## AutoCAD 2024

## Tutorial Second Level

 3D Modeling

## Visit the following websites to learn more about this book:

## Chapter 3 <br> UCS, Viewports and Wireframe Modeling



## Learning obiectives

- Understand the Use of UCS on More Complex Designs
- Display and Orient 3D Views
- Apply and Expand the Basic Wireframe Construction Techniques
- Use Additional Tools to Assist the Creation of 3D Wireframe Models
- Use the Named Views Option


## Introduction

In the previous chapter, we examined some of the basic techniques to create 3D wireframe models. Again, a wireframe model is a skeletal description of a 3D object. There are no surfaces in a wireframe model; it consists only of points, lines, and curves that describe the edges of the object.

In this chapter, we will further discuss the techniques and wireframe modeling tools available in AutoCAD. Instead of creating the corners and edges of wireframe models by entering the precise 3D coordinates, the use of construction lines and referencing techniques are illustrated. The construction of edges in 3D space can be simplified by using the AutoCAD User Coordinate System. We will also use the multiple viewports option, which is available in most CAD systems, to aid the construction of 3D wireframe models.

It is important to point out that most of the construction tools used in creating 2D designs, such as Object Snap and Polar Tracking, as well as the Copy, Mirror, and Array commands, are also applicable to the constructions of 3D wireframe models.

## The V-Block Design



## Starting Up AutoCAD 2024

1. Select the AutoCAD 2024 option on the Program menu or select the AutoCAD 2024 icon on the Desktop.

2. In the Startup window, select Start from Scratch.
3. In the Default Settings section, pick Imperial (feet and inches) as the drawing units.

4. Pick OK in the Startup dialog box to accept the selected settings.

## 3D Modeling Workspace



1. Click on the workspaces list in the Quick Access toolbar and choose to use the 3D Modeling workspace as shown.
2. On your own, switch on the Menu Bar.
$>$ Notice the different 3D modeling toolbars available in the Ribbon toolbar area as shown.


## Layers Setup

1. In the Menu Bar, select [Tools] $\rightarrow$ [Toolbars] $\rightarrow$ [AutoCAD] $\rightarrow$ [Layers].


2. Click Layer Properties Manager in the Layers toolbar.

* In AutoCAD, we always construct entities on a layer. It may be the default layer or a layer that we create. Each layer has associated properties such as the visibility setting, color, linetype, lineweight, and plot style.


3. Click on the New Layer button. Notice a layer is automatically added to the list of layers.
4. Create two new layers with the following settings:

| Layer | Color | Linetype | Lineweight |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction | Grey | Continuous | Default |
| Object | Cyan | Continuous | 0.30 mm |

5. Highlight the layer Construction in the list of layers.

6. Click on the Set Current icon to set layer Construction as the Current Layer.

7. Click on the Close button to accept the settings and exit the Layer Properties Manager dialog box.
8. In the Status Bar area, turn $\boldsymbol{O N}$ the Grid Display, Polar Tracking, Object Snap, Object Snap Tracking, Dynamic Input and Lineweight options.

## Create the Rectangular Base of the Design

We will first use construction geometry to define the outer edges of the design.


1. In the Layer Control box, confirm that layer Construction is set as the Current Layer.
2. Select the Rectangle icon in the Draw toolbar. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify first corner point or [Chamfer/Elevation/Fillet/ Thickness/ Width]:" is displayed.
3. Place the first corner point of the rectangle near the lower left corner of the screen. Do not be overly concerned about the actual coordinates of the location; the drawing space is as big as you can imagine.
4. We will create a $3^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime}$ rectangle by entering the coordinates of the second corner using the relative coordinates input method.
Specify other corner point or [Dimension]: @3,2 [ENTER].

5. In the View panel, select:

## [Unsaved View] $\rightarrow$ [SE Isometric]

- Notice the orientation of the sketched 2D rectangle in relation to the displayed AutoCAD user coordinate system. By default, the 2D sketch-plane is aligned to the XY plane of the world coordinate system.



## Create a Wireframe Box

Next, we will use the Copy command to define the 3D boundary of the design.


