.

In the Properties palette: Scroll down to the General area. Type **HP1** in the Panel Name.

22. Dry Type Transformer -480-208Y120 - NEMA Type 2 45 kVA √ Edit Type

Edit Image Comment Mark Phasing Phase Created New Constru Phase Demolished None General Enclosure Type 2 Mounting Panel Name Location Electrical 215

Select the Transformer.

In the Properties palette: Scroll down to the General area. Type **T1** in the Panel Name.

23. Save as *ex2-10.rvt*.

#### Room Aware

In most instances, families placed within a room are associated with the room in a schedule. There are a few circumstances in which a family instance does not report its room correctly. When families such as furniture, doors, windows, casework, specialty equipment and generic models are placed in a project, sometimes parts of their geometry are located outside a room, space, or within another family, which results in no calculable values being reported.

Room Calculation Points are used to make loadable families "room aware." Once you enable the room calculation point, the family will display the correct room in the project schedule.

To enable and modify the Room Calculation Point to reorient room aware families:

- 1. Select the family instance in the drawing area.
- 2. Click Modify | <Element> tab > Mode panel > Edit Family.
- 3. In the Family Editor, open a floor plan view of the family.
- 4. On the Properties palette, select the Room Calculation Point parameter in the Other section. The point is now visible in the drawing area as a green dot.
- 5. Select the Room Calculation Point and move it to a location that will not be obscured by geometry when placed in the project.
- 6. Click Modify tab ➤ Family Editor panel ➤ □ Load into Project.

# Exercise 2-11:

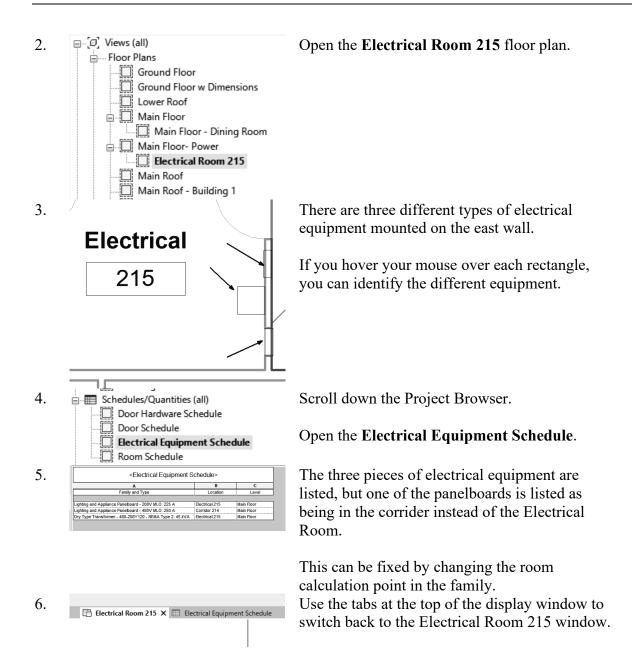
### **Making a Component Room Aware**

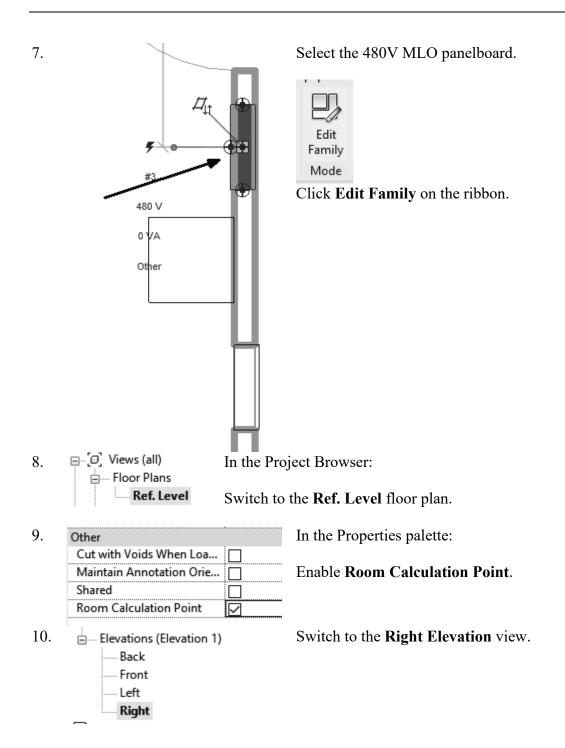
Drawing Name: room aware.rvt
Estimated Time: 15 minutes