1. Click on the Copy Object icon in the Modify toolbar.
2. In the command prompt area, the message "Select objects:" is displayed. Pick any edge of the sketched rectangle.
3. Inside the graphics window, right-click once to accept the selection.
4. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify base point or displacement, or [Multiple]:" is displayed. Pick any corner of the sketched rectangle as a base point to create the copy.
5. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify second point of displacement or <use first point as displacement>:" is displayed.

Enter @0,0,2.25 [ENTER].
$>$ Note that the three values represent the distance measured in the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z directions relative to the current UCS.

6. Use the Zoom All command, in the View Display toolbar, to adjust the display.
7. On your own, use the Line command to create the four lines connecting the four-corners of the two rectangles as shown.


## Using the View and UCS Toolbars

1. In the Мепи Bar, select [Tools] $\rightarrow$ [Toolbars] $\rightarrow$ [AutoCAD].

| Tools | Draw | Dimension | Modify | Winc |  | Help | Parame |
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| P- | Command Line Clean Screen |  |  | +9 | Move Offset Cop |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | +0 |  |  |  |


2. Select View, with the left-mouse-button, to display the View toolbar on the screen.

3. Move the cursor to the Standard toolbar area and right-click on any icon of the Standard toolbar to display a list of toolbar menu groups.
4. Select UCS II, with the left-mouse-button, to display the UCSII toolbar on the screen.
> The options available in UCS II toolbar allow us to quickly align the UCS to the preset standard 2D views.

5. Note that the current $U C S$ is aligned to the
> Note that the UCS has been adjusted and it is now aligned parallel to the front view of the wireframe box as shown in the figure.

World Coordinate System. Select Front in the UCS II toolbar as shown.


## Create Construction Lines in the Front View


6. We will set up the Polar Tracking option to assist the creation of the next corner. Right-click once on the POLAR Tracking option located at the bottom of the graphics window.
7. In the option menu, select Settings by clicking once with the left-mouse-button.

4. Pick the lower right corner of the bottom horizontal line in the front view as the base point.
5. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify next point or [Undo]:" is displayed. Enter @0,0.75 [ENTER].
with the left-mouse-button.
8. In the Drafting Settings dialog box, set the Polar Increment Angle setting to $\mathbf{3 0}$ degrees.

## Drafting Settings

Snap and Grid Polar Tracking Object Snap
9. Click on the Object Snap tab to switch to the Object Snap option settings.

10. Confirm that the Intersection and Extension options are switched $O N$ as shown.
11. Click on the OK button to accept the settings.

12. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify next point or [Undo]:" is displayed. Using the Polar Tracking option (30 degrees increment), create a line as shown in the figure.
13. Move the cursor near the left vertical edge of the front view and create the second line perpendicular to the last line we created.
14. Inside the graphics window, rightclick to activate the option menu and select Enter with the left-mousebutton to end the Line command.


## Copy Objects in the Negative Z Direction



1. Click on the Copy Object icon in the Modify toolbar.
2. In the command prompt area, the message "Select objects:" is displayed. Pick the two edges we just created.
3. Inside the graphics window, right-click once to accept the selection.
4. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify base point or displacement, or [Multiple]:" is displayed. Pick any corner of the wireframe model to use as a base point to create the copy.
5. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify second point of displacement or <use first point as displacement>:" is displayed.

Enter @0,0,-2.0 [ENTER].
6. Note that the negative value represents the distance measured in the negative Z direction relative to the current UCS.
7. On your own, create three lines to connect the corners of the two sets of lines we just created, as shown below.


## Create an Inclined Line at the Base of the Model


2. Select the Line command icon in the Draw toolbar. In the command prompt area, the message "_line Specify first point:" is displayed.
3. Inside the graphics window, hold down the [SHIFT] key and right-click once to bring up the Object Snap shortcut menu.
4. Select the From option in the pop-up window.
5. Pick the lower right corner of the bottom horizontal line as the base point as shown in the figure.
6. We will place the first point above the selected corner. Enter @0,0.75 [ENTER].

7. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify next point or [Undo]:" is displayed. Using the Polar Tracking option ( 30 degrees increment), create a line as shown in the figure.
8. Inside the graphics window, rightclick to activate the option menu and select Enter with the left-mouse-button to end the Line command.