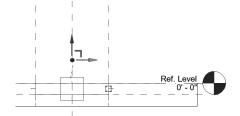
This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- □ Schedules
- Room Calculation Point
- Edit Family





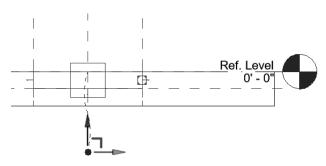




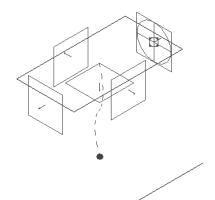
Select the Room Calculation Point in the view.



Use the MOVE tool to adjust the position of the Room Calculation Point to below the Ref Level.



12.



Switch to a 3D view.

Save the family to your work folder.

13.



Click Load into Project and Close on the ribbon.

14. You are trying to load the family Lighting and Appliance Panelboard - 480V MLO, which already exists in this project. What do you want to do?



15. <Electrical Equipment Schedule>

16. Save as *ex2-11.rvt*.

Click Overwrite the existing version and its parameter values.

Click the tab for the Electrical Equipment Schedule.

The panelboard now is listed in the correct location.

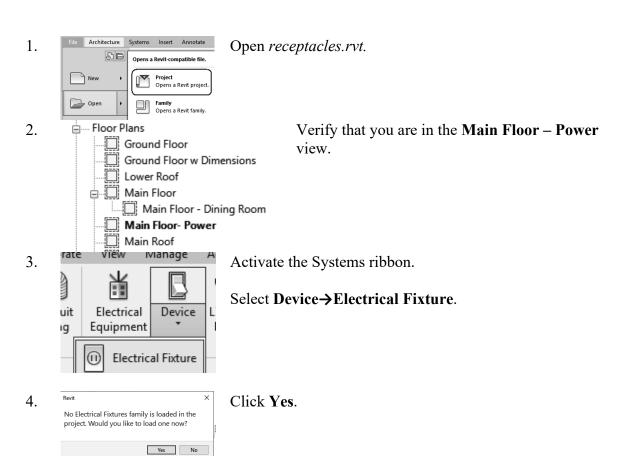
# Exercise 2-12:

#### **Adding Receptacles**

Drawing Name: receptacles.rvt
Estimated Time: 15 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- Place Components
- □ Electrical Fixture
- Load Families
- □ Type Selector



5. Libraries
English-Imperial
Electrical
MEP
Electric Power
Terminals

Browse to the *Terminals* folder under *Electric Power*.

6. File name: Duplex Receptade.rfa
Files of type: All Supported Files (\*.rfa, \*.adsk)

Select the *Duplex Receptacle*. Click **Open**.

212

Select the **GFCI** type from the Properties palette.

Place a GFCI receptacle next to each of the sinks in the lavatories.

Note that the receptacles are hosted by walls. You do not see the models unless you hover over a wall.

Cancel out of the command.

9. In the law to a 1 in the la

Select one of the receptacles that was placed.

Note the elevation of the receptacle in the Properties palette.

Select Device→Electrical Fixture.

uit Electrical Device L Equipment

Electrical Fixture

Properties

Select the **Standard** type from the Properties palette.

Note the elevation of the receptacle in the Properties palette.

Place four receptacles in each of the sleeping quarters as shown.



Duplex Receptacle

Standard

13. Save as *ex2-12.rvt*.

# Exercise 2-13:

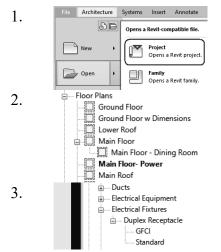
#### **Create a New Family Type**

Drawing Name: receptacle family.rvt

Estimated Time: 20 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- □ Place Components
- Electrical Fixtures
- Load Families
- □ Type Selector
- □ Type Properties
- □ New Type



Open receptacle family.rvt.

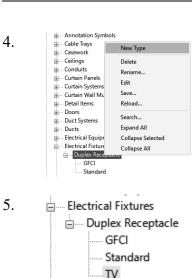
Open the Main Floor – Power floor plan.

In the Project Browser:

Scroll down to the *Families* category. Locate the *Electrical Fixtures* folder. Locate the **Duplex Receptacle** family.

There are currently two types:

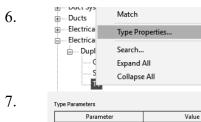
- GFCI
- Standard



Highlight the **Duplex Receptacle** family. Right click and select New Type.

TV

Name the new type TV.



Right click on the TV type.

Select Type Properties.

Value Switch Voltage 120.00 V Load Classification Load 600.00 VA Label ΤV

Set the Default Elevation to 7' 6". Set the Load to 600.00 VA.

8.

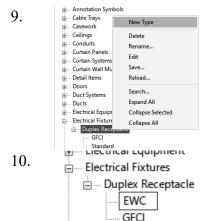
Scroll down to the Other category.

Locate the Label field.

Set the Value to TV.

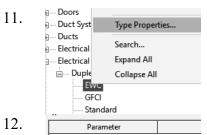
Click OK.

Highlight the **Duplex Receptacle** family. Right click and select New Type.



Standard TV

Name the new type **EWC**.



Right click on the EWC type.

Select **Type Properties**.

Parameter

Constraints
Default Elevation 4' 0"

Electrical
Switch Voltage 120.00 V
Load Classification Receptacle
Load 600.00 VA

Set the Default Elevation to 4' 0". Set the Load to 600.00 VA.

Other
Label EWC

Scroll down to the Other category. Locate the **Label** field. Set the Value to **EWC**. Click **OK**.

Using the left mouse button, drag and drop the EWC receptacle family to place it on the wall outside the **Room 212 - Men's Lavatory**.

15. Ready Room 18

Using the left mouse button, drag and drop the EWC receptacle family to place it on the west wall in **Room 205** – **Ready Room**.

16. Ready Room 18

Using the left mouse button, drag and drop the TV receptacle family to place it on the south wall in **Room 205 – Ready Room**.

17. Save as *ex2-13.rvt*.

Revit doesn't have a lot of MEP families which work well with creating legends. In this exercise, we create a detail component family which can be used when creating an electrical symbol legend.

# Exercise 2-14:

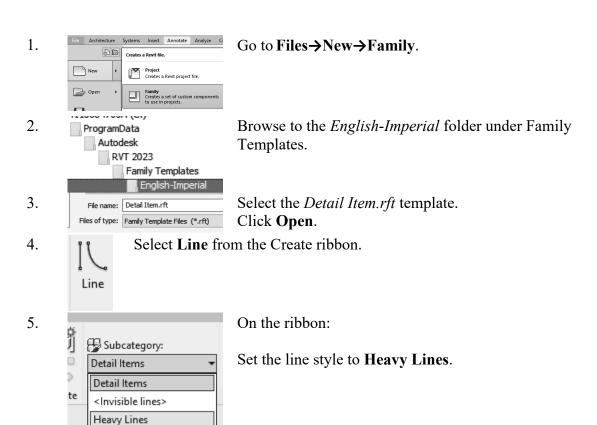
#### **Create a Detail Component Family**

Drawing Name: none

Estimated Time: 10 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

- Families
- Detail Components
- Detail Lines
- Dimensions



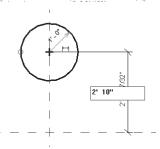
Draw a 1' radius circle above the horizontal reference plane.