> On your own, use the Copy and Line commands to create additional edges so that the wireframe model appears as shown below.


## Create Object Lines



1. On the Object Properties toolbar, choose the Layer Control box with the left-mousebutton.
2. Move the cursor over the name of layer Object; the tool tip "Object" appears.
3. Left-click once on the layer name; now layer Object is set as the Current Layer.

4. Select the Line command icon in the Draw toolbar. In the command prompt area, the message "_line Specify first point:" is displayed.
5. Pick the lower left corner of the bottom of the wireframe model as the starting point and create the four line segments as shown.


- Note that even though the UCS is aligned to the base plane of the model, the Object Snap option enables us to select points on the front plane of the model.
$>$ On your own, create three additional lines representing the edges of the inclined face of the design as shown.



## Multiple Viewports



1. In the Menu Bar, select:

## [View] $\rightarrow$ [Viewports] $\rightarrow$ [4 Viewports]

AutoCAD allows us to display different VIEWS of the model simultaneously. Only one viewport is activated at one time. The viewport with the darker border is the active viewport. Move the cursor inside each viewport and notice the different cursordisplay inside the active viewport.

2. Activate the top left viewport by left-clicking once inside the viewport.
3. Select the Top view in the View toolbar to change the display of the viewport.
4. On your own, repeat the above steps and use the Realtime Zoom command to set and adjust the displays of the viewports as shown below.

> Note that the displayed UCS icons at the lower left corner of each viewport correspond to the orientation of the wireframe model in each viewport.

## Use the Mirror Command

1. Activate the top left viewport by left-clicking once inside the viewport.
2. Pre-select all the objects in the active viewport by using a selection window.


Subobject Selection Filt

3. Inside the active viewport, right-click to bring up the popup option menu and select the Quick Select option.

4. In the Quick Select dialog box, select Layer from the Properties list.
5. Set the Value box to Object.
6. In the How to apply section, confirm the Include in new selection set option is selected.
7. Switch $O F F$ the Append to current selection set.
8. Click on the OK button to accept the settings.

- AutoCAD will now filter out objects that are not on layer Object.


9. Click on the Mirror icon in the Modify toolbar.
10. Inside the graphics window, hold down the [SHIFT] key and right-click once to bring up the Object Snap shortcut menu.
11. Select the Midpoint option in the pop-up window.

|  | Endpoint |
| :--- | :--- |
| Midppint |  |
| Intersection |  |
| Apparent Intersect |  |

12. Inside the active viewport, click on the left vertical line of the wireframe model. With the Midpoint snap option, the midpoint of the line is selected.
13. Move the cursor toward the right vertical line in the active viewport; left-click once when the Intersection symbol is displayed as shown.

14. In the command prompt area, the message "Delete Source Objects? [Yes/No] $<N>$ :" is displayed. Inside the graphics window, rightclick once to bring up the option menu and select No to keep both sets of objects.


## Turn Off the Construction Lines

1. On the Object Properties toolbar, choose the Layer Control box with the left-mousebutton.

2. Move the cursor over the light-bulb icon for layer Construction, left-click once, and notice the icon color is changed to a gray tone color, representing the layer (layer Construction) is turned $O F F$.

| View | w Insert Format | Tools Draw | Dimension Modify |
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|  | Redraw <br> Regen <br> Regen All |  | fsert Annotate View |
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|  |  | > | 1 Viewport |
|  |  |  | 2 Viewports |
|  | Show Annotative Objects | > | 3 Viewports |

3. In the Мепи Bar, select:

## [View] $\rightarrow$ [Viewports] $\rightarrow$ [1 Viewport]

- Viewports can also be used as a way of checking the integrity of the constructed 3D models. Feel free to switch to multiple viewports in the following sections of this tutorial.

4. On your own, create the additional object lines connecting the two sets of objects as shown below.



The V-cut feature of the design is the last feature, and perhaps the most difficult one, to create in the CAD system. Based on your knowledge of modeling with AutoCAD, how would you create this feature? What are the more difficult aspects of creating this feature?