T. Lines (Heavy Lines) (1) 
Constraints 
Work Plane | Floor Plan : Ref. Level |
Graphics 
Visible | State | State |
Visibility/Graphics O.... | Edit...

Select the Circle. On the Properties palette:

Enable Center Mark Visible.

8.





Use the **ALIGNED** dimension tool on the Create ribbon to position the circle 2' 10" above the horizontal reference plane.

Place the dimension.

Select the circle.

Change the temporary dimension.

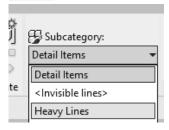
The aligned dimension will update.

9. Sel



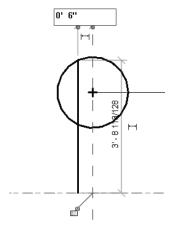
Select Line from the Create ribbon.

10.



On the ribbon:

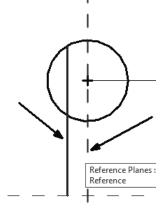
Set the line style to **Heavy Lines**.



Draw a vertical line from the horizontal reference plane to intersect with the circle.

Use the temporary dimension to position the line 6" left of the circle's center.

12.

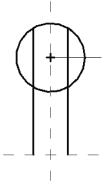


Select the vertical line.

Select Mirror → Pick Axis.

Select the vertical reference plane/dashed green line.

13.



A second vertical line is placed.

14. Save as receptacle symbol.rfa.

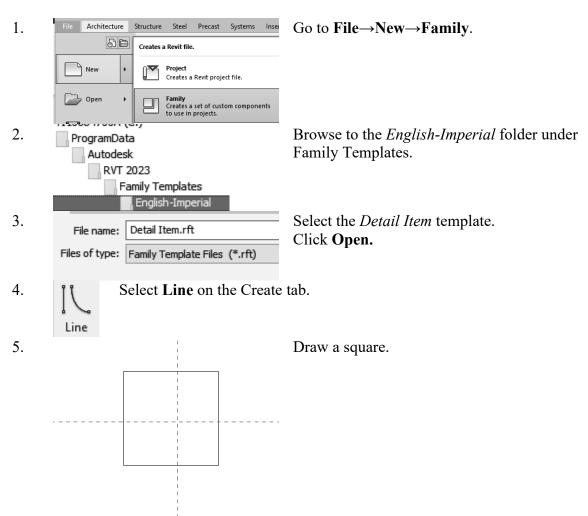
# Exercise 2-15:

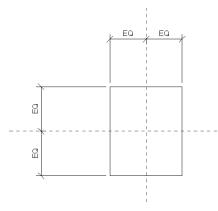
### **Create a Detail Item Family**

Drawing Name: new family Estimated Time: 20 minutes

This exercise reinforces the following skills:

Detail Component families



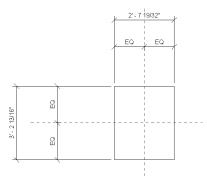


Place a continuous dimension in the vertical and horizontal direction to center the square on the insertion point.

To place the dimension, select one line, then the center reference plane, then the next line, then left click to place.

Left click on the EQ icon to set the dimension equal.

7.



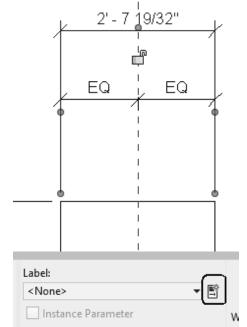
Place an overall horizontal dimension and an overall vertical dimension.

To place the dimensions, select the outside lines, then left click to add the dimension.

8.

Select the horizontal dimension.

9.



Label Dimension

On the ribbon:

Select **New** to add a label parameter to the dimension.

Parameter Data
Name:

Width
Discipline:

Common
Type of parameter:

Length
Group parameter under:

Dimensions

Tooltip description:

<No tooltip description. Edit this parameter to write a custom tooltip. Custom t...

Edit Tooltip...

Type **Width** in the Name field. Enable **Instance**. Click **OK**.

11.

You should see Width in front of the dimension value now.

.Width = 2' - 7 19/32"

Select the vertical dimension.

13.

Label:

<None>

Instance Parameter

Label Dimension

W

14.

Parameter Data
Name:

OF

On the ribbon: Select **New** to add a label parameter to the dimension.

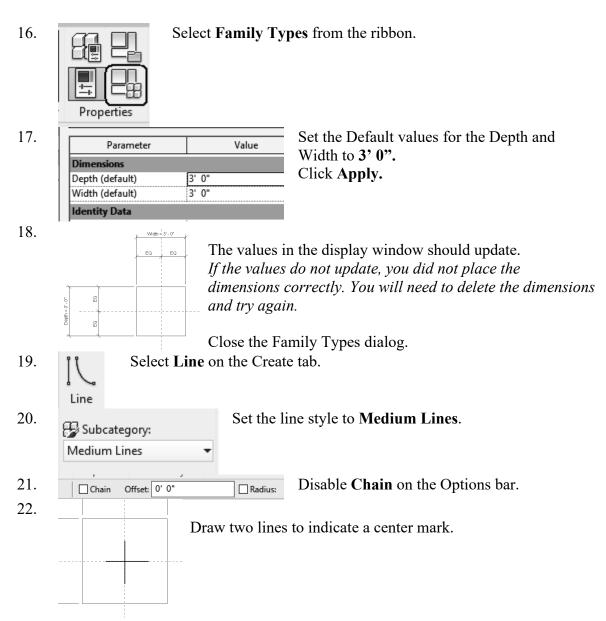
A.

Parameter Data
Name:
Depth
Discipline:
Common
Type of parameter:
Length
Group parameter under:
Dimensions
Tooltip description:
<No tooltip description. Edit this parameter to write a custom tooltip. Custom t...
Edit Tooltip...

Type **Depth** in the Name field. Enable **Instance**. Click **OK**.

Depth = 3. - 2 13/16"

You should see Depth in front of the dimension value now.

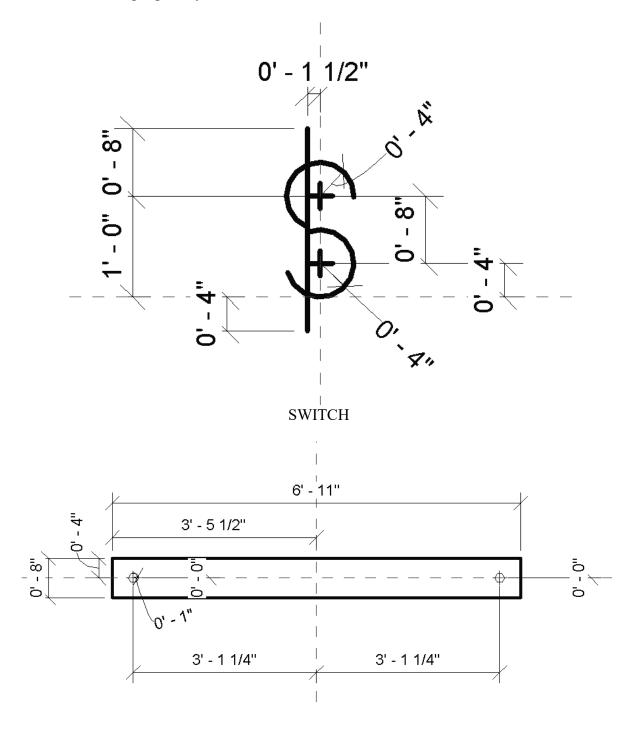


23. Save as switchboard-section.rfa.

This family will be used in an exercise in Lesson 9.

#### **Lab Exercises**

Create the following legend symbols:



PENDANT LIGHT FIXTURE