## Create a New UCS

Besides using the preset UCS planes, AutoCAD also allows us to change our viewpoint and create new UCS planes. We will create a UCS plane aligning to the inclined plane of the design.


1. In the Menu Bar, select:
[Tools] $\rightarrow$ [New UCS] $\rightarrow$ [3 Point]

- Note that other options are also available to aid in the creation of new UCS planes.


2. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify New Origin point $<0,0,0\rangle$ :" is displayed. Pick the lower-left corner of the inclined plane as shown.

3. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify point on positive portion of $X$-axis:" is displayed. Pick the top left corner of the inclined plane as shown.

4. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify point on positive portion of X-axis." is displayed. Pick the lower right corner of the inclined plane as shown.

5. In the Menu Bar, select
[View] $\rightarrow$ [Display] $\rightarrow$ [UCS Icon] $\rightarrow$ [Properties]

6. Click on the OK button to accept the settings.

## Create a New Named View

Besides using the preset views, AutoCAD also allows us to change our viewpoint and create new views, which can be saved and restored by name for convenient access. We will create a new view aligned to the new UCS plane we just created.

1. In the Menu Bar, select
[View] $\rightarrow$ [3D Views] $\rightarrow$ [Plan View] $\rightarrow$ [Current UCS].


- The graphics window is now adjusted to display the current UCS plane.


2. Click on the Named Views icon in the View toolbar.
3. In the View dialog box, click on the New button to create a new named view.


』 New View / Shot Properties

4. In the New View dialog box, enter Auxiliary as the new View name and confirm the Current display option. In the View Properties list, set the Save layer Snapshot with view option to $\boldsymbol{O N}$ and the UCS option as Unnamed.
5. Click on the OK button to accept the settings and create the named view.
6. In the View dialog box, the new named view (Auxiliary) is added to the Named Views list. Note that we can always switch to this view by using the Set Current option.

7. Click on the OK button to accept the settings.


## Create the V-Cut Feature on the Inclined Plane

1. On your own, create two lines that are $\mathbf{0 . 2}$ " away from the top corners of the model, which are also rotated $\mathbf{4 5}$ degrees relative to the top edge of the model.


2. Click on the Copy Object icon in the Modify toolbar.
3. In the command prompt area, the message "Select objects:" is displayed. Pick the two inclined lines we just created.
4. Inside the graphics window, right-click once to accept the selections.
5. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify base point or displacement, or [Multiple]:" is displayed. Pick the top left corner as the base point to create the copy.

6. In the command prompt area, the message "Specify second point of displacement or <use first point as displacement>:" is displayed. Pick the corresponding corner on the backside of the model as shown in the above figure.
7. On your own, create addition lines to define the edges of the V-cut and use the Trim command to complete the model as shown.

8. Click on the Front View icon in the View toolbar.


Note that the V-cut we created, using the Copy command, does not represent a cut that passes through the entire block.

## Extend the Cut and GRIP Editing



1. Select the Extend command icon in the Modify toolbar.
2. The message "Select object to Extend or [Project/ Edge/ Undo]:" is displayed in the command prompt area. Pick the bottom edge of the V-cut to extend.

3. Inside the graphics window, right-click to activate the option menu and select Enter with the left-mouse-button to end the Extend command.

4. Click on the SW Isometric View icon to reset the display to the preset isometric view.

5. Pre-select the top edge of the $V$-block as shown.
6. Left-click once on the lower right grip point on the selected line.

- Selecting the grip points located at the end of the line or arc allows us to STRETCH the selected line.


7. Move the cursor toward and select the lower corner of the V-cut as shown.

On your own, repeat the above steps and use the grip editing options and complete the wireframe model as shown below.


## Review Questions:

1. List and describe three different types of 3D computer geometric modeling software available today.
2. What is a Named View?
3. What is the difference between Stretch and Extend?
4. List and describe the methods available in AutoCAD to create a new UCS plane.
5. What is the difference between Copy and Mirror in AutoCAD?
6. Identify and describe the following commands:
a)

b)

c)

d)


Exercises: (Unless otherwise specified, dimensions are in inches.)
1.

2.

3.

4.

5.


